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REPORT OF THE THIRTY-FIRST MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS OF THE PEREZ-GUERRERO TRUST FUND FOR SOUTH-SOUTH COOPERATION New York, 26 to 29 July 2016

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I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

1. Pursuant to the provisions of the High-level Meeting on ECDC held in Cairo in August 1986, the rules of procedure adopted at its first meeting held in Caracas in August 1987, the provisions of the 12th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 held in New York in 1988, the 7th and 8th Meetings of the Intergovernmental Follow-up and Coordination Committee on ECDC (IFCC-VII and IFCC-VIII) held respectively in Kuala Lumpur in July-August 1989 and in Panama City in August-September 1993, the 18th and 19th Annual Ministerial Meetings of the Group of 77, held respectively in New York in 1994 and 1995, the 9th Meeting of the Intergovernmental Follow-up and Coordination Committee on ECDC (IFCC-IX), held in Manila in February 1996, and the 20th to 39th Annual Ministerial Meetings of the Group of 77 held respectively in New York from 1996 to 2015, the Committee of Experts of the Perez-Guerrero Trust Fund (PGTF) for South-South Cooperation held its thirty-first meeting in New York, from 26 to 29 July 2016.

2. The meeting was attended by five of the six members of the Committee, representing the three regions of the Group of 77. Dr. Eduardo Praselj was elected Chair of the Committee for the biennium 2016-2017. The list of participants appears in Annex I.

3. The Committee would like to bring to the attention of the Group of 77 that one of its members was unable to attend the meeting since he was not given a visa, although the request was made sufficiently ahead of time. Since this may create serious problems for its future work, the Committee requests the Chair of the Group to undertake the necessary actions with the host country to ensure a timely solution of this problem.

4. Two representatives of the United Nations Office for South-South Cooperation (UNOSSC) were invited to provide information on matters related to PGTF. Two representatives of the Treasury Division of UNDP were also invited by the Committee to provide information on matters related to the management of PGTF resources, including yield and structure of PGTF portfolio, as well as developments in the financial markets and investment strategies.

- 5. The Committee adopted the following substantive agenda:
 - a) Review of the operations of the PGTF;
 - b) Consideration of new project proposals;
 - c) Assessment of the implementation of approved projects;
 - d) Other matters.
- 6. The Committee had before it the following documents:
 - a) Twenty-six (26) project proposals;
 - b) Forty-five (45) terminal, financial and progress reports;
 - c) Note by UNDP Treasury on the composition and yield of the PGTF portfolio;
 - d) Note by UNOSSC on the financial status of PGTF and the status of implementation of approved projects.

7. According to the information provided by UNOSSC, uncommitted resources available for supporting new projects in 2016 allocations were US\$ 433,179, including projected interest earnings until 31 December 2016. A US\$ 2,000 contribution was received after submission of the UNOSSC report, thus increasing total availability for 2016 to US\$ 435,179. In line with guideline A(p) for utilization of PGTF, the maximum support that could be given to any individual project would be one seventh of this total, i.e. US\$ 62,168.

II. <u>REVIEW OF THE OPERATIONS OF PGTF</u>

8. An executive summary of the main operational features regarding the performance of PGTF, including highlights of its operations, yield and expansion of its resources, sustainability of its activities,

operational arrangements, guidelines for utilization of PGTF resources, and survey on the impact of PGTF, is presented below.

Highlights of twenty-nine years of operation of PGTF (1986-2015)

9. In 1986, a High-level Meeting on ECDC held at Cairo approved the main features for launching PGTF operations, including definition of the objectives of the Fund and criteria for project eligibility, as well as operational arrangements for the submission, appraisal and approval of project proposals.

10. The Trust Fund was established in 1983 in accordance with the United Nations General Assembly Resolution 38/201 with an initial core capital of US\$5 million, which was increased to US\$7 million by two US\$1 million contributions from two member countries, made respectively in 2004 and 2015. In keeping with guideline F(f) for its utilization, only interest accruing on the Fund could be used to support projects so as to preserve intact the initial US\$5 million. The same criterion has been applied with regard to the additional core resources.

11. From 1986 to 2015, 797 project proposals were submitted to PGTF and according to the guidelines for its utilization the Fund has provided support to 278 projects, with a total allocation of US\$13.2 million, i.e. an annual average of 9.6 projects and US\$457,000.

12. With a view to increasing the multiplier effect of PGTF resources, guideline A(m) for utilization of PGTF establishes that project sponsors should secure contributions from other sources of an amount at least equal to the contribution requested from PGTF. Contributions from other sources for the 1986-2015 period amount to US\$ 25.2 million, i.e. US\$1.91 for each US\$ of PGTF resources.

13. Three priority areas have received 70 percent of total support from PGTF, namely technical cooperation, food and agriculture, and trade. A breakdown of resources allocated by priority area is provided below:

Area	<u>Number of</u> projects	<u>Share of allocated</u> <u>resources (%)</u>
Consulting services, training, other TCDC activities	91	29
Food and agriculture	73	28
Trade	23	13
Technology	24	8
Information exchange and dissemination	14	6
Energy	20	6
Industrialization	14	5
Health	14	3
Other (raw materials, finance)	5	_2
TOTAL	278	100

14. Approved projects have benefited a large number of developing countries as well as institutions and peoples within these countries. So far, 125 developing countries have been direct participants in and/or beneficiaries of PGTF-funded projects, while all member countries of the Group of 77 have been collective beneficiaries of PGTF-funded projects carried out by a large number of regional or interregional institutions and organizations of the South. Interregional and sub regional projects have received the largest support from PGTF as indicated in the breakdown below:

Country coverage	<u>Number of</u> <u>projects</u>	<u>Share of allocated</u> <u>resources (%)</u>
Interregional projects	93	41
Sub regional projects	121	38
Regional projects	62	20
Action Committees.	2	_1
TOTAL	278	100

15. As of 26 July 2016, 89 percent of approved projects, i.e. 244 out of 278, have either been completed (199) or are under implementation (45), as shown in the table below:

Status of implementation	<u>Number of</u> projects	<u>Share of allocated</u> <u>resources (%)</u>
Completed	199	78
Under implementation	45	11
Under preparation, still to be implemented	0	0
Under query	0	0
Not implemented, allocated funds reverted to PGTF	34	11
TOTAL	278	100

16. A large number of national, regional and international institutions of the South have implemented projects supported by PGTF. Implementing institutions include 101 national and 39 regional and international institutions, as detailed below. These figures do not include a large number of national institutions that have participated in and/or benefited from the activities of PGTF-supported projects, but did not have the primary responsibility in their implementation.

Institution responsible for implementation	<u>Number of</u> projects	<u>Share of allocated</u> resources (%)
National institutions (101)	149	50
Regional and international institutions (39)	95	39
Not implemented, allocated funds reverted to PGTF	34	11
TOTAL	278	100

Yield of PGTF resources

17. The Committee reviewed with the representatives of the Treasury Division of UNDP the status of the PGTF portfolio and yield of PGTF resources, pursuant to the recommendations contained in paragraphs 20-23 of the report of the Committee at its ninth meeting in 1994.

18. Total PGTF resources are constituted by the core capital (US\$ 7 million) and unexpended resources. As established in guideline F(f) for utilization of PGTF resources, the core capital should be preserved intact and only interest accrued and other earnings (i.e. additional contributions, reversion of allocated resources from approved projects that were not implemented, unspent balances of completed projects) are invested by the UNDP in accordance with its financial rules and regulations, and the investment policy is discussed and agreed upon with the PGTF Committee of Experts. Accordingly, the portfolio is fully invested with total holdings on a par value basis of US\$ 7,764,642. The book value of the portfolio as of 30 June 2016 was US\$ 7,926,794, while the total marked to market value of the portfolio was US\$ 8,196,177.

19. The portfolio as of 30 June 2016 consists of thirteen bonds totaling US\$ 7,405,000 (representing 95.4 % of total holdings), while the rest of the portfolio is kept in a money market fund (US\$ 359,642 representing 4.6 %). Bonds maturities are staggered in a ladder structure: seven bonds have maturities below five years, from 2017 to 2021 (US\$ 3,690,000 or 47.5 % of total holdings), and six longer-term bonds mature from 2022 to 2026 (US\$ 3,715,000 or 47.9 percent). The average maturity of PGTF portfolio is 60 months and a breakdown of the portfolio is presented below:

Security	Par value (US\$)	Book value (US\$)	Market value (US\$)	Maturity date	% of total portfolio					
Money Market Fund										
Money Market	359,642	359,642	359,642	Overnight	US\$ 359,642 (4.6%)					
	Bor	nds with maturities	under five years							
Bond	440,000	448,253	450,406	12-Jan-2017						
Bond	450,000	454,757	454,500	9-Feb-2017						
Bond	450,000	448,968	454,698	31-July-2018						
Bond	600,000	600,064	615,232	11-Jun-2019	US\$ 3,690,000 (47.5%)					
Bond	500,000	511,463	556,899	17-Jun-2019	(47.570)					
Bond	500,000	502,395	544,817	17-Sept-2019						
Bond	750,000	759,984	765,355	12-Feb-2021						
	Bond	s with maturities e	xceeding five years							
Bond	365,000	363,655	388,870	25-Jan-2022						
Bond	800,000	845,477	893,112	15-Jun-2022						
Bond	600,000	627,845	662,703	31-Jul-2023	US\$ 3,715,000					
Bond	200,000	205,182	220,119	22-Jan-2024	(47.9%)					
Bond	750,000	762,118	776,533	4-Jun-2025						
Bond	1,000,000	1,036,991	1,053,291	13-Jan-2026						
TOTAL	7,764,642	7,926,794	8,196,177		US\$ 7,764,642 (100%)					

20. The increase of the par value of PGTF portfolio with respect to 2015 was mainly a result of the increase in the core capital from US\$ 6 million to US\$ 7 million.

21. According to the information provided by the Treasury Division of the UNDP, the main recent developments in the financial markets include: (a) Low likelihood of interest rate increases by the US Federal Reserve (Fed) in the foreseeable future, resulting from Fed policy considerations and the factoring in the decision-making of international events and markets (in particular the uncertainty derived from the exit of the United Kingdom from the European Union - "Brexit" and the impact of continuing "quantitative easing" by the Bank of Japan); (b) Strengthening of the employment in the US but no inflation pressures; (c) Potential impact of the upcoming November 2016 elections in United States; and (d) Change in the US yield curve compared to 2015 (higher short term interest rates but lower long term rates).

22. In light of the above, and taking into account that between January and February 2017 bonds worth US\$ 0.9 million will mature, the Committee agreed to adopt the following investment strategy for the rest of 2016 and the first half of 2017:

- a) Reinvest the proceeds of the bonds maturing in January and February 2017 in bonds with longerterm maturities (up to ten years). Consider securities with AA- and A credit ratings for which the risk-reward ratio proves to be attractive.
- b) Explore alternative reinvestment options, including corporate securities and sovereign debt issued by developing countries with good credit ratings.

23. As a result of this investment strategy, nominal yield of PGTF portfolio for 2016 is estimated at 2.92 percent but, after adjusting for the purchase price of the securities, the effective yield would be 2.30 percent. It should be noted that effective yields have been under 3.50 percent per annum for the last eight years, mainly as a result of the decrease in interest rates, although partially offset by the investment strategy adopted for PGTF resources.

Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Effective yield (percentage)	3.38	3.02	3.25	3.06	3.06	2.67	2.73	2.30

Total disbursements made in 2015 by UNDP to beneficiaries of PGTF-funded projects totaled US\$ 501,466. During the January-July 2016, disbursements totaled US\$ 192,658 compared to US\$ 330,260 for the same period in 2015. This amount was paid by PGTF as inter-fund settlement to UNDP.

Security	Par value (US\$)	Maturity date	Coupon rate (%)	Buy price (% of par value)	Coupon payment (US\$)	Yield to maturity (%)	Effective 2016 income (US\$)
Bond	950,000	15-Jan-2016	3.750	100.70	1,386	3.59	1,333
Bond	1,500,000	15-Jan-2016	0.420	100.00	245	0.42	245
Bond	425,000	23-Jan-2016	9.750	132.40	2,532	2.52	784
Bond	300,000	5-Oct-2016	1.625	100.23	1,272	0.74	586
Bond	440,000	12-Jan-2017	5.750	114.63	25,300	2.04	9,742
Bond	450,000	9-Feb-2017	3.875	106.13	17,438	2.06	9,575
Bond	450,000	31-July-2018	1.750	99.45	7,875	1.87	8,371
Bond	600,000	6-Nov-2019	1,875	100.02	11,250	1.87	11,228
Bond	500,000	17-Jun-2019	4.875	107.30	24,375	3.94	20,503
Bond	500,000	17-Sept-2019	3.875	101.49	19,375	3.70	18,629
Bond	750,000	12-Feb-2021	2.125	101.34	8,367	1.82	7,230
Bond	365,000	25-Jan-2022	2.625	99.34	9,581	2.70	9,823
Bond	800,000	15-Jun-2022	4.375	107.50	35,000	3.28	27,351
Bond	600,000	31-Jul-2023	3.375	105.80	20,250	2.63	16,315
Bond	200,000	22-Jan-2024	3.750	103.20	7,500	3.35	6,814
Bond	750,000	4-June-2025	2.375	101.65	12,469	2.17	11,517
Bond	1,000,000	13-Jan-2026	3.000	103.74	17,917	2.56	15,597
Money market	59,642				4,720		4,720
Total	7,764,642		2.92		226,852	2.30	180,363

24. On the basis of PGTF portfolio as of 30 June 2016, the projected interest earnings for 2016 would be US\$ 180,363. A breakdown of the contributions to earnings is shown in the table below:

25. Performance of the PGTF portfolio has been measured on a quarterly basis against a benchmark (i.e. the 5-year U.S. Treasury) since the beginning of 2007 and the PGTF portfolio has consistently outperformed the benchmark, as shown in the table below:

Year	Quarter	Benchmark (5 year Treasury)	PGTF		Year	Quarter	Benchmark (5 year Treasury)	PGTF
	1 st	4.64%	4.61%			1 st	0.89%	3.05%
2007	2^{nd}	4.76%	4.61%		2012	2 nd	0.78%	3.05%
2007	3 rd	4.51%	4.79%		2012	3 rd	0.66%	3.08%
	4^{th}	3.79%	4.78%			4 th	0.69%	3.06%
	1 st	2.75%	4.43%			1 st	0.81%	3.15%
2008	2^{nd}	3.15%	3.60%		2013	2 nd	0.91%	3.07%
2008	3 rd	3.11%	3.61%		2013	3 rd	1.49%	2.88%
	4 th	2.16%	3.66%			4 th	1.44%	2.83%
	1^{st}	1.75%	3.65%		2014	1 st	1.60%	2.86%
2009	2^{nd}	2.23%	3.58%			2 nd	1.65%	2.80%
2009	3 rd	2.45%	3.31%			3 rd	1.69%	2.67%
	4^{th}	2.29%	3.07%			4 th	1.59%	2.73%
	1^{st}	2.41%	3.07%			1 st	1.45%	2.74%
2010	2^{nd}	2.23%	2.99%		2015	2 nd	1.52%	2.73%
2010	3 rd	1.53%	2.98%		2015	3 rd	1.55%	2.73%
	4 th	1.49%	3.06%			4 th	1.58%	2.73%
				- •				
	1^{st}	2.11%	3.21%		2016	1 st	1.36%	2.08%
2011	2^{nd}	1.84%	3.30%		2010	2 nd	1.24%	2.15%
2011	3 rd	1.41%	3.28%					
	4^{th}	0.95%	3.16%					

26. While this investment strategy represents the best option under the circumstances, interest earnings would only be US\$ 180,363 for 2016. In addition, available resources for supporting projects in 2016 have been increased by some US\$ 254,816 coming from contributions by member countries since the last meeting of the Committee in July 2015 (US\$ 95,884) and non-recurrent items (US\$ 158,932). The latter are due to cancellation of one approved project that was not implemented (US\$ 24,000), return of balances of completed projects (US\$ 7,867) and reallocation of interest accrued on contributions for activities than were not materialized (US\$ 127,065). In summary, total availability for 2016 is US\$ 435,179 but 37% of this amount comes from non-recurrent items. A breakdown of the annual availability of funds since 1990 is shown in the table below:

Year	Available resources (thousand US\$)	Year	Available resources (thousand US\$)	Year	Available resources (thousand US\$)
1990	1,218	2000	408	2010	274
1991	644	2001	796	2011	408
1992	900	2002	510	2012	406
1993	600	2003	246	2013	424
1994	300	2004	325	2014	407
1995	880	2005	348	2015	454
1996	800	2006	354	2016	435
1997	843	2007	520		
1998	1,294	2008	507		
1999	462	2009	318		
Average 1990-99	672	Average 2000-09	433	Average 2010-16	

Sustainability of PGTF activities

27. Following years of expectations and anticipations that there might be an increase of interest rates, the outlook today remains uncertain and it seems unlikely that interest rates will increase in the foreseeable future. Since the main source of funds for PGTF is the interest earned from its portfolio, prospects that this situation might continue represent a significant and negative impact not only on PGTF operations as such, but also a threat to its relevance and very sustainability. As an example, interest earnings have been steadily declining during the past years, from US\$ 266,000 in 2008 to US\$ 233,000 in 2011; US\$ 200,000 in 2013; US\$ 188,000 in 2015, and US\$ 180,000 in 2016, i.e. a reduction of more than 30 percent during this period.

28. While this course of events is not new and PGTF has faced similar situations in the past seven years, the current level of interest earnings alone make impossible to provide any meaningful support to South-South cooperation needs. On the occasion of the past six Annual Ministerial Meetings of the Group (2010 to 2015) appeals were made at the highest level to member countries to make an exceptional effort and consider making significant contributions to PGTF. The member countries of the Group responded to these appeals and 67 contributions for an aggregate amount of US\$ 618,000 were received (i.e. 11 in 2010, 8 in 2011, 12 in 2012,14 in 2013, 9 in 2014, and 13 in 2015) totaling respectively US\$ 89,800, US\$ 102,200, US\$ 92,400, US\$ 118,800, US\$ 108,500, and US\$ 106,300, which supplemented interest earnings from PGTF core capital.

29. The Committee fully acknowledges that this effort is significant and important, but in light of the current level of interest earnings it has to be doubled to enable PGTF to be responsive to the requests for support and relevant as a catalytic financial mechanism of South-South cooperation.

30. While PGTF has undertaken a number of measures within its purview, aimed at maximizing to the extent possible the yield and multiplier effect of its resources, estimated interest earnings in the foreseeable future would be in the range of US\$ 190,000 per annum. This amount is insufficient to meet the growing needs for support of South-South cooperation (which are around US\$ 500,000 per annum according to past experience) and further contributions from member countries are required to bridge the present gap and provide time to identify and implement other solutions aimed at ensuring the long term sustainability of PGTF.

31. The Committee prepared a number of recommendations on initiatives to be carried out by the Chair of the Group of 77, with the assistance of the Committee, aimed at providing political impetus and convey the needed sense of urgency in contacts to be made with potential sources of funding for PGTF. The Committee considers that these initiatives are critical under the circumstances and would significantly reinforce ongoing actions aimed at expanding PGTF resources, as described below.

Expansion of PGTF resources

32. The Committee reexamined practical ways of implementing its recommendations regarding the expansion of the PGTF resources as approved by the 20th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 in 1996. As identified in 1996, options available for expanding PGTF resources fall within one of the following three categories: (a) increase of the resources of PGTF; (b) increase of the yield of the PGTF portfolio; and (c) increase of the multiplier effect of PGTF resources through co-financing with other institutions.

(a) Increase of the resources of PGTF

33. This option consists of enlisting contributions from potential donors, which may include interested developing and developed countries as well as intergovernmental and non-governmental institutions and organizations. While the main source of contributions so far has been the member countries of the Group, the Committee felt that other avenues should be explored to supplement the efforts of the Group. To this end, while reiterating its recommendation regarding contributions, other options were presented to the Chair of the Group, to be considered and implemented as early as possible with the support of the Committee of Experts.

34. Accumulated contributions received by PGTF from 1997 up to 29 July 2016 amount to US\$ 3,263,041, distributed as follows:

<u>Contributors</u>	Contributions (US\$)	%
Member countries of the Group of 77	3,063,041	94
International institutions	200,000	6
TOTAL	3,263,041	100

A breakdown of these contributions is provided in the section below.

Contributions by member countries of the Group of 77

35. The Committee welcomed thirteen (13) new contributions made since the last meeting of the Committee (i.e. from August 2015 to July 2016) by eleven (11) developing countries, including a US\$ 1 million contribution to the core capital from the Sultanate of Oman. These contributions totaled US\$ 1,095,884, as follows:

- <u>2015</u> (8) Algeria (US\$ 10,000 13th contribution) Bosnia and Herzegovina (US\$ 500 – first contribution) Indonesia (US\$ 10,000 – sixth contribution) Oman (US\$ 1,000,000 – contribution to core capital) Senegal (US\$ 9,628 – first contribution) Sri Lanka (US\$ 5,000 – first contribution) Trinidad and Tobago (US\$ 2,000 – 9th contribution) United Arab Emirates (US\$ 20,000 – 3rd contribution)

36. The Committee also noted the previous one-hundred-twenty-eight (138) contributions made by forty (43) developing countries up to 31 July 2015, namely:

- <u>1997</u> (1) Mauritius (US\$ 500);
- <u>1998</u> (2) Pakistan (US\$ 1,000), and Singapore (US\$ 2,000);
- Islamic Republic of Iran (US\$ 3,000), Democratic People's Republic of Korea (US\$ 2,000),
 Cyprus (US\$ 2,000), Thailand (US\$ 2,000), Malaysia (US\$ 2,000), Algeria (US\$ 2,000), India (US\$ 2,000), and Philippines (US\$ 1,500);
- 2000 (3) China (US\$ 2,000), Democratic People's Republic of Korea (US\$ 2,000 2nd contribution), and Peru (US\$ 2,000);
- 2001 (4) Egypt (US\$ 2,000), Democratic People's Republic of Korea (US\$ 2,000 3^{rd} contribution), South Africa (US\$ 3,000), and Singapore (US\$ 2,000 2^{nd} contribution);
- 2002 (5) United Republic of Tanzania (US\$ 5,000), Cyprus (US\$ 3,000 2^{nd} contribution), Democratic People's Republic of Korea (US\$ 2,000 4^{th} contribution), Thailand (US\$ 2,290 2^{nd} contribution), and Egypt (US\$ 2,000 2^{nd} contribution);
- 2003 (5) Indonesia (US\$ 2,000), Kuwait (US\$ 3,000), Cyprus (US\$ 2,775 -3^{rd} contribution), South Africa (US\$ 6,765 -2^{nd} contribution), and Democratic People's Republic of Korea (US\$ 2,000 -5^{th} contribution);

- <u>2004</u> (10) Qatar (US\$ 10,000), Thailand (US\$ 2,000 3rd contribution), Brazil (US\$ 2,000), Algeria (US\$ 10,000 2nd contribution), Venezuela (one US\$ 1 million contribution to the core capital of PGTF and four contributions of US\$ 5,000 each), and Democratic People's Republic of Korea (US\$ 2,000 6th contribution);
- 2005 (8) Algeria (3rd and 4th contribution of US\$ 10,000 each), Namibia (US\$ 1,000), Islamic Republic of Iran (2rd and 3rd contribution of US\$ 10,000 each), South Africa (US\$ 8,188 3rd contribution), Venezuela (US\$ 5,000 6th contribution), and Democratic People's Republic of Korea (US\$ 2,000 7th contribution);
- $\frac{2006}{(8)}$ Singapore (US\$ 2,000 3rd contribution), Brazil (US\$ 20,000 2nd contribution), Pakistan (US\$ 5,000 2nd contribution), Philippines (US\$ 1,500 2nd contribution), Trinidad and Tobago (US\$ 4,130), Algeria (US\$ 10,000 5th contribution), Venezuela (US\$ 10,000 7th contribution), and South Africa (US\$ 8,016 4th contribution);
- $\frac{2007}{1000} (6) \qquad \text{Trinidad and Tobago (US$ 2,000 2nd contribution), South Africa (US$ 6,667 5th contribution), Islamic Republic of Iran (US$ 10,000 4th contribution), China (US$ 20,000 2nd contribution), Venezuela (US$ 10,000 8th contribution), and Uruguay (US$5,000);$
- 2008 (6) Antigua and Barbuda (first and second contribution of US\$ 5,000 each), South Africa (US\$ 7,645 6^{th} contribution), Algeria (US\$ 10,000 6^{th} contribution), Suriname (US\$ 1,500), and China (US\$ 20,000 3^{rd} contribution);
- Algeria (US\$ 10,000 7th contribution), South Africa (US\$ 5,889 7th contribution), Jamaica (US\$ 1,000), Qatar (US\$ 10,000 2nd contribution), Uruguay (US\$ 5,000 2nd contribution), China (US\$ 20,000 4th contribution), Cameroon (a first contribution of US\$ 4,515 and a 2nd contribution of US\$ 4,461), Trinidad and Tobago (US\$ 2,000 3rd contribution), Antigua and Barbuda (US\$ 5,000 3rd contribution), Lebanon (US\$ 2,000), and Chile (US\$ 5,000).
- <u>2011</u> (8) Kuwait (2nd contribution of US\$ 5,000 and 3rd contribution of US\$ 50,000), Argentina (US\$ 5,000), South Africa (US\$ 9,180 9th contribution), China (US\$ 20,000 6th contribution), Algeria (US\$ 10,000 9th contribution), Ecuador (US\$ 1,000), and Trinidad and Tobago (US\$ 2,000 5th contribution)
- 2012 (12) Brunei Darussalam (US\$ 2,000), Afghanistan (1st and 2nd contributions of US\$ 1,000 each), Algeria (US\$ 10,000 10th contribution), Argentina (US\$ 15,000 2nd contribution), South Africa (US\$ 7,425 10th contribution), Peru (US\$ 20,000 2nd contribution), Uruguay (US\$ 5,000 3rd contribution), Trinidad and Tobago (US\$ 2,000 6th contribution), Namibia (US\$ 2,000 2nd contribution), China (US\$ 20,000 7th contribution), and Indonesia (US\$ 7,000 3rd contribution)
- $\frac{2013}{14}$ Iraq (US\$ 5,000), Peru (US\$ 20,000 3rd contribution), South Africa (US\$ 6,794 11th contribution), Argentina (US\$ 5,000 3rd contribution), Indonesia (US\$ 7,000 4th contribution), United Arab Emirates (US\$ 20,000), Lao People's Democratic Republic (US\$ 2,000), Trinidad and Tobago (US\$ 2,000 7th contribution), Uruguay (US\$ 5,000 4th contribution), Algeria (US\$ 10,000 11th contribution), Fiji (US\$ 10,000), China (US\$ 20,000 8th contribution), Mozambique (US\$ 5,000), and State of Palestine (US\$ 1,000)
- $\frac{2014}{9}$ South Africa (US\$ 5,755 12th contribution), Qatar (US\$ 20,000 4th contribution), United Arab Emirates (US\$ 20,000 - 2nd contribution), Trinidad and Tobago (US\$ 2,000 - 8th contribution), China (US\$ 20,000 - 9th contribution), Peru (US\$ 18,697 - 4th contribution), Indonesia (US\$ 7,000 - 5th contribution), Algeria (US\$ 10,000 - 12th contribution), and Argentina (US\$ 5,000 - 4th contribution)

2015 (6) South Africa (US\$ $5,476 - 13^{\text{th}}$ contribution), Chile (US\$ $5,000 - 2^{\text{nd}}$ contribution), Viet Nam (US\$ $1,000 - 2^{\text{nd}}$ contribution), Peru (US\$ $16,667 - 5^{\text{th}}$ contribution), Afghanistan (US\$ $1,000 - 3^{\text{rd}}$ contribution), and China (US\$ $20,000 - 10^{\text{th}}$ contribution)

37. In summary, PGTF has received one-hundred-fifty-one (151) contributions from forty-seven (47) developing countries up to 29 July 2016. Total paid amount of these contributions is US\$3,063,041, including two US\$1 million contributions to its core capital made respectively by Venezuela and Oman. A breakdown of the contributions by size is presented below:

Size of contributions	<u>Number of</u> <u>countries</u>	<u>Number of</u> contributions	<u>Total</u> <u>Contributed</u> (US\$)	<u>Average</u> <u>contribution</u> (US\$)
Smaller contributions (up to US\$ 5,000)	41	87	249,671	2,870
Larger contributions (more than US\$ 5,000).	16	62	813,370	13,120
Contributions to PGTF core capital	2	2	2,000,000	1,000,000
TOTAL	47 (*)	151	3,063,041	

(*) Twelve countries have made both smaller and larger contributions

38. The Committee also noted with satisfaction that twenty-seven (27) developing countries, namely South Africa (fourteen separate contributions); Algeria (thirteen contributions); China, and Trinidad and Tobago (ten contributions each); Venezuela (eight contributions); Democratic People's Republic of Korea (seven contributions); Indonesia (six contributions); Argentina and Peru (five contributions each); Islamic Republic of Iran, Qatar, Singapore, United Arab Emirates, and Uruguay (four contributions each); Afghanistan, Antigua and Barbuda, Chile, Cyprus, Egypt, Kuwait, and Thailand (three contributions each); Brazil, Cameroon, Namibia, Pakistan, Philippines, and Viet Nam (two contributions each) have made multiple contributions to PGTF and invited other countries to follow this encouraging initiative.

39. As indicated in paragraphs 15-20 of the report of its special meeting held in June 2003, the Committee recommended two mutually supportive approaches to enlist contributions from member countries of the Group of 77, namely (i) to continue requesting smaller contributions (i.e. a notional amount of US\$2,000 was suggested) from all member countries as a sign of the commitment of the largest possible number; and (ii) to request larger contributions from member countries in a position to contribute more.

40. The Doha Plan of Action, adopted by the Second South Summit, held in Doha from 12 to 16 June 2005 welcomed the progress made so far by PGTF in support of South-South cooperation and called upon member countries, as well as the United Nations system to support the expansion of PGTF resources through regular contributions.

Contributions by international institutions

41. Consultations have been held with a number of international institutions aimed at exploring their interest in either making contributions to PGTF resources or co-financing projects with PGTF. The experience so far indicates that a flexible and practical approach should be adopted in order to find common grounds for undertaking joint activities from the point of view of both areas of interest or priority and working procedures.

42. In late 2006, a Grant Agreement was signed by the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) and PGTF, providing for a contribution of US\$ 200,000 over a two (2) year period. This contribution provided support to six (6) projects that were successfully completed (cf. INT/08/K02, INT/08/K05 and INT/08/K09 in 2007, and INT/10/K01, INT/10/K02 and INT/10/K11 in 2009). A small unspent balance of US\$ 11,300 was reimbursed to IFAD.

Contributions by other institutions

43. Consultations have been held in the past with several private foundations aimed at exploring their interest in making contributions to PGTF resources. There have been no positive results so far, mainly due to the difficulties in matching mandates, areas of interest and operating modalities of the institutions approached and those of PGTF. Other foundations have been identified and will be approached in order to explore their interest and potential as contributors to PGTF resources.

Impact of contributions to PGTF resources

44. In light of the sizeable reduction in interest rates in recent years, contributions have become critical in supplementing interest earnings and thus partially preserving the responsiveness of PGTF to the growing needs for supporting South-South cooperation. As indicated in the table below, in 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016 (up to 29 July 2016) contributions respectively increased by 76, 74, 98,102, 98 and 60 percent the resources provided by interest earnings of the initial core capital.

45. Impact of contributions on PGTF resources in the 2011-2016 period is shown in the table below:

Impact of new contributions	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Number of new contributions by member countries to PGTF general resources	8	12	14	9	13	5(*)
Member countries contributions to PGTF general resources (US\$) Interest earnings from US\$ 2 million	102,200	92,400	118,800	108,500	106,300	38,800
increase of PGTF core capital (US\$)	42,200	<u>38,500</u>	<u>38,500</u>	<u>38,500</u>	<u>38,500</u>	<u>43,800</u>
Sub-total new contributions (US\$) Interest earnings from initial	144,400	130,900	157,300	147,000	144,800	82,600
US\$ 5 million core capital (US\$) TOTAL (US\$)	<u>190,800</u> 335,200	<u>175,800</u> 306,700	<u>161,100</u> 318,400	<u>144,700</u> 291,700	<u>148,400</u> 293,200	<u>136,600</u> 217,200
New contributions as a percentage of interest earnings of initial core capital (%)	76	74	98	102	98	60

(*) Jan-Jul

(b) Increase of the yield of the PGTF portfolio

46. Investment strategies have aimed at taking advantage of prevailing market conditions at any given moment, bearing in mind that preservation of PGTF core resources should be the paramount consideration when exploring investment options. In 2003, following a request by the Committee of Experts, the UNDP Investment Committee approved that up to 20 percent of PGTF portfolio could be invested in securities issued by supranational and government agencies with up to ten year maturities so as to increase returns. In 2014, the Committee requested an increase from 20 to 30 percent of the share of securities with maturities exceeding five years. In October 2015 the UNDP Investment Committee approved total flexibility regarding the share of maturities exceeding five years in PGTF portfolio. As a result, 48 percent of PGTF portfolio has been invested in securities with maturities between five and ten years, with a view to securing higher yields as compared to shorter term investments.

(c) <u>Increase of the multiplier effect of PGTF resources through co-financing with other institutions</u>

47. Since the launching of PGTF operations in 1986, the impact of PGTF-funded projects has been increased by the mobilization of resources from other sources, which up to 2016 totaled US\$ 25.2 million, i.e. some US\$1.91 for every US\$1 of PGTF contributions. As illustrated in the table below, numerous regional

and interregional institutions have co-financed multiple projects with PGTF, which is an indication that this scheme has brought about mutually satisfactory results.

	Number of	Contribution by	PGTF
Co-financing regional and international institution	projects	co-financing	contribution
	co-financed	institution (US\$)	(US\$)
Latin American Economic System (SELA)	11	1,294,000	506,000
International Center for Small Hydropower (IC-SHP)	11	1,129,000	485,000
Latin American Integration Association (ALADI)	4	710,000	225,000
Mercosur Economic Research Network (MercoNet)	8	644,000	198,000
Islamic Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture (ICCIA)	11	642,700	348,000
Third World Network (TWN)	2	323,000	180,000
Inter Press Service (IPS)	4	189,600	265,800
Caribbean Council of Science and Technology (CCST)	5	184,500	150,000
International Cooperative Alliance (American Regional Bureau)	2	164,000	126,500
United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO)	2	148,000	87,000
NAM Science & Technology Center	2	71,000	67,000
Sub-total	62	5,499,800	2,638,300
Other co-financing institutions (28)	33	4,885,600	2,515,600
TOTAL	95	10,386,400	5,153,900

48. The Committee recommended continuing consultations with these institutions, as well as with other institutions interested in co-financing projects with the PGTF, with a view to identifying further opportunities for enhancing the multiplier effect of PGTF resources.

49. In addition to the case-by-case approach established in guideline A(m) for utilization of PGTF, which requires that all proposals submitted to PGTF should include inputs from other sources of an amount at least equal to the resources requested from PGTF, efforts have been made to achieve structured agreements with some institutions, aimed at providing more continuity and predictability to co-financing activities. However, past experience has proven that established priorities, legal and financial regulations, and working procedures of many institutions render it difficult to go beyond the case-by-case approach.

Operating arrangements

50. The Committee examined the operating arrangements of PGTF and agreed to focus on follow up of the implementation of approved projects and dissemination of information on PGTF.

51. The Committee has worked together with the United Nations Office for South-South Cooperation (UNOSSC) with a view to improving the reporting and follow-up mechanisms utilized for allocating resources and monitoring the progress of implementation of approved projects. In this context, the UNOSSC developed reports that provide on a timely basis information regarding disbursements, commitments, availability of resources and status of implementation of projects. These reports are user-friendly and complemented by online follow-up of the various milestones in the implementation of approved projects.

52. Following a third complete year of operation, more accurate and timely information is available to the Committee, enabling for a better decision-making process. The Committee would like to commend again the UNOSSC for developing these tools in support of the work of the Committee. In addition, the Committee acknowledged the efficient monitoring and follow-up work of UNOSSC regarding approved projects, which has contributed to expediting launching of their implementation and disbursement of funds to beneficiaries, as well as collection and review of progress and final reports.

53. In 2014, in light of the current UNDP policies and procedures, a Contribution Agreement was signed between PGTF and UNOSSC aimed at providing the funds required to support the work of the Committee, previously channeled through project INT/00/K08, and based on the budget allocations approved by the Group

of 77 at the Annual Ministerial Meetings of the Group. In 2015, the agreement was replaced by a multi-year Contribution Agreement (2015-2020) signed by PGTF and UNOSSC, with operational arrangements similar to those of the previous one. In this context, the Committee requested the Chair of the Group of 77, in consultation with the Chair of PGTF, to codify the guidelines applicable to the administration of this Contribution Agreement, on the basis of the procedures and practices that have been consistently applied to this end by the Executive Secretariat of the Group of 77 for the implementation of project INT/00/K08.

54. The Committee welcomed the offer made by the Director of UNOSSC to prepare, in consultation with PGTF, and finance a publication on PGTF, to be used as a means of disseminating the results of PGTF activities and promoting the Fund as a valuable instrument for supporting South-South cooperation. It is expected that this publication will be available in the last quarter of 2016.

55. The Committee also welcomed the invitation made by the Director of UNOSSC regarding participation of PGTF in the upcoming 8th Annual Global South-South Development Expo, to be held in Dubai from 30 October to 3 November 2016.

56. The Committee was informed that the information available in the PGTF section of the website of the Group of 77 (<u>www.g77.org</u>) has been expanded and that the summaries of completed projects posted on the website are available in English, French and Spanish, as a means of facilitating access to the information contained in the full texts of the final reports, posted in their original languages. So far 178 final reports in their original languages have been posted on the website, covering the following priority areas: food and agriculture (47 reports), consulting services, training and other TCDC activities (62 reports), trade (17 reports), technology (14 reports), information exchange and dissemination (11 reports), and other (27 reports).

Survey of the impact of PGTF

57. On the basis of the recommendation of the Committee at its twelfth meeting in 1997, a survey on the impact and benefits of the projects funded by PGTF was initiated in 1998, with a view to supporting the promotion of the Fund. To date the Executive Secretariat of the Group of 77 has received information on 148 of the 199 PGTF-supported projects that have been completed. A summary of the results of the survey is presented in Annex III of this report.

III. CONSIDERATION OF NEW PROJECT PROPOSALS

58. The Committee had before it twenty-six (26) project proposals submitted to PGTF before the established deadline of 30 April 2016. The titles of these proposals are listed below:

- (1) Educational Institutions Network (EIN) and Annual Conference and Exhibition
- (2) *E-commerce Development Programme for SMEs from Developing Countries 2017*
- (3) Capacity building on management and utilization of solar energy resource for improving living-condition in rural area
- (4) Bamboo Development Assessment for Asia and Africa under China's "One Belt and One Road" Initiative
- (5) Seminar on Renewable Energy and Off-grid Power System for East African Countries
- (6) Application and Promotion of Plastic Functional Materials in Developing Countries
- (7) Micro Hydropower Plant Development on Existing Irrigation Canals for Sustainable Socioeconomic Development of Rural Areas: Pilot Projects in Selected Developing Countries
- (8) Cooperation for intellectual property and productive transformation in Latin America and the Caribbean
- (9) Global HRH strategies 2030: from strategy to implementation

- (10) Promotion of Non-Handicapping Barrier Free Environments for Persons with Disabilities in Urban Areas
- (11) A study of cross-border road transport for facilitating the transit corridor operations at the Thai-Myanmar and Thai-Cambodian border trades
- (12) Road Safety Audit Workshop
- (13) Phytase production by solid state fermentation for use in the animal feeding
- (14) Training Program on Entrepreneurship Development through IT for OIC Countries
- (15) Clay and Bricks Molding
- (16) Research on economic diversification of land-locked developing countries: Case of Mongolia, Nepal, Bhutan and Paraguay
- (17) A Proposal to Improve the Practically Diagnostic Capacities and Increased Awareness of a Group of Abortive Diseases and Neonatal deaths in Cattle, Sheep and Goats, in Egypt, Algeria, Tunisia, Turkey, Afghanistan, Palestine and Jordan
- (18) Technical cooperation for the identification and characterization of specific molecular markers to diagnose and control dioctophymosis
- (19) Replacing Traditional Prawn Catching and Night-fishing System with an Environment Friendly LED Lighting System
- (20) Advocacy for the formalization and regularization of entrepreneurs with disabilities in Peru, Ecuador, Argentina and Chile
- (21) "Guerreiros Sem Armas" training of community entrepreneurs
- (22) Technical cooperation project on community reintegration, violence prevention, child recruitment prevention and peace building issues
- (23) Innovative experiences in technology utilization in libraries of Peru, Uruguay and Colombia
- (24) Effective microorganisms: production and application in agriculture, postharvest fruit and animal husbandry
- (25) NYSC War against Poverty Project
- (26) Promotion of Human Rights for the Persons with Disabilities in Bangladesh (PHRPBD)

59. The Committee was informed that no proposals were received after the established deadline of 30 April 2016.

<u>Project proposal No. 1 – Educational Institutions Network (EIN) and Annual Conference and Exhibition.</u>

60. The Ministry of Education of the Islamic Republic of Iran submitted the proposal through its Permanent Mission to the United Nations. Participating countries would be the 10 member countries of the Economic Cooperation Organization (ECO), namely Afghanistan, Azerbaijan, Islamic Republic of Iran, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkey, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan. The proposal was submitted as part of the activities of the ECO Educational Institute.

61. Strategic alliances between the member countries of the ECO about culture and education have become ubiquitous phenomenon. Their proliferation has led to a growing stream of research carried out by strategy and organizational scholars who have examined some of the causes and consequences of such partnerships, mostly at the dyadic level. Successful educational planning and activities depend not only on formal, planned, organizational implementation activities but also on the capabilities of the existing and emergent networks. Objectives of the networks would be to stimulate growth of professional development; encourage use of available and modern technologies; adopt the instructional methodologies that best meet the needs of regional institutions; promote the teaching, learning and administration profession as a career; provide a forum for discussion; share best practices; and plan the regional events about educational programmes.

62. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at establishing an educational institutions network (EIN) in ECO that will be devoted to the professional education development of its members. It will be run by ECO members and would be financed by the subscriptions of its members and the proceeds of its Annual International Conference and Exhibition. Specific expected outputs of the project would be: (a) establishing high-level online and offline communications between educational institutions; (b) introducing initiatives and plans that can be common between countries; (c) establishing partnerships for following-up common initiatives; (d) sharing educational applications and open-source software; (e) networking the schools, universities, educational institutions and industries; (f) publishing books and articles in research journals; and (g) arranging regional and global conferences and exhibitions between educational institutions and non-governmental organizations.

63. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in six (6) months, is estimated at US\$ 60,000, and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of the total cost is shown in the table below:

	Total contribution per country (US\$)			
Item	PGTF	Other	Total	
Travel	(*)	(*)	20,000	
Training	(*)	(*)	5,000	
Equipment	(*)	(*)	5,000	
Reporting costs	(*)	(*)	10,000	
Execution fee	(*)	(*)	20,000	
Total	35,000	25,000	60,000	

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

The Committee noted the following shortcomings in the proposal: (a) the inputs from other sources 64. (US\$ 25,000) are lower than the contribution requested from PGTF (US\$ 35,000); therefore the maximum support that could be provided to the proposal would be US\$ 25,000 according to the provisions of guideline A(m) for utilization of PGTF resources, which establishes that inputs from other sources should be of an amount at least equal to the resources requested from PGTF; (b) the execution fee included in the budget (US\$ 20,000) represents one-third of the total cost of the project (US\$ 60,000), amount that seems excessive and evidences a problem in the design of the proposal; (c) since ECO is an intergovernmental institution, the proposal should have been approved by the respective governing body of the institution or, alternatively, have been endorsed in writing by a minimum of three member countries, as required by guidelines A(k) and A(f). Even though it is indicated that the charter of the ECO Educational Institute was approved in May 1998 by the eight founding member states, the supporting documentation contains no indication that the proposal submitted has been specifically approved by the governing body nor are there endorsement letters from at last three member countries; (d) there is no clarity regarding the timing of the exhibition with respect to the establishment of the network, i.e. whether it is an ongoing annual activity or whether its launching is contingent to the establishment of the network, and hence of the implementation of this proposal.

65. The Committee therefore concluded that, as structured and submitted, the proposal is not eligible for funding according to the guidelines for utilization of PGTF resources. The Committee recommended that this proposal should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

<u>Project proposal No.2 -</u> *E-commerce Development Programme for SMEs from Developing Countries* 2017

66. CIFAL – Shanghai International Training Center, based in Shanghai, China submitted the proposal through the Permanent Mission of China to the United Nations. Other participating countries would be

Ecuador, Seychelles and the United Republic of Tanzania. The supporting documentation contains written endorsements from Ecuador (VIA Net Company), Seychelles (Seychelles Civil Aviation Authority) and the United Republic of Tanzania (Vocational Educational and Training Authority - VETA).

67. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at providing knowledge of e-commerce practice to small and medium enterprises (SMEs) of participating countries through training and seminars . The programme will include workshops (e-commerce infrastructure, policy and social conditions for e-commerce development, history and latest developments of e-commerce for SMEs, sharing of best practices of SMEs' e-commerce in China); site visits; networking events and follow-up services. In this regard, the proposed programme would act as a catalyst to cross-border trade and business connections by sharing China's experience and best practices in this field.

68. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 80,000 and the contribution sought from PGTF amounts to US\$ 33,000. A breakdown of the total cost is provided below:

	Total contribution (US\$)			
Item	PGTF	Other	Total	
Personnel	19,000	12,000	31,000	
Travel	4,000	10,000	14,000	
Training	5,000	15,000	20,000	
Equipment	2,000	0	2,000	
Other	3,000	10,000	13,000	
Total	33,000	47,000	80,000	

69. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 33,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>one single tranche.</u>

<u>Project proposal No.3 -</u> Capacity building on management and utilization of solar energy resource for improving living-condition in rural area

70. The Promotion Association for Mountain-River-Lake Regional Sustainable Development, based in Jiangxi province, China, submitted the proposal through the Permanent Mission of China to the United Nations. Other participating countries would be India (through the South Asian Voluntary Association of Environmentalists, an NGO based in Srinagar), Philippines (through the Society for the Conservation of Philippine Wetlands, an NGO based in Pasig City) and Sri Lanka (through the EMACE Foundation, an NGO based in Moratuwa).

71. Energy has been a key requirement for the development of human race and civilization. Some areas in the participating countries suffer from scarce energy or have only access to inefficient and unsustainable energy sources, such as fuelwood, animal manure and charcoal.

72. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at enhancing the institutional capacities of participating countries in utilization of solar energy, with special emphasis on the technologies and policies of rooftop photovoltaic (PV) systems. To this end, the project involves experience-sharing workshops and training courses on solar energy utilization; preparation and distribution of a handbook of PV utilization in rural areas; consultancy missions; and development of demonstration models, policy suggestions and international applications of solar energy.

73. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 70,000, and the contribution sought from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of the total cost is provided below:

	Total contribution (US\$)			
Item	PGTF	Other	Total	
Personnel	3,000	(*)	(*)	
Travel	17,000	(*)	(*)	
Training	11,000	(*)	(*)	
Other	4,000	(*)	(*)	
Total	35,000	35,000	70,000	

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

74. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 32,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>one single tranche.</u>

<u>Project proposal No. 4 -</u> Bamboo Development Assessment for Asia and Africa under China's "One Belt and One Road" Initiative

75. The China National Bamboo Research Center (CBRC), based in Hangzhou, China submitted the proposal through the Permanent Mission of China to the United Nations. Other participating countries would be India, Kenya (through the Kenya Forest Service, based in Nairobi), and Thailand (through the Agricultural Technology Faculty of the Burapha University, based in Sa Kaeo).

76. Bamboo is the globally largest and key non-timber forest product as it has unique characteristics of having rapid growth, short cycle, versatile, renewable, and an especially harmonious value cluster in terms of socio-economic and ecological context. It is mainly distributed in developing countries of Asia, Africa, Latin America and the Pacific Region. Most of the developing countries have excellent natural and social conditions for developing a bamboo industry, but fail to develop it into a complete and sustainable value chain due to lack of proper cultivation and processing technologies, and also due to lack of investment capital and scientific and proper strategies. China is not only the biggest country in terms of bamboo resources, but also has state-of-the-art technologies, sustainable management systems, and a rich experience in bamboo resource utilization.

77. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at providing an assessment report on bamboo resources and potential sectoral development in the three participating countries. Specific objectives would be: (a) to carry out a survey of the current status of bamboo resources and development aspects, as well as future development potential in the participating countries; (b) to undertake a survey of the potential domestic market for bamboo products in the participating countries; (c) to carry out a survey of the international market in selected industrialized countries; (d) to make recommendations on national bamboo policies and strategies for a quick and sustainable development of bamboo in the three countries; (e) to disseminate research of bamboo cultivation and utilization technologies from China to the participating countries; and (f) to provide technical training on bamboo technologies.

78. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 95,000 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 33,000. A breakdown of the total cost is provided below:

	Total contribution (US\$)			
Item	PGTF	Other	Total	
Personnel	9,000	(*)	(*)	
Travel and lodging	13,500	(*)	(*)	
Training	2,500	(*)	(*)	
Equipment	4,500	(*)	(*)	
Other	3,500	(*)	(*)	
Total	33,000	62,000	95,000	

^(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

79. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 33,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>one single tranche.</u>

<u>Project proposal No. 5 -</u> Seminar on Renewable Energy and Off-grid Power System for East African Countries

80. The National Research Institute for Rural Electrification (NRIRE) under the Ministry of Water Resources, based in Beijing, China, submitted the proposal through the Permanent Mission of China to the United Nations. Other participating countries would be Burundi, Ethiopia, Kenya (through the Kenyatta University and Kenya Power, both based in Nairobi), Rwanda (through the Energy Development Corporation Limited - EDCL, based in Kigali), Uganda (through the Uganda Electricity Generation Company Ltd. based in Kampala) and the United Republic of Tanzania.

81. With the development of economies in East African countries, renewable energy sources are going to be tapped and they will play an increasingly important role in promoting a sustainable and green development. However, there is a lack of competent expertise in the power sector in Eastern Africa where deficiency of electric power limits access of local residents to electricity, thus becoming a barrier for further socio-economic development.

82. According to the text of the proposal, the objective of the project is to organize a seminar for participants from East African countries, which aims at (i) presenting the role of renewable energy exploitation in socio-economic development and promote off-grid hybrid power (hydro-solar) generating technology; and (ii) sharing experiences on small hydropower (SHP) planning, design, equipment selection, operation, maintenance and administration so as to improve SHP construction, operation and management capability in the participating countries. As a follow-up of the seminar, the establishment of a Renewable Energy Research and Training Center for East African countries will be discussed in-depth with a view to continuously popularizing relevant technologies and promoting capacity building for renewable energy management within the region. It is expected that participants would be able to apply the knowledge and expertise gained, and transfer the knowledge to other people in their respective countries.

83. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 72,000, and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of the total cost is provided in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)			
Item	PGTF	Other	Total	
Travel	14,000	(*)	(*)	
Training	21,000	(*)	(*)	
Other	0	(*)	(*)	
Total	35,000	37,000	72,000	

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

84. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 35,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>one single tranche.</u>

<u>Project proposal No. 6 – Application and Promotion of Plastic Functional Materials in Developing</u> Countries

85. The Fujian Provincial Science and Technology Exchange Center with Foreign Countries, based in Fuzhou, Fujian Province, China, submitted the proposal through the Permanent Mission of China to the United Nations. Participating countries would be China (through the firm Fusu, based in Fuzhou), Indonesia (through the firm Stellar Way Indonesia, based in Tangerang) and Malaysia (through the firm Dragonpak Industries Sdn Bhd, based in Johor, West Malaysia)

86. Functional plastic materials are widely used in all areas of the national economies. With the rapid development of plastic industry technologies, worldwide plastics production has exceeded 300 million tons per annum and their utilization has pervaded in all areas of people's lives. Together with steel, wood and cement, plastics have become one of four pillar materials. In spite of their development and widespread utilization in many developing countries from South Asia and Latin America, there has been a lack of research and development technologies, which resulted in reliance on imported high-cost material and limited large-scale domestic applications.

87. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at summarizing a series of functional plastic materials research and processing technologies to effectively improve the use of plastic materials in the participating countries and promote their application. Specific activities of the project include: (a) assessment of the status of plastic materials research and application in films, cables and other products; (b) organization of a seminar for sharing research and development on functional plastics, as well as processing experience and advanced technology; (c) development of an efficient and sustainable industrial development model for functional plastic materials, including research and development, technology applications, materials diversification, high processing methods, and reutilization of materials; (d) field research and development in the participating countries, as well as processing applications and market analyses, aimed at improving the development model. On the basis of the outcomes of the project, longer-term in-depth cooperation schemes among the participating countries will be implemented.

88. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 100,000 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. The others input (US\$ 65,000) will be provided by the firm Fusu. A breakdown of the total cost is provided in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)				
Item	PGTF	Other	Total		
Personnel	9,000	(*)	(*)		
Travel and per diems	12,000	(*)	(*)		
Training	5,000	(*)	(*)		
Equipment	9,000	(*)	(*)		
Other	0	(*)	(*)		
Total	35,000	165,000	200,000		

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

89. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 32,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>one single tranche.</u>

<u>Project proposal No. 7 – Micro Hydropower Plant Development on Existing Irrigation Canals for</u> Sustainable Socioeconomic Development of Rural Areas: Pilot Projects in Selected Developing Countries

90. The International Center on Small Hydropower (ICSHP), based in Hangzhou, China submitted the proposal through the Permanent Mission of China to the United Nations. Other participating countries would be Ethiopia (through the Ministry of Water, Irrigation & Electricity, based in Addis Ababa), India (through the Energy Management Centre - EMC, based in Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala), Madagascar (through the Agency for Development of Rural Electrification - ADER, based in Antananarivo), and Nigeria (through the Regional Centre for Small Hydropower in Africa, based in Abuja).

91. Small hydropower systems have many economic and social benefits that make them suitable for meeting the growing energy needs of rural areas in developing countries. There is a great untapped energy potential and increasing energy need especially in remote territories. Utilization of the otherwise wasted existing water flow drop energy from multipurpose water canals, mostly used for irrigation purposes, provides low-cost solutions for areas where the extension of a grid system is uneconomical. The greatest advantage of hydropower generation at the canal drops is continuous operation at maximum efficiency under constant head and discharge for a unit, so making it easy to connect the plant to the national grid if a connection is desired. By using existing irrigation canals there are fewer civil works involved, making the projects cheaper, faster to implement and more environmentally friendly.

92. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at sharing Chinese innovative technologies and expertise on canal water energy utilization with the participating countries. To this end, the project involves: (a) assisting participating countries in identifying potential sites for canal drop energy development by technically analyzing comprehensive conditions of the potential sites and selecting the best to construct pilot plants; (b) during the period of potential sites selection, expert missions to the participating countries will carry out on-site investigations for future feasibility studies, as well as provide on-site technical guidance and training to local engineers; (c) preparation of technical and business proposals for canal drop hydropower plant construction in the participating countries, including suggested capacities, head, types of generation units, construction materials and cost estimates, which will provide local technicians with references for preparing future feasibility studies and even design of the plants; and (d) foster collaboration with local investors and hydropower owners to explore new business models for development of the canal drop hydropower plants.

93. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in twenty-four (24) months, is estimated at US\$ 85,000 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of the total cost is provided below:

	Total contribution (US\$)			
Item	PGTF	Other	Total	
Personnel (international consultants)	10,000	(*)	(*)	
Personnel (National consultants)	10,000	(*)	(*)	
Travel	15,000	(*)	(*)	
Other	0	(*)	(*)	
Total	35,000	50,000	85,000	

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

94. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 33,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>two tranches</u>.

<u>Project proposal No. 8 –</u> Cooperation for intellectual property and productive transformation in Latin America and the Caribbean

95. The Permanent Secretariat of the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas, Venezuela submitted directly the proposal. Participating countries would be the twenty-seven (27) member countries of SELA (Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Chile, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, and Venezuela). The project was endorsed by the governing body of SELA, the Latin American Council, through Decision 551 adopted at its 41st Meeting (25 to 27 November 2015).

96. Promotion of a process of productive transformation that enhances productivity, competitiveness and economic growth in Latin America and the Caribbean requires achieving progress in the field of protection of intellectual property rights. Frameworks for this protection are a key element to improve performance. Design and implementation of efficient frameworks for protection of intellectual property rights allow generation of the appropriate incentives to encourage the creative activity of companies, while facilitating the spill-over effect for the dissemination of knowledge and technology transfer.

97. According to the text of the proposal, the objectives of the project are: (a) to present a general assessment of the advances in the field of regulatory frameworks on intellectual property, industrial property, copyrights, trademarks and patents in Latin America and the Caribbean; (b) to promote cooperation and exchange of experiences among intellectual property offices in the member states of SELA; (c) to display and exchange successful experiences and best practices in the field of cooperation on intellectual property; and (d) to identify opportunities for international, triangular and South-South cooperation that can be developed in intellectual property offices with the support and coordination of focal points in charge of international cooperation in Latin America and the Caribbean, as well as cooperative actions and initiatives that can be developed in regional and international organizations.

98. Total cost of the project, to be implemented over nine (9) months, is estimated at US\$ 75,000, and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of the total cost is provided below:

	Total contribution (US\$)			
Item	PGTF	Other	Total	
Personnel	0	6,000	6,000	
Travel	16,800	17,200	34,000	
Training	14,700	13,300	28,000	
Other	3,500	3,500	7,000	
Total	35,000	40,000	75,000	

99. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 28,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>one single tranche.</u>

Project proposal No. 9 – Global HRH strategies 2030: from strategy to implementation

100. The Secretariat of the Asia Pacific Action Alliance on Human Resources for Health (AAAH), based in Bangkok, Thailand submitted directly the proposal. Participating countries would be the sixteen (16) member countries of the AAAH, namely Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, Fiji, India, Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Samoa, Sri Lanka, Thailand, and Viet Nam. In its meeting held in Bangkok on 27 January 2015, the AAAH Steering Committee agreed that the theme of the 9th AAAH Conference, to be held in Colombo, Sri Lanka in October 2016 would be the strengthening of Human Resources for Health (HRH) for universal health care. The AAAH work plan 2014-2016, adopted by its member countries, includes HRH networking as one of its priority areas for regional collaboration.

101. A Global Strategy on HRH was developed by the World Health Organization, in consultation with countries and development partners, in response to the health-related SDG target 3.c, which aims at substantially increasing health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in the least-development countries and developing small island states. The strategy is a critical health systems building block which supports the functioning of health service and contributes to progressive realization of universal health care. The 9th AAAH Conference aims at gaining an in-depth understanding of the contents of the Global HRH Strategies 2030, its targets and indicators, and how to translate the strategy into country actions on order to achieve targets by 2020 and 2030.

102. According to the text of the proposal, the main objective of the project is to facilitate participation of twelve (12) representatives of AAAH member countries in the 9th AAAH Conference. Those participants are expected to be actively involved in the Conference, as active participants and/or speakers, as well as taking this opportunity to share experiences and establish scientific collaborative networking among countries and relevant agencies. They will be key stakeholders of HRH issues in the regions with major challenges.

103. Total cost of the project, to be carried out in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 200,000 and the contribution sought from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. The others contribution (US\$ 165,000) will be provided by the Prince Mahidol Award and the World Health Organization South East Asia Region – SEARO). A breakdown of the total cost is shown in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Travel	14,000	(*)	(*)
Accommodation	14,000	(*)	(*)
Other	7,000	(*)	(*)
Total	35,000	165,000	200,000

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

104. The Committee noted that this proposal was submitted directly to PGTF by a non-governmental organization rather than through the national focal point for South-South cooperation or competent national authority, which is not in compliance with guideline A(n) for utilization of PGTF resources. In addition, the proposal seeks financial support to fund the participation of a number of representatives in a Conference that will take place in October 2016. In light of the PGTF project cycle, approval of the proposals recommended by the Committee would take place in the second half of September 2016 and disbursement of funds to approved projects would take place in January 2017 at the earliest. Therefore, PGTF could only provide a *post facto* support that would be contingent to securing advance funds from other sources to ensure participation of the representatives in the Conference.

105. The Committee concluded that the timing of the submission of the proposal with respect to the activity to be funded does not make relevant the support of PGTF. In addition, as a result of non-compliance with said guideline A(n) the proposal as submitted is not eligible for funding. The Committee therefore recommended that it should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

<u>Project proposal No. 10 –</u> Promotion of Non-Handicapping Barrier Free Environments for Persons with Disabilities in Urban Areas

106. The Ministry of Social Development and Human Security of Thailand submitted directly the proposal. Other participating countries would be Cambodia and Lao People's Democratic Republic, but no institutions or individuals from these countries were identified in the supporting documentation.

107. The number of persons with disabilities is increasing year by year and disability issues are more recognized by society. Ageing also increases the proportion of disabled in the population, and the increasing number of persons with disabilities somehow affects social and economic development in every country. Persons with disabilities are still subject of discrimination and unable to live independently, and the main obstacles and challenges are social attitudes and unfriendly environments that render difficult their social inclusion. Efforts have been made in many countries to increase the quality of life of persons with disabilities, and one mechanism for strengthening these efforts is through mobilization of what already exist at both international and regional levels (i.e. the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities – UNCRPD, the ASEAN Socio-cultural Community Blueprint and the ASEAN Decade of Persons with Disabilities 2011-2020).

108. According to the text of the proposal, the objective of the project is to organize and conduct a training workshop aimed at (a) building awareness of persons with disabilities on their rights, particularly rights to accessibility and public transportation equally as normal people; (b) empowering persons with disabilities through knowledge sharing and becoming active agents of families and communities;(c) enhancing technical knowledge on accessibility of the already built environment; and (d) enriching community based inclusive development (CBID) to create accessible communities and support social inclusion of persons with disabilities.

109. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in one (1) month, is estimated at US\$ 64,145, and the contribution sought from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of total cost is presented in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Personnel (international consultants)	(*)	(*)	3,000
Personnel (national consultants)	(*)	(*)	9,600
Travel	(*)	(*)	17,400
Training	(*)	(*)	18,530
Equipment	(*)	(*)	1,000
Other	(*)	(*)	14,615
Total	35,000	29,145	64,145

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

110. The Committee noted that inputs from other sources (i.e. US\$ 29,145) were lower than the contribution requested from PGTF. Therefore, according to guideline A(m) for utilization of PGTF resources, the maximum support that could be provided to the project would be US\$ 29,145. This amount is lower than the minimum PGTF contribution that would be needed to launch the project (i.e. US\$ 32,000, as indicated in the supporting documentation). In addition, it was not possible to ascertain the cooperative component of the project, as required by guideline A(f), since there were no written endorsements from the participating countries in the supporting documentation.

111. The Committee concluded that the proposal as submitted was not eligible for funding and therefore recommended that it should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

<u>Project proposal No. 11 – A study of cross-border road transport for facilitating the transit corridor</u> operations at the Thai-Myanmar and Thai-Cambodian border trades

112. The Department of Land Transport under the Ministry of Transport of Thailand submitted directly the proposal. Other participating countries would be Cambodia and Myanmar. The supporting documentation contained the Memorandum of Understanding for the establishment of the ASEAN Trucking Federation, signatories of which are the trucking federations of the three participating countries.

113. In the Great Mekong Sub region (GMS), many Asian highways were constructed with a view to enhancing and making more efficient the road transportation. These routes endow providers of transportation services with the capability to economically deliver goods to several countries, such as Cambodia and Myanmar. However, inefficient regulations related to transit movements between borders still exist, such as not allowing trucks from one country to transport cargo into another country. This results in double handling, unavoidable risks, cargo damage, theft and unnecessary costs. In order to enhance the competitiveness in cross-border road transport it is necessary to prepare and implement a suitable transit corridor operations plan.

114. According to the text of the proposal, the objective of the project is to study the cross-border road transport for economically facilitating corridor operations at the Thai-Myanmar and Thai-Cambodian borders. Transit corridor operations are emphasized at cargo container swapping. The project includes three main actions, namely (a) understanding of the current situation of transit corridor operations between Thailand and other countries; (b) preparation of an implementation plan for transit corridor operations; and (c) validation of suitable transit corridor operations by pilot users.

115. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in one (1) year, is estimated at US\$ 35,000, to totality of which is the contribution requested from PGTF. A breakdown of the total cost is provided below:

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Personnel	21,500	0	21,500
Travel	5,000	0	5,000
Focus groups	2,800	0	2,800
Other	5,700	0	5,700
Total	35,000	0	35,000

116. The Committee noted that the proposal contains no inputs from other sources and therefore does not comply with guideline A(m) for utilization of PGTF resources, which establishes that proposals should contain inputs from other sources of an amount at least equal to the resources requested from PGTF and that those inputs should be secured by the sponsors prior to the submission of the proposal. PGTF cannot therefore provide any support to this proposal.

117. The Committee concluded that this proposal as submitted is not eligible for funding and recommended that it should <u>not</u> avail form the financing of PGTF.

Project proposal No. 12 - Road Safety Audit Workshop

118. The Department of Rural Roads under the Ministry of Transport of Thailand submitted directly the proposal. Other participating countries would be Cambodia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Myanmar and Viet Nam. No institutions from the prospective partner countries were identified in the supporting documentation.

119. Road traffic accidents have been a crucial issue in Thailand for decades. Official data shows that the number of accidents on rural roads has increased and that it is likely to increase even more in the next years. The Department of Rural Roads has identified that the major causes of accidents are driver behavior and poor road conditions or black spots. The Road Safety Audit (RSA) is a method to identify potential of road safety issues and opportunities for improvement in road safety, with a view to reducing the number of accidents and saving human lives. RSA is a safety performance examination of an existing and future road and its goals are to identify road safety problems and to suggest measures to eliminate or mitigate any concerns.

120. According to the text of the proposal, the objective of the project is to organize an RSA workshop to provide training for auditors and other interested parties. The workshop would provide knowledge and standard methods of RSA and strengthen the RSA network among the participating countries. Speakers from leading international safety-audit organizations would provide accurate and reliable RSA methodologies as well as advise regarding implementation of RSA standards.

121.	otal cost of the project, to be implemented in two (2) days, is estimated at US\$ 34,350, the totality	of
which i	e contribution requested from PGTF. A breakdown of the total cost is provided below:	

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Travel	18,675	0	18,675
Accommodation	9,685	0	9,685
Training	960	0	960
Other	5,030	0	5,030
Total	34,350	0	34,350

122. The Committee noted that this proposal fails to comply with two of the guidelines for utilization of PGTF resources. Firstly, the proposal contains no inputs from other sources and therefore does not comply with guideline A(m) for utilization of PGTF resources, which establishes that proposals should contain inputs from other sources of an amount at least equal to the resources requested from PGTF, and that those inputs should be secured by the sponsors prior to the submission of the proposal. Secondly, it was not possible to ascertain the cooperative component of the project, as required by guideline A(f), since there was no written evidence of support from the participating countries in the supporting documentation.

123. The Committee therefore concluded that this proposal as formulated and submitted is not eligible for funding and recommended that it should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

Project proposal No. 13 – Phytase production by solid state fermentation for use in the animal feeding

124. The Autonomous University of Coahuila, based in Saltillo, Mexico, submitted directly the proposal. Other participating countries would be Brazil (through the Federal University of Pernambuco, based in Recife) and Cuba (through the Cuban Research Institute on Sugarcane by-Products – ICIDCA, based in Havana).

125. Faced with a growing food demand, societies have generated intensive development of the livestock industry and, at the same time, increased competition in this area has led producers to increase efficiency and reduce costs, adopting new production technologies. In this context, supplementation of animal diets with different types of enzymes promote better use of nutrients by the animals, accelerating their development and improving yields of their products, i.e. meat, milk, eggs, etc.

126. According to the text of the proposal, the objective of the project is to develop a technology for the production of *phytase* enzymes of interest in animal feeding, using solid-state fermentation from agricultural waste. In order to develop this process, different residues of agricultural production high in phytic acid or phytate will be analyzed, searching for a better production of the enzyme and establishing biotechnology relevant parameters for optimal production of *phytase*. The procedure will be performed based on the experiences of the three institutions that currently produce enzymes by solid state fermentation with a view to developing an economically more attractive process.

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Personnel	1,000	(*)	(*)
Travel	15,000	(*)	(*)
Training	2,000		
Equipment	12,000	(*)	(*)
Other	5,000	(*)	(*)
Total	35,000	45,000	80,000

127. Total cost of the project to be carried out in two (2) years is estimated at US\$ 80,000, and the contribution sought from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of the total cost is presented below:

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

128. The Committee noted that the proposal does not comply with two guidelines for utilization of PGTF resources. On the one hand, the proposal was not submitted through the national focal point for South-South cooperation or competent national authority, as required by guideline A(n). On the other hand, the proposal does not comply with guideline A(f), which requires that the cooperative component of the project should be established through written evidence of participation or interest from the participating countries. In the

supporting documentation, apart from the submitting institution, there is only one endorsement letter (from Cuba), and therefore the condition of a minimum of three participating countries is not fulfilled.

129. The Committee concluded that this proposal as submitted is not eligible for funding and therefore recommended that it should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

<u>Project proposal No. 14 –</u> *Training Program on Entrepreneurship Development through IT for OIC* Countries

130. The Islamic Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture (ICCIA), based in Karachi, Pakistan, submitted the proposal through the Permanent Observer Mission of Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC) to the United Nations. The proposal was endorsed by the 31st Session of the Standing Committee for Economic and Commercial Cooperation (COMCEC) of the OIC, held in Istanbul, Turkey on 23-26 November 2015 (cf. Resolution 31/15 of the COMCEC). Participating countries would be member countries of the OIC.

131. Entrepreneurship is an important aspect of economic growth and the backbone of any country for its development. The spirit of entrepreneurship brings about enthusiasm, persistence and the ability to seek entrepreneurial opportunities that lead to success. Entrepreneurs are essentially the engines of economic growth for a country. In this overall development, the use of information technology (IT) has been playing a vital role and growing rapidly over the last 10 to 15 years. However, the level of internet penetration rate (i.e. internet users/population) varies considerably: on the one hand, big business houses are using IT extensively to promote their products and have greatly benefitted. On the other hand, use of IT has not totally reached the entrepreneurs in small businesses or micro-enterprises. Even though technology has reached these areas, there is a lack of awareness and knowledge on doing business on-line, and at times they are unable to capitalize on technology.

132. According to the text of the proposal, the objective of the project is to provide training on the use of IT to develop entrepreneurship as an important tool for improvement of the economic wellbeing of individuals and societies. A training programme will be organized to this end, and it will provide the opportunity to discuss and help the participants to achieve online presence and increase their market reach via various online marketing strategies. The programme will be focused for youth and women enterprises, in particular start-ups.

133. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in three (3) days, is estimated at US\$ 70,000, and the contribution sought from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. Other inputs would be provided by the host country (US\$ 20,000) and ICCIA (US\$ 15,000). A breakdown of the total cost is provided below:

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Personnel	5,000	(*)	(*)
Travel	30,000	(*)	(*)
Training	0	(*)	(*)
Other	0	(*)	(*)
Total	35,000	35,000	70,000

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

134. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 28,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>one single tranche</u>.

Project proposal No. 15 – Clay and Bricks Molding

135. The Government of Ghana submitted the proposal. No other participating countries were identified in the supporting documentation.

136. The current housing deficit in Ghana is estimated at about 1.7 million houses by 2013. This vast deficit needed to be filled by bringing other stakeholders on board to partner with the Central Government in the delivery of affordable housing units with designs that would appeal to the population. The situation is further aggravated by the high cost of houses and the high rentals asked by house owners, including two-year rent advances before submitting the keys to a new occupant. Faced with increasing prices of building materials, alternative solutions have been proposed including clay bricks instead of expensive cement blocks

137. According to the text of the proposal, the objective of the project is to study the establishment of a clay and bricks molding enterprise, which would produce solid and hollow bricks from clay, a raw material abundant in the country. The enterprise will engage the services of local artisans who will be given some on-the-job training before being permanently engaged in the enterprise.

138. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in six to eight years, is estimated at US\$ 37,500 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 32,500. The others input (US\$ 5,000) will be provided inkind by the District Assembly. A breakdown of the total cost is provided below:

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Land and structure	0	5,000	5,000
Training	5,000	0	5,000
Equipment	21,500	0	21,500
Other	6,000	0	6,000
Total	32,500	5,000	37,500

139. The Committee noted that both the scope and structure of the proposal correspond to a project of a national nature, which is not eligible according to guideline A(f) for utilization of PGTF resources. In addition, the project does not comply with guideline A(m), which establishes that inputs form other sources should be of an amount at least equal to the resources requested from PGTF, and the maximum PGTF support would be limited to the amount of other inputs, that is US\$ 5,000.

140. The Committee concluded that the proposal as formulated and submitted is not eligible for funding and therefore recommended that it should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

<u>Project proposal No. 16-</u> Research on economic diversification of land-locked developing countries: Case of Mongolia, Nepal, Bhutan and Paraguay

141. The Government of Mongolia submitted the proposal through the Permanent Mission of Mongolia to the United Nations. Other participating countries would be Bhutan, Nepal and Paraguay.

142. Thirty-two landlocked developing countries situated in Africa, Asia, Europe and South America with a population of 440 million face special challenges that are associated with their lack of direct territorial access to the sea, as well as remoteness and isolation from world markets. It is estimated that the level of development of landlocked developing countries is on average 20 per cent lower than what it would be were they not landlocked. Many landlocked developing countries rely heavily on a few mineral resources and low-value agricultural products for their exports to a limited number of markets, making them highly vulnerable to

commodity prices and demand volatility. The problem is aggravated by their low productive capacities and structural weaknesses, which limit adding value to their exports and diversification of exports and markets.

143. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at analyzing the current economic situation of the four participating countries, finding out opportunities for export and market diversification and recommending the best policy approaches for economic diversification. The results of the study, to be carried out by the International Think Tank (ITT) for LLDCs could also beneficial for the governments of other landlocked developing countries in formulating their national policies on structural transformation.

144. Total cost of the project, to be carried out in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 75,000 and the contribution sought from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. Others input (US\$ 40,000) will be provided by the Government of Mongolia. A breakdown of the total cost is as follows:

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Travel and per diems	0	12,600	12,600
Sub-contract for research work	35,000	0	35,000
International workshop	0	23,400	23,400
Other	0	4,000	4,000
Total	35,000	40,000	75,000

145. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 35,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>one single tranche</u>.

<u>Project proposal No. 17 – A Proposal to Improve the Practically Diagnostic Capacities and Increased</u> Awareness of a Group of Abortive Diseases and Neonatal deaths in Cattle, Sheep and Goats, in Egypt, Algeria, Tunisia, Turkey, Afghanistan, Palestine and Jordan

146. The Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST), based in Irbid, Jordan, submitted the proposal through the Permanent Mission of Jordan to the United Nations. Other participating countries would be Afghanistan (through the Faculty of Veterinary Science of the Nangarhar University), Algeria (through the Institute of Veterinary Sciences of the University IBN-Khaldoun, based in Tiaret, and the Department of Veterinary Science of the University Chadli Bendjedid, based in El Tarf), Egypt (through the General Organization for Veterinary Services of the Ministry of Agriculture and Land Reclamation), Palestine (through the Ministry of Agriculture), Tunisia (through the National School of Veterinary Science of the University of La Manouba, based in Sidi Thabet) and Turkey (through the General Directorate of Agricultural Research and Policies, based in Ankara)

147. More than 400,000 sheep and goat farmers, 70,000 dairy cattle farmers in Afghanistan, Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Palestine, Tunisia and Turkey are influenced directly each year by the impact of a group of abortive diseases such as Chlamediosis, Toxoplasmosis, Campylobacteriosis and Brucellosis (abortions, decrease of milk production and animal productivity). Most of these diseases are zoonotic, i.e. they can be transmitted to humans, increasing the cost of these diseases in prevention and control of human diseases. In addition, each year the farmers complained of huge losses of newborn lambs, kids and calves as of undifferentiated diarrheas. These problems are common to most countries in the region, as evidenced in recent regional training workshops and meetings.

148. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at demonstrating, through expert discussion, presentations and practical training, how to reach accurate diagnosis of neonatal and abortive diseases and to design a control and prevention programme suitable to the participating countries. Specific objectives of the

project are (a) to enable sharing of expertise on abortive and neonatal disease diagnosis and epidemiology among the participating countries in animals and humans; (b) to facilitate transfer of knowledge and new diagnostic techniques related to abortive and neonatal animal diseases; (c) to exchange information on the pathology, mechanism and prevalence and status of the above diseases in animals and humans; (d) to enhance the human resource capacity in the laboratories for animal diseases diagnosis; (e) to increase awareness on how to use the best control and prevention measures for disease occurrence; (f) to increase awareness of farmers, animal scientists and the public about the epidemiology and the transmission of abortive and neonatal diseases; (g) to improve communication between and among scientists and veterinarians in the ministries of agriculture and health in the participating countries; and (h) to produce and publish a document on the status of abortive and neonatal diseases in the region.

149. Total cost of the project, to be carried out in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 70,000 and the contribution sought from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of the total cost is as follows:

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Personnel	12,000	7,000	19,000
Travel and transportation	8,000	4,000	12,000
Training	9,000	15,000	24,000
Equipment and materials	2,000	4,000	6,000
Other	4,000	5,000	9,000
Total	35,000	35,000	70,000

150. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 35,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>one single tranche.</u>

<u>Project proposal No. 18-Technical cooperation for the identification and characterization of specific</u> molecular markers to diagnose and control dioctophymosis

151. The National Research Council of Argentina (CONICET), based in Buenos Aires, Argentina submitted directly the proposal. Participating countries would be Argentina (through the Institute for Biochemicals Research – INIBI LP- of the National University of La Plata), Brazil (through the University of Contestado, based in Canoinhas, and the *Universidade Estadual Paulista* (Sao Paulo State University), based in Jaboticabal) and Uruguay (through the Institute Pasteur of Montevideo).

152. Dioctophymosis is a zoonotic parasitic infection caused by the giant kidney worm Dioctophyma renale. It develops in and completely destroys mammalian kidneys and is thereby a debilitating and potentially lethal parasite of domestic animals, endangered wildlife and humans. Changing climatic conditions, environmental degradation and compromised sanitation are increasing the area of incidence and hence the risk to humans. The main concerns about Dioctophymosis include the lack of more sensitive and specific diagnostic techniques in cases where (i) there are adults of only one sex in the kidneys; (ii) ectopically locations of the worm inside the host; and (iii) prepatent asymptomatic incubation periods of the disease.

153. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at identifying and characterizing specific proteins from *Dioctophyma renale* using biochemical and biophysical techniques, and to explore their value as diagnostic markers to be used in serological detection. Specific objectives of the project are (a) isolation and identification of highly immunogenic proteins from *Dioctophyma renale;* (b) testing lipid binding proteins (LBPs) and other proteins as diagnostic markers to diagnose dioctophymosis; (c) isolation of DNA and

genomic analysis; (d) interaction of LBPs from *Dioctophyma renale with lipids*; and (e) cellular functions of isolated LBPs from *Dioctophyma renale*.

154. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in two (2) years, is estimated at US\$ 135,000 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. The other inputs will be provided by the National Research Council of Argentina – CONICET (US\$ 93,000) and the National Agency of Promotion of Science and Technology (US\$ 7,000). A breakdown of the total cost is shown in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Personnel	0	(*)	(*)
Travel	6,000	(*)	(*)
Equipment	8,000	(*)	(*)
Consumables	21,000	(*)	(*)
Other	0	(*)	(*)
Total	35,000	100,000	135,000

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

155. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 27,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>two tranches</u>.

<u>Project proposal No. 19-</u> Replacing Traditional Prawn Catching and Night-fishing System with an Environment Friendly LED Lighting System

156. The EMACE Foundation of Sri Lanka, a non-governmental organization based in Moratuwa, Sri Lanka, submitted directly the proposal. Other participating countries would be Cambodia (through the Fisheries Action Coalition Team – FACT – based on Phnom Penh) and India (through the Centre for Research on New International Economic Order based in Taminadu).

157. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at introducing new technologies to the fishing industry with a view to minimizing environmental damage stemming from utilization of traditional practices, in particular by introducing an environmentally-friendly solar-charged LED lighting system to replace the use of kerosene lamps for night fishing. At the same time, project activities encourage fishery societies on how to increase their day-to-day income sources if they change their traditional practices in night fishing. To this end, the project includes (a) an attitude change seminar with the participation of fishery societies' representatives of the existing community-based organizations (CBOs) from the partner countries; (b) an awareness creating programme on why-and-how deviate from the traditional night fishing system; and (c) an international forum for establishing a fishery societies network for exchanging new knowledge.

158. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 76,000 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. The other inputs would be provided by EMACE (US\$ 35,000) and the participating countries (US\$ 6,000). A breakdown of the total cost is shown in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Personnel	4,200	(*)	(*)
Travel	20,000	(*)	(*)
Training	6,200	(*)	(*)
Equipment	3,500	(*)	(*)
Other	1,100	(*)	(*)
Total	35,000	41,000	76,000

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

159. The Committee noted that this proposal was not submitted through a national focal point for South-South cooperation or competent national authority, as appropriate, according to guideline A(n) for utilization of PGTF resources, but was instead submitted directly by a non-governmental organization. Except from this objection, the proposal complies with the rest of criteria for project eligibility. The Committee felt that, even though the proposal could be eligible for funding in light of its nature and structure, it should be resubmitted through an appropriate governmental channel, as required by the abovementioned guideline A(n).

160. The Committee concluded that this proposal could not be supported at this time and recommended that it should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

<u>Project proposal No. 20-</u> Advocacy for the formalization and regularization of entrepreneurs with disabilities in Peru, Ecuador, Argentina and Chile</u>

161. The *Asociación Pro Derechos Humanos* – APRODEH (Association for Human Rights) a nongovernmental organization based in Lima, Peru submitted directly the proposal. APRODEH has signed an interinstitutional cooperation agreement with the National Council for Integration of Persons with Disabilities (CONADIS), under the Ministry for Women and Vulnerable Populations of Peru. Other participating countries would Argentina, Chile and Ecuador.

162. Prejudices, stereotypes, and preconceived discriminatory ideas that have been built around persons with disabilities, and are embodied in the society in general, represent serious constraints to their social inclusion and hence the very limited opportunities they have to exercise their fundamental rights like health, education, and decent jobs according to their capacities constitute a serious challenge. In Peru there is still overlapping of two approaches regarding disabilities: medical-rehabilitative and healthcare, with a severe tendency to overprotection at several levels, namely the family environment, local and national governments. There are only limited worksites where persons with disabilities, especially in the 30 to 70 years range, may exercise their right to a decent job that translates into a secure income, due to two factors: disability and age.

163. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at promoting, with the participation of organizations of persons with disabilities, the formulation of inclusive public policies in the participating countries, empowering the organizations of persons with disabilities and supporting entrepreneurs and merchants of this population groups that receive little attention from the State. Specific activities of the project are (a) organization of an international gathering with the participation of representatives from various institutions of Argentina, Chile, Ecuador and Peru, with a view to exchanging information on the public policies promoted in each country in favor of entrepreneurship initiatives of persons with disabilities, for their socialization and dissemination at the local level; (b) strengthening of artisans and merchants' capacities regarding enhancement of productive quality, marketing, accounting, entrepreneurial training and labor legislation; (c) legal instruments in different governmental institutions that recognize and facilitate entrepreneurial and productive formalization of artisans with disabilities; and (d) dissemination of the results of the gatherings.

164. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in eight (8) months, is estimated at US\$ 70,000 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of the total cost is shown in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)		
Item	PGTF	Other	Total
Personnel	10,710	(*)	(*)
Travel	5,480	(*)	(*)
Accommodation	7,600	(*)	(*)
Other	11,210	(*)	(*)
Total	35,000	35,000	70,000

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

165. The Committee noted that this proposal does not comply with guideline A(f) for utilization of PGTF resources, since the supporting documentation contains no written endorsements from the prospective participating countries, which are a requisite to ascertain the cooperative component of the project and hence its eligibility. In addition, the proposal does not comply with guideline A(n), because the proposal was submitted directly by a non-governmental organization and not through the national focal point for South-South cooperation or competent national authority, as appropriate, according to the provisions of the guideline.

166. The Committee concluded that the proposal as submitted is not eligible for funding and recommended that it should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

Project proposal No. 21-"Guerreiros sem armas" – training of community entrepreneurs

167. The ELOS Institute, based in Santos, Brazil submitted the proposal through the Brazilian Cooperation Agency (ABC). Other participating countries would be Colombia, India, Peru and Zimbabwe.

168. According to UN Habitat the number of city dwellers will double by 2050 and an estimated 96% of urban growth is expected to occur in developing countries. An estimated 30 to 40% of the population in cities will live in slums. As a result of the failure of urban planning and the construction sector in matching demand for homes, a huge housing backlog has led to the development of slums in a variety of contexts globally. Due to constraints in formal housing and land delivery systems, more and more people who would otherwise qualify for housing programmes are resorting to slum settlements. In Brazil, the Elos Institute has a long experience in bottom-up community development and participatory leadership towards social and community entrepreneurship. All its programmes, which take place in socially challenged communities, aim at mobilizing communities to undertake community projects, based on their collective dreams and using available talents and resources. Community members are activated and in the process involve people in creating concrete results such as community centers, parks, gardens and children facilities, community services and community enterprises.

169. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at building capacity of community entrepreneurs and execution of projects of participatory urban development. The community entrepreneurs from the participating countries will directly realize community-driven entrepreneurial projects in three communities in Brazil and acquire learnings and capacities to replicate tools in their own countries. The programme will consist of four phases, namely (a) selection of entrepreneurs through an action oriented process; (b) capacity building programme for the selected entrepreneurs; (c) inter-local implementation in the communities of the entrepreneurs; and (d) sharing of learnings.

170. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in eighteen (18) months, is estimated at US\$ 200,000 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. It should be noted that in the breakdown of the total cost is provided in the supporting documentation the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 30,000 rather than US\$ 35,000, as shown in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)						
Item	PGTF Other						
Personnel	0	(*)	(*)				
Travel	5,000	(*)	(*)				
Training	20,000	(^)	(*)				
Other	5,000	(*)	(*)				
Total	30,000	165,000	195,000				

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

171. The Committee noted some inconsistencies in the budget figures contained in the proposal, in particular those referring to the contribution requested form PGTF. In addition, the proposal does not comply with guideline A(f) for utilization of PGTF, which establishes that the cooperative component of the project should be ascertained through written evidence of declared interest of or participation in the activities of the project by the prospective participating countries. The supporting documentation contains no written endorsements.

172. The Committee concluded that the proposal as submitted is not eligible for funding and therefore recommended that this proposal should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

<u>Project proposal No. 22</u>.-*Technical cooperation project on community reintegration, violence prevention, child recruitment prevention and peace building issues*

173. The Colombian Agency for Reintegration (ACR), based in Bogota, Colombia submitted the proposal through the Colombian Presidential Agency for International Cooperation (APC). Other participating countries would be El Salvador, Guatemala and Honduras. The proposal was endorsed by PREVENIR/GIZ, a regional programme implemented through the German Agency for International Cooperation (GIZ), with activities in the El Salvador, Guatemala and Honduras.

174. For more than 60 years, Colombia has been immersed in an internal armed conflict in which the State and different organized armed outlaw groups are facing each other. Even if in the last 15 years significant advances have been made towards the resolution of the conflict, yet the recruitment and utilization of children, girls, teenagers and young adults in illicit activities or in criminal organizations is a risk in the territories. In 2015, the level of risk in every part of the Colombian territory remains between medium and high. In this respect, the country has learned that the phenomenon is not explained only by the armed conflict, but is fed by vulnerability factors. Likewise, more than 4,000 minors have been detached from the armed groups in Colombia but still plenty of them are active in the various illegal active groups. This demonstrates the need to generate strong and consolidated child recruitment prevention strategies, which can strengthen secure environments in the communities, generating opportunities and different life options from the armed conflict for the communities, families, children and youth. The Colombian Agency for Reintegration (ACR) implements since 2010 a strategy in different regions of the country, aimed at strengthening protective environments and generating highlight capacities in selected municipalities in relation to child and adolescents recruitment, and sustain the process of reintegration of former combatants.

175. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at carrying out a training programme to allow the exchange of methodologies, transfer of tool boxes and identification of lessons learned and best practices

of ACR and PREVENIR/GIZ for community reintegration, violence prevention, child recruitment and peacebuilding. Specifically, the project will benefit communities in the territories in which reintegration programmes, violence prevention and child recruitment are implemented, in addition with the technical skills of those professionals responsible for the design, implementation and monitoring of these initiatives that will be strengthened in the participating countries..

176. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 36,561 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 23,499. A breakdown of the total cost is shown in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)					
Item	PGTF Other					
Personnel	0	(*)	(*)			
Travel	14,423	(*)	(*)			
Training	9,076	(*)	(*)			
Other	0	(*)	(*)			
Total	23,499	13,062	36,561			

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

177. The Committee noted that the inputs from other sources (US\$ 13,062) is significantly lower than the contribution requested from PGTF (US\$ 23,499). According to guideline A(m) for utilization of PGTF resources, which establishes that inputs from other sources should be of an amount at least equal to the resources requested from PGTF, the maximum support that could be given to the project would be US\$ 13,062. This amount is lower than the minimum contribution needed to launch the project (US\$ 23,499), as indicated by the submitting entity in the supporting documentation. In addition, the proposal fails to comply with guideline A(f) since it does not contain written endorsements from the participating countries. Even though there is a written endorsement from the regional programme PREVENIR, which is present in three of the participating countries, the Committee felt that the written endorsements should be provided by institutions of those countries.

178. The Committee concluded that it was not possible to provide a meaningful support to the project as submitted and therefore recommended that this proposal should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

<u>Project proposal No. 23-</u> Innovative experiences in technology utilization in libraries of Peru, Uruguay and Colombia

179. The non-governmental organization Makaia, based in Medellin, Colombia, submitted the proposal through the Colombian Presidential Agency for International Cooperation (APC). Other participating countries would be Peru (through the National Library of Peru, based in Lima), and Uruguay (through the National Telecommunications Administration – ANTEL – based in Montevideo).

180. Technology is of the utmost importance for developing countries, and redefinition of communications and access to information constitutes an essential factor for promotion and social development. The information or digital era brings about important challenges for countries, in particular through technology appropriation, which enables all players in society to have an assertive role. This is the ideal scenario where technological advances stimulate social growth and collaborative networking. At the same time that it is perceived as an opportunity, for some audiences it is presented as a digital gap, like social segregation that defines access to information as the access to the tool, making more visible audiences lagging behind in the information era. Among the many spaces that are social areas of ITC appropriation, libraries appear as those elements linked to the technology and, in spite of the fact that since the digital revolution people tend to use digital vehicles such as the internet and cellular phones, the technical capacities and capabilities of the libraries

are being strengthened, This has resulted in more visibility, training and services that permit to offset the erroneous perception that libraries are outdated. Modern public libraries have a key role to play in the promotion of individual and community development, and to this end they need people and organizations committed to the idea that endowment and appropriation of ITC in these spaces contribute to promote and strengthen impacts on the social and economic development. In this context, the three participating institutions joined their efforts to launch the "Beyond Access" project, aimed at developing library services and incorporation of technology with a view to give greater visibility to the libraries and promote them as development agents.

181. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at furthering the "Beyond Access" initiative, by expanding the library services so as to position libraries as spaces of inclusive access to culture, information and knowledge; transforming public libraries into technology innovation centers, sites for learning, team working, social inclusion and development. While libraries have traditionally played an important role in the cultural and education sectors, the project will focus on endowing libraries with technology with a view to strengthening their capacities to make an impact on society, motivate librarians to use new technologies and develop technological skills to enable them to support society in general to understand and utilize technology to promote social development.

182. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in six (6) months, is estimated at US\$ 70,000 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of the total cost is shown in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)				
Item	PGTF	Other	Total		
Personnel	8,915	(*)	(*)		
Travel	18,253	(*)	(*)		
Sub-contracts	800	(*)	(*)		
Equipment	7,032	(*)	(*)		
Other	0	(*)	(*)		
Total	35,000	35,000	70,000		

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

183. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 27,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>one single tranche.</u>

<u>Project proposal No. 24-</u> *Effective microorganisms: production and application in agriculture, postharvest fruit and animal husbandry*

184. The Cuban Research Institute on Sugarcane by-Products (ICIDCA), based in Havana, Cuba submitted the proposal through the Permanent Mission of Cuba to the United Nations. Participating countries would be Argentina (through the National University of Tucuman), Cuba (through ICIDCA and the National Institute of Agricultural Sciences, based in Mayabeque), and Mexico (through the Faculty of Chemical Sciences of the Autonomous University of Coahuila, based in Saltillo).

185. Increasing agricultural productivity, diversification and added value are the best option for Southern countries to achieve stable and sustained growth of the agricultural sector, in a scenario characterized by the slowdown in global demand for food products. Countries in the Latin American and Caribbean region have made significant efforts to increase the value added of agricultural products and improve their marketing channels. The greater degree of awareness of farmers on climate change and the need to use more

environmentally-friendly methods have prompted the use of bio-products, which will be one of the trends in the coming years. Effective microorganisms, a mixed culture of microorganisms isolated from the environment, can be applied as inoculants in order to increase the quality of the soil as well as yield and quality of crops.

186. According to the text of the proposal, the overall objective of the project is to support research to develop technologies based on identified strains from participating countries, leading to quality products that contribute to their integration in production systems with the consequent reduction of chemicals for agriculture, animal production and postharvest preservation of fruits and vegetables. Specific objectives are (a) design of a technological process for the production of efficient microorganisms inoculants; (b) assessment of at least three applications of agricultural and livestock interest; (c) training of researchers; and (d) training of at least 50 small producers.

187. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in two (2) years, is estimated at US\$ 80,000 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 35,000. A breakdown of the total cost is shown in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)				
Item	PGTF Other				
Personnel	2,000	(*)	(*)		
Travel	12,000	(*)	(*)		
Training	4,000	(*)	(*)		
Equipment	9,000	(*)	(*)		
Other	8,000	(*)	(*)		
Total	35,000	45,000	80,000		

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

188. The Committee considered that this proposal complies in general with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal avail from the financing of PGTF and that **US\$ 27,000** be allocated to this end. This contribution should be disbursed in <u>two tranches.</u>

Project proposal No. 25-NYSC War against Poverty Project

189. The National Youth Service Corps (NYSC) of Nigeria, based in Abuja, Nigeria submitted directly the proposal. No other participating countries were identified in the supporting documentation.

190. Nigeria is faced with a fast growing population of young people but slow economic growth which has resulted in a high rate of unemployment among university and polytechnic graduates. The National Youth Service Corps (NYSC) War against Poverty Programme (WAP) is an economic empowerment programme which focuses on job creation and targets the university/polytechnic graduates who are called-up for a year national service (corps members). It seeks to empower corps members with agro-enterprise skills and corresponding interest-free loans with a view to generating employment, eradicating extreme poverty and hunger, creating wealth and boosting agricultural productivity for food security.

191. According to the text of the proposal, the objective of the project is to provide training to 400 corps members in agro-enterprises such as fish farming, snail breeding, grasscutter farming, poultry production, animal husbandry and banana/plantain sucker multiplication. At the end of the training corps members are empowered with interest-free loans (equivalent to US\$ 1,000 to 1,500) repayable over thirty (30) months. The corps entrepreneurs, in addition to creating wealth and becoming self-reliant, are expected to train and mentor

at least ten (10) community youths who are to embrace self-employment as well as employ other youths in the community.

192. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in twelve (12) months, is estimated at US\$ 334,809 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 34,809. The other inputs of the project (i.e. US\$ 300,000) would be provided as seed capital through a revolving loan for 400 members of the National Youth Service Corps. A breakdown of the total cost is shown in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)				
Item	PGTF	Other	Total		
Personnel	864	(*)	(*)		
Travel	14,480	(*)	(*)		
Accommodation	14,000	(*)	(*)		
Training	3,040	(*)	(*)		
Other	2,425	(*)	(*)		
Total	34,809	300,000	334,809		

(*) No breakdown was provided in the supporting documentation

193. The Committee noted that both the scope and activities of the proposal correspond to a project of a national nature, which is not eligible for funding according to the provisions of guideline A(f) for utilization of PGTF resources, and therefore recommended that this proposal should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

<u>Project proposal No. 26-</u> Promotion of Human Rights for the Persons with Disabilities in Bangladesh (PHRPBD)

194. SANGRAM (Sangathita Gramunnayan Karmasuchi), a non-governmental organization based in Barguna, Bangladesh submitted directly the proposal. The proposal was endorsed by the Executive Committee at its meeting held on 23 February 2016. No other participating countries were identified in the supporting documentation.

195. Promotion of social rights and assistance for persons with disabilities should be a highly prioritized activity in global consideration. According to the United Nations, 10% of the world population has disabilities and their number has been increasing day by day due to congenital effects and manmade unwanted destructive activities. In this regard the southern coastal belt of Bangladesh is frequently affected by natural disasters (big and small cyclones) where women and children are the main victims, and many become disabled. It is necessary to assist people with disabilities in terms of establishing their social rights, raising their voice and ensuring physical and socio-economic accessibility at all levels of society.

196. According to the text of the proposal, the project aims at identifying and benefitting a population of 450 persons with disabilities. To this end, the project involves (a) proper identification of the population of persons with disabilities through a baseline survey, house to house visits and data collection; (b) making this population aware of their rights, raising their voices, preparing a development plan and involving in mainstreaming; (c) providing treatment and assistive devices to this population, as per need; and (d) constructing 20 ramps in schools and houses and promoting practice of disabled friendly games in schools.

197. Total cost of the project, to be implemented in twenty-four (24) months, is estimated at US\$ 34,815 and the contribution requested from PGTF amounts to US\$ 17,407.50. A breakdown of the total cost is shown in the table below:

	Total contribution (US\$)				
Item	PGTF	Other	Total		
Personnel	4,500	1,000	5,500		
Travel	1,000	1,300	2,300		
Sub-contracts	1,000	100	1,100		
Training	675	1,075	1,750		
Equipment	1,000	4,700	5,700		
Other	9,232.5	9,232.5	18,465		
Total	17,407.5	17,407.5	34,815		

198. The Committee noted that, even though the situation addressed by the project is of the utmost importance, both the scope and activities of the proposal correspond to a project of a national nature, which is not eligible for funding according to the provisions of guideline A(f) for utilization of PGTF resources. The Committee therefore recommended that this proposal should <u>not</u> avail from the financing of PGTF.

Project INT/00/K08 – "Support to the Committee of Experts" – Contribution Agreement

199. Project INT/00/K08 supports the work of the Committee of Experts. Allocations of US\$ 30,000 in 2007, US\$ 40,000 in 2008, and US\$ 35,000 in 2009 were approved with a view to providing the resources to hold up to a maximum of two meetings of the Committee per year, as established in guideline B(i) for utilization of PGTF resources. This allocation was based on actual costs of the meetings of the Committee, which averaged US\$ 15,000 per meeting from 1998 to 2005, but increased to US\$ 18,000 in 2006, US\$ 20,000 in 2007 and US\$ 22,500 in 2008. In 2009 the cost per meeting was also US\$ 22,500 and in 2010 it increased to US\$ 25,000. In 2011, the estimated cost per meeting was reduced to US\$ 25,000 in 2012 as a fifth member came from his capital. Estimated cost for 2013 was reduced to US\$ 20,000 as only four members would come from their capitals.

200. In light of the very limited resources available, in 2009 the Committee recommended that the allocation be reduced from two to one meeting per year and this practice has been followed in subsequent years. As a result, no further allocation was made to the budget of project INT/00/K08 for 2010 and the balance of funds in the project was utilized to cover costs for that year.

201. In 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013 the Committee recommended allocating respectively US\$ 30,000, US\$ 22,000, 20,000 and US\$ 20,000 to cover the cost of one meeting each year, as well as the funds needed for dissemination and resource mobilization activities.

202. The costs for holding one meeting in 2015 were estimated at US\$ 30,000, and given that some US\$ 10,000 would be needed for resource mobilization and dissemination activities, the Committee recommended a budget increase of project INT/00/K08 and allocating US\$ 25,000 to cover expenses in 2015. The difference between this allocation and estimated costs (US\$ 40,000) would be funded from the estimated balance of funds in the project at the end of 2014.

203. In late 2014, a Contribution Agreement was signed between PGTF and UNOSSC with a view to providing the funds for supporting the costs of holding the Committee meetings and expenses related to fund raising and dissemination of PGTF activities. The unspent balance of allocations made to project INT/00/K08 was transferred to the new mechanism. In 2015 a new multi-year Contribution Agreement was signed aimed at providing continuity in the support to the Committee of Experts.

204. In light of the projected costs for holding one meeting in 2016, estimated at US\$ 30,000, the Committee recommended a budget increase of the Contribution Agreement and allocating US\$ 25,000 to cover expenses in 2016. Actual expenses in 2015 were US\$ 23,404 and the unspent balance of US\$ 1,596 was rolled over to 2016 and added to the 2016 allocation, which would then be US\$ 26,596. The projected costs for holding one meeting in 2017 and supporting fund raising and dissemination of PGTF activities are estimated at US\$ 35,000, mainly due to the fact that all the six members of the Committee are coming from their capitals or postings outside of New York. In this context, the Committee recommended a budget increase of the Contribution Agreement and allocating US\$ 30,000 to cover expenses in 2017.

SUMMARY OF PROJECT PROPOSALS RECOMMENDED FOR ADOPTION

205. In summary, the Committee recommended that the following thirteen (13) new project proposals plus a budget increase for an existing project avail from the financing of PGTF and resources allocated to this end amount to US\$ 435,000. A breakdown of this total is provided below:

<u>Project</u>	Title	Allocation (\$US)
(1)	E-commerce Development Programme for SMEs from Developing Countries	(\$03)
(1)	2017.	33,000
(2)	Capacity building on management and utilization of solar energy resource for improving living-condition in rural area	32,000
(3)	Bamboo Development Assessment for Asia and Africa under China's "One	,
	Belt and One Road" Initiative	33,000
(4)	Seminar on Renewable Energy and Off-grid Power System for East African	
	Countries	35,000
(5)	Application and Promotion of Plastic Functional Materials in Developing	
	Countries	32,000
(6)	Micro Hydropower Plant Development on Existing Irrigation Canals for	
	Sustainable Socioeconomic Development of Rural Areas: Pilot Projects in	22.000
(7)	Selected Developing Countries	33,000
(7)	Cooperation for intellectual property and productive transformation in Latin	20.000
(0)	America and the Caribbean	28,000
(8)	Training Program on Entrepreneurship Development through IT for OIC	29 000
$\langle 0 \rangle$	Countries	28,000
(9)	Research on economic diversification of land-locked developing countries:	25 000
(10)	Case of Mongolia, Nepal, Bhutan and Paraguay	35,000
(10)	A Proposal to Improve the Practically Diagnostic Capacities and Increased	
	Awareness of a Group of Abortive Diseases and Neonatal deaths in Cattle,	
	Sheep and Goats, in Egypt, Algeria, Tunisia, Turkey, Afghanistan, Palestine	25.000
(11)	and Jordan	35,000
(11)	Technical cooperation for the identification and characterization of specific	27 000
(12)	molecular markers to diagnose and control dioctophymosis	27,000
(12)	Innovative experiences in technology utilization in libraries of Peru, Uruguay	27 000
(1)	and Colombia	27,000
(13)	Effective microorganisms: production and application in agriculture,	35 000
(1.4)	postharvest fruit and animal husbandry	27,000
(14)	Budget increase for project INT/00/K08 – "Support to the Committee of Experts"	20.000
	– Contribution Agreement	<u>30,000</u> 135,000
	IOIAL	435,000

206. According to the information provided by UNOSSC, uncommitted resources in 2016 amount to approximately US\$ 435,179, including the projected interest earnings from 1 January to 31 December 2016.

These uncommitted resources are the difference between total assets as of 5 July 2016 (US\$ 8,060,038), plus a US\$ 2,000 contribution received just before the closing of the meeting, and the core capital (US\$ 7,000,000) and liabilities, which consist of the reserve for commitments to approved projects (US\$ 626,859). A detailed breakdown of the financial status of PGTF is provided in Annex IV.

207. Total resources requested by the eligible proposals recommended for adoption in the table above are US\$ 481,000. Resources available (i.e. US\$ 435,000) were sufficient to meet 90 per cent of the amount requested. Actual allocations to the proposals were made based on priorities derived from the specific merits of the proposals, country and regional coverage, and equitable geographical distribution.

208. However, due to the present low level of interest earnings and the prospects that this situation might prevail in the foreseeable future, PGTF is still facing an emergency situation that may not only undermine its capacity to meaningfully support South-South cooperation but may even threaten its own sustainability. The Committee wished to stress that immediate assistance by the members of the Group of 77 to supplement interest earnings continues to be needed to enable PGTF to successfully overcome the present difficult circumstances.

IV. ASSESSMENT OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF APPROVED PROJECTS

209. The Committee examined the status of implementation of projects adopted by the 33rd to 39th Annual Meetings of Ministers for Foreign Affairs, held in New York respectively in the months of September from 2009 to 2015.

210. The following forty-five (45) terminal, financial and progress reports on projects under implementation were made available to the Committee of Experts:

- 1. Final report submitted by the Peru Export and Tourism Promotion Board (PROMPERU) for project INT/12/K02 "Search of new markets for fruits and vegetables"
- 2. Final report submitted by the Ministry of Foreign Trade and Tourism of Peru for project INT/12/K04 "Programme for the development of mechanisms for exports of services in the free zones of Colombia, Brazil and Peru"
- 3. Final report submitted by the Islamic Conference Youth Forum for Dialogue and Cooperation ICYF-DC) From Turkey for project INT/13/K03 – "OIC-LDC Youth Entrepreneurship Development – Educational Seminar and Training (YED) Programme"
- 4. Final report submitted by the General Directorate for Agrarian Competitiveness from Peru for project INT/13/K05 "Strengthening of the South American network for the textile and commercial standardization of fine natural hair of South American camelids (Alpaca) in Argentina, Bolivia and Peru"
- 5. Final report submitted by the Promotion Association for Mountain-River-Lake Regional Sustainable Development (MRLSD) from China for project INT/13/K10 –" Integrated solution to drinking water safety issues in rural areas"
- 6. Final report submitted by the Hangzhou Regional Center (Asia-Pacific) for Small Hydropower from China for project INT/13/K11 "Technical training on small hydropower among ASEAN countries"
- 7. Final report submitted by the Jordan University of Science and Technology for project INT/14/K01 – "Enhancing the Preparedness and Awareness of the Concerned Governmental Authorities and Farmers on the Spread and Control of Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) in Egypt, Algeria, Palestine and Jordan"
- 8. Final report submitted by Islamic Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture (ICCIA) from Pakistan for project INT/15/K06 "Development of a mechanism for joint ventures and partnership among women-led enterprises through South-South Cooperation"
- 9. Final report submitted by the Consumer Unity and Trust Society Center for International Trade, Economics and Environment (CUTS-CITEE) from Kenya for project INT/16/K12 _

"Relevance of competition and regulatory reforms in the post-2015 Development Agenda in developing countries"

- 10. Financial statement submitted by the Executive Secretariat of the Group of 77 in New York for project INT/00/K08 "Support to the Committee of Experts of PGTF-Contribution Agreement"
- 11. Progress report submitted by the Biomass Institute of the Ministry of Agriculture of China (BIOMA) for project INT/10/K04 "Application and dissemination of reinforced fiberglass biogas digester for remote and low-income households"
- 12. Progress report submitted by the Executive Secretariat of the Group of 77 for project INT/12/K05 "Consortium on Science, Technology and Innovation for the South (COSTIS)"
- 13. Progress report submitted by the National Institute of Higher Education, Research, Science and Technology (NIHERST) from Trinidad and Tobago for project INT/12/K07 – "Made in the Caribbean"
- 14. Progress report submitted by the China National Bamboo Research Center (CBRC) for project INT/12/K10 – "Assessment of bamboo shoot development for food in Africa and Latin America"
- 15. Progress report submitted by the Regional Cooperation Office for City Informatization of the Centre International de Formation des Autorités Locales (CIFAL) from China for project INT/12/K11 "IT device assembling capability building and technology transfer to the developing countries"
- 16. Progress report submitted by the Finlay Institute, Center for Research-Production of Vaccines from Cuba for project INT/12/K15 "Scientific-technical observatory on vaccines (VaCyT)"
- 17. Progress report submitted by the Cuban Institute for Research on Sugarcane by-Products for project INT/12/K16 "Bio-ethanol production from alternative substrates (BEPAS)"
- 18. Progress report submitted by the Mercosur Economic Research Network (MercoNet) based in Uruguay for project INT/12/K17 "Regional cooperation for international liquidity management in Mercosur"
- 19. Progress report submitted by the Mercosur Economic Research Network (MercoNet) based in Uruguay for project INT/13/K07 "Regional integration and infrastructure for development in Latin America"
- 20. Progress report submitted by the Cuban Research Institute on Sugar Cane by-Products (ICIDCA) from Cuba for project INT/13/K08 "Decontamination of distillery slops by microbial protein propagation"
- 21. Progress report submitted by the China National Bamboo Research Center for project INT/13/K12 – "Assessment of bamboo bioenergy development in Africa and Latin America"
- 22. Progress report submitted by the Jordan Society for Thought and Dialogue (JSTD) from Jordan for project INT/14/K02 – "Improving Parliamentarians' Capacity on Environmental Legislations with emphasis on Genetically Modified Organisms (GMOs) in Algeria, Palestine and Jordan"
- 23. Progress report submitted by "Obispo Colombres" Agro-industrial Experimental Station from Argentina for project IN/14/K05 "Gasification of residual biomass from sugarcane crops for power generation"
- 24. Progress report submitted by the National University of Tucuman from Argentina for project IN/14/K06 "Synthesis, characterization and evaluation of bio products of industrial application"
- 25. Progress report submitted by the National University of La Plata from Argentina for project IN/14/K07 "Technical cooperation for the development of therapeutic strategies to control helminthes infections of global importance"
- 26. Progress report submitted by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community based in Fiji for project INT/14/K09 "Promotion of indigenous pig and chicken breeds in Fiji, Niue and Cook Islands through marketing and consumption"

- 27. Progress report submitted by the Cuban Research Institute on Sugar Cane by-Products (ICIDCA) for project INT/14/K10 "Protein enrichment of lignocellulose residues for animal feed from sugar industry effluents"
- 28. Progress report submitted by the China National Bamboo Center (CBRC) for project INT/15/K01 – "Promoting bamboo industrialization through value chain study in China, Nepal and Viet Nam"
- 29. Progress report submitted by the Freshwater Fisheries Research Center from China for project INT/15/K02 "Improving of recirculating aquaculture system(RAS) performance in Viet Nam and Sri Lanka"
- 30. Progress report submitted by the Fujian Provincial Science and Technology Exchange Center with Foreign Countries from China for project INT/15/K03 – "Demonstration and promotion of high-yield and high-quality cultivation and deep processing technology of Ganoderma Lucidum in developing countries"
- 31. Progress report submitted by the International Center for Small Hydropower (ICSHP) from China for project INT/15/K04 – "Overcoming existing barriers to small hydropower development in Southern and Eastern African countries"
- 32. Progress report submitted by Pir Mehr Ali Shah (PMAS) Arid Agriculture University from Pakistan for project INT/15/K07 – "Surveillance and pathogen characterization of Bacterial Canker of Stone Fruits using biochemical and molecular methods and its bio-management"
- 33. Progress report submitted by the South American Network on Applied Economics (MercoNet) from Uruguay for project IN/15/K08 "Natural resources management in Latin America: Lessons learned and opportunities for South-South cooperation with Africa"
- 34. Progress report submitted by Institute of Agricultural Biology at the National University of Cuyo from Argentina for project IN/15/K09 "Analytical evaluation of the effects of environmental factors on wine quality"
- 35. Progress report submitted by the Cuban Environmental Agency (AMA) from Cuba for project IN/15/K11 "Capacity development for risk reduction management centers in the Caribbean"
- 36. Progress report submitted by the International Center on Small Hydropower (ICSHP) from China for project INT/16/K03 – "Regional database system promoting programme for small hydropower development in Africa"
- 37. Progress report submitted by the National Research Institute for Rural Electrification from China for project INT/16/K04 – "Seminar on hydro power development planning for South Asian countries"
- 38. Progress report submitted by the Asia Pacific Edible Mushroom Training Center from China for project INT/16/K05 "Technology transfer on edible mushroom cultivation in Cuba and Nepal"
- 39. Progress report submitted by the Fujian Provincial Science and Technology Exchange Center with Foreign Countries from China for project INT/16/K06 "Demonstration and promotion of high-yield and high-quality cultivation and advanced processing technology of Spirulina in developing countries"
- 40. Progress report submitted by the China National Bamboo Research Center for project INT/16/K07 – "The successful bamboo development model in China and its implications to Indonesia and Viet Nam"
- 41. Progress report submitted by the National Technology University from Argentina for project IN/16/K08 "Bio hydrogen from wastes of sugar cane, onions and manioc"
- 42. Progress report submitted by the Institute for Social and Economic Development from Argentina for project INT/16/K09 – "International network of ethnography with children and teenagers"
- 43. Progress report submitted by the Cuban Research Institute for Sugarcane by-Products (ICIDCA) for project IN/16/K10 "Distillery yeasts: Survey of quality standards for ethanol and food grade biotechnological industries"

- 44. Progress report submitted by the Permanent Secretariat of the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System (SELA) based in Venezuela for project IN/16/K11 "Cooperation in science, technology and innovation in Latin America and the Caribbean"
- 45. Progress report submitted by Inter Press Service (IPS) for project INT/16/K14 "Journal of the Group of 77"

211. According to the status of their implementation, approved projects can be grouped into several categories:

(a) Projects completed;

(b) Projects under implementation;

- (c) Projects under preparation still to be implemented;
- (d) Projects cancelled and allocated funds reverted to PGTF;
- (e) Projects under query.

212. Completed and cancelled projects could be considered as inactive and their main features are included as reference in Annex II.

A. **Projects under implementation**

213. Forty-five (45) approved projects were being implemented as of the date of the Thirty-first Meeting of the Committee of Experts. This total is the result of thirty-nine (39) projects that were under implementation during the period between the thirtieth and thirty-first meetings of the Committee, plus fifteen (15) that started being implemented during this period, minus eight (8) that were completed and one (1) that was cancelled. Detailed information on the status of these projects is provided below:

(--) Support to the Committee of Experts of PGTF (Contribution Agreement)

<u>Submitter</u>: Chair of the Group of 77 in New York
 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$111,236
 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil
 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K08
 <u>Duration</u>: Four years
 <u>Approval</u>: 14th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 3 October 1990)
 <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Chairman of the Group of 77 on 20 June 2001 and by the UNDP on 7 June 2001

215. This project corresponds to a continuation of project INT/90/K08, and allocated funds come from the re-allocation of the remaining balance of project INT/90/K08 approved in October 1990 (US\$101,236) plus a budget increase of US\$10,000 approved in September 1999, i.e. a total of US\$111,236. As such, it should not be counted as an additional new project in the follow-up of the implementation of approved projects.

216. The available funds were utilized to support the meetings of the PGTF Committee of Experts from 2001 to 2006, according to the detail provided below:

PGTF Committee of Experts Meeting	Amount (US\$)	Date request for funds	Date funds received	Date submission financial report
16 th (2001)	20,480	22-Jun-2001	29-Jun-2001	28-Dec-2001
17 th (2002)	20,480	10-May-2002	16-Jul-2002	13-Dec-2002
First Special and 18th (2003)	22,700	12-Dec-2002	11-Mar-2003	27-Dec-2003
19 th (2004)	22,700	6-April-2004	6-July-2004	22-Dec-2004
20 th (2005)	22,700	5-Jul-2005	15-Jul-2005	21-Dec-2005
21 st (2006)	2,176	15-Sept-2006	6-Dec-2006	6-Dec-2006
TOTAL	111,236			

217. Following full utilization of funds available, since 2007 the Annual Ministerial Meetings of the Group of 77 have made budget increases to the project to cover expenses related to the meetings of the Committee of Experts of PGTF, as well as expenses related to fund-raising and dissemination of PGTF activities. A detail of budget increases and funds utilization from 2006 to 2013 is provided in the table below:

Annual Ministerial Meeting approval	Budget increase (US\$)	Committee of Experts Meeting	Amount requested (US\$)	Date request for funds	Date funds received	Date submission financial report
30 th (2006)	30,000	22 nd (2007)	30,000	6-Dec-2006	24-April-2007	26-Dec-2007
31 st (2007)	40,000	23 rd (2008)	20,000	7-April-2008	9-Jul-2008	15-Dec-2008
32 nd (2008)	35,000	24 th (2009)	27,500	9-Jun-2009	1-Jul-2009	15-Dec-2009
33 rd (2009)	0	25 th (2010)	27,500	13-May-2010	May-2010	20-Dec-2010
34 th (2010)	30,000	26 th (2011)	25,000	18-April-2011	11-May-2011	20-Dec-2011
35 th (2011)	22,000	27 th (2012)	22,000	3-May-2012	16-May-2012	8-Nov-2012
36 th (2012)	20,000	28 th (2013)	20,000	20-May-2013	16-Jul-2013	19-Dec-2013
37 th (2013)	20,000	29 th (2014)	20,000	3-Jul-2014	12-Dec-2014	15-June-2015
TOTAL	197,000		192,000			

218. As indicated in the section regarding budget increase for project INT/00/K08, this instrument was replaced in 2014 by a one-year contribution agreement and in 2015 by a multi-year contribution agreement (2015-2020).

Annual Ministerial Meeting approval	Budget increase (US\$)	Committee of Experts Meeting	Advance requested (US\$)	Date request for funds	Date funds received	Actual expenditure (US\$)	Date submission financial report
38 th (2014)	25,000	30 th (2015)	18,000	30-Jul-2015	6-Oct-2015	23,404(*)	23-Dec-2015
39 th (2015)	26,596(*)	31 st (2016)	20,000	24-Jun-2016	1-July-2016		
TOTAL	50,000		38,000			23,404	

(*) US\$ 1,596 balance added to US\$ 25,000 budget increase approved for 2016

(1) Application and dissemination of reinforced fiberglass biogas digester for remote and low- income households

219. Submitter: Biomas Institute of the Ministry of Agriculture (BIOMA), based in Chengdu, China Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Energy Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (Bangladesh, China and the Philippines) PGTF input: US\$ 29,000 Other inputs: US\$ 51,000 Number: INT/10/K04 Duration: Twelve (12) months Approval: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009) Date of signature of relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of China on 27 June 2011 and by the UNDP on 31 May 2011

220. On 31 May 2011, UNOSSC sent to the country office in China the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 26,100 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in two tranches.

221. On 10 July 2012, the sub-contractor submitted a progress report. Progress of implementation is 60% and it was estimated that the project would be completed by end-December 2012.

222. On 18 December 2012, the sub-contractor informed that due to unforeseen circumstances the project could not be completed as scheduled and requested a one-year extension of the project up to end-2013.

223. On 8 December 2013, the sub-contractor requested an extension of the project up to end-2014 due to delays in the implementation of activities in the Philippines as a result of the natural disaster occurred in this country. The Committee agreed to this request and authorized a one-year extension of the project.

224. On 7 July 2016, the sub-contractor informed that there had been personnel changes in the participating institution from Bangladesh, and that implementation difficulties were affecting progress of the project.

(2) International cooperation of e-Government promotion and exchange for developing countries

225. Submitter: Regional Cooperation Office for City Informatization of the *Centre International de Formation des Autorités Locales* (CIFAL), based in Shanghai, China
 <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
 <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries
 <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (China, Malaysia, Nepal and Philippines)
 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 25,000
 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 75,000
 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K05
 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years
 <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009)
 <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of China on 27 June 2011 and by the UNDP on 31 May 2011

226. On 31 May 2011, UNOSSC sent to the country office in China the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 22,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in two tranches.

227. On 1 February 2012, the sub-contractor submitted a progress report. Progress of implementation is 60% and it was estimated that the project would be completed by end-June 2013.

228. On 28 July 2014, the sub-contractor informed that project activities have been completed and that the final reports were being submitted. On 30 July 2015 the sub-contractor submitted the final report for review and approval.

(3) Establishing alternative sustainable livelihoods in agriculture through the development of a vibrant fine flavor Caribbean cocoa industry

229. Submitter: Cocoa Research Unit of the University of West Indies, based in St. Augustine, Trinidad and Tobago Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Food and Agriculture Participating/beneficiary countries: 4 countries (Grenada, Jamaica, St. Lucia, and Trinidad and Tobago) PGTF input: US\$ 34,000 Other inputs: US\$ 116,490 Number: INT/11/K01 Duration: Ten (10) months Approval: 34th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2010) Date of signature of relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago and by the UNDP (no dates in the signed project document) 230. On 16 April 2013, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Trinidad and Tobago the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 30,600 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

231. On 5 August 2014, the sub-contractor informed that progress of implementation was 40% and that estimated completion date was end-December 2014. No further information on progress of the project has been received.

(4) Use of distilled slops for biodiesel production by oil-bearing yeasts (Yeasts Biodiesel)

<u>Submitter</u>: Center for Research and Development in Industrial Biotechnology, under the National Institute for Industrial Technology (INTI), based in Buenos Aires, Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Cuba and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 34,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 86,310 <u>Number</u>: INT/11/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 34th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2010) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Argentina on 15 September 2011 and by the UNDP on 19 September 2011

233. On 22 March 2011, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Argentina the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 30,600 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

234. On 19 July 2013 the sub-contractor informed that progress of implementation was 60 % and estimated completion date was mid-June 2014. On 7 July 2015, UNOSSC requested an update of the status of the project. On 30 June 2016, the country office informed that the sub-contractor submitted a progress report in January 2016. The country office informed that there were certain difficulties in implementation of the project and that some actions would be submitted to ensure completion of the project and submission of the relevant reports.

(5) Consortium on Science, Technology and Innovation for the South (COSTIS)

235. <u>Submitter</u>: Argentina, as Chair country of the Group of 77 <u>Subcontractor</u>: not required <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 132 member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 27,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 61,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project will be implemented under a Direct Execution modality and the respective budget allocation was made in September 2012

236. The Committee was informed that a survey of relevant scientific institutions from the South had been conducted in joint collaboration with the Paris Chapter of the Group of 77. The results of the survey are currently being compiled for dissemination through a printed edition of a Directory to be published and distributed to the member countries of the Group of 77, as well as an electronic edition to be posted on the COSTIS website hosted by the Group of 77 in New York. Both these outputs are expected to be completed in

2015 in collaboration with UNOSSC with cost sharing of printing and web design. The Committee was also informed that an intergovernmental process of consultations is underway in coordination with the Paris Chapter to identify a country to host the first General Conference of COSTIS. It is anticipated that once an offer of venue is secured, a preparatory technical meeting will be convened as envisaged in the project in collaboration with the Paris Chapter and UNESCO.

237. On 24 July 2015 the Executive Secretariat of the Group of 77 informed that it was preparing a comprehensive directory of scientific institutions of the South. So far, information on more than 2,500 scientific institutions has been compiled and organized. On 7 July 2016, the Executive Secretariat of the Group of 77 informed that the convening of the group of experts in preparation for the First General Conference of COSTIS –envisaged as an output of the project- remained uncertain due to the lack of offers of venue for the Conference. Accordingly, the remaining project activities are focused on finalizing the survey of scientific institutions from the South and publication of a directory, both in printed and digital editions.

(6) *Made in the Caribbean*

 238. <u>Submitter</u>: National Institute of Higher Education, Research, Science and Technology (NIHERST), based in Newtown, Trinidad and Tobago <u>Subcontractor</u>: Caribbean Council for Science and Technology (CCST), based in Newtown, Trinidad and Tobago <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Barbados, Grenada, and Trinidad and Tobago) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 21,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 28,450 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Twenty-four (24) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by both the Government of Trinidad and Tobago and by the UNDP on 15 August 2012

239. On 12 April 2012, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Trinidad and Tobago the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 18,900 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

240. On 23 July 2013, the sub-contractor informed that progress of the implementation was around 30% and it is expected that the project would be completed by November 2014.

241. On 5 August 2014, the sub-contractor informed that progress of implementation was 60% and that estimated completion date was end-September 2014. On 18 July 2016 the country office informed that the project team elected in the first quarter of 2016 to expand the project in Tobago through the facilitation of workshops in 3D printing. The expansion would be funded by sources other than PGTF. The expected completion date of the project is end-December 2016.

(7) Assessment of bamboo shoot development for food in Africa and Latin America

242. <u>Submitter</u>: China National Bamboo Research Center (CBRC), based in Zhejiang, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Argentina, China, Mexico, Rwanda and Uganda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 24,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 62,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K10 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months

<u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of China on 19 March 2014 and by the UNDP on 11 May 2014

243. The UNDP sent to the country office in China the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 21,600 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

244. On 28 July 2014, the sub-contractor informed that project implementation had started and that some activities have been undertaken. A request for an extension of the duration of the project has been submitted. Request for extension submitted on 25 August 2014. Project completion to be extended from September 2014 to September 2015. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that project activities had been completed and that the final report would be submitted shortly.

(8) *IT device assembling capability building and technology transfer to the developing countries*

245. <u>Submitter</u>: CIFAL Shanghai, the Regional Cooperation Office for City Informatization, based in Shanghai, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Burundi, China, Comoros, Rwanda and Togo) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 24,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$36,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K11 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of China on 5 May 2015 and by the UNDP on 4 April 2015

246. On 11 October 2011, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF.

247. On 15 April 2013, the sub-contractor submitted a draft project document. Following revision of the draft, the sub-contractor was requested to introduce some amendments and resubmit a revised version of the draft. On 6 April 2015 the contractor submitted a revised draft project document that was accepted by PGTF.

248. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that project activities had been completed and that the final report would be submitted shortly.

(9) Isolation of Actinomycetes from Cuba for seeking new antibiotic and anti-parasitic agents

 <u>Submitter</u>: Institute of Molecular and Cellular Biology under the Faculty of Biochemical and Pharmaceutical Sciences of the National University of Rosario, based in Rosario, Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Health <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Colombia and Cuba) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 22,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 65,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K12 <u>Duration</u>: Twenty-four (24) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by both the Government of Argentina and by the UNDP on 15 May 2012

250. On 28 October 2011, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Argentina the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 19,800 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

251. On 22 July 2013 the sub-contractor informed that progress o implementation was 50% and that project completion was estimated by December 2013. On 7 July 2015, UNOSSC requested an update of the status of the project. On 30 June 2016, the country office informed that the sub-contractor had submitted a progress report in January 2016 and was requested to provide an updated completion date for the project.

(10) Development of technologies for social inclusion. Building capabilities in the Mercosur

252. <u>Submitter</u>: Institute of Studies on Science and Technology of the National University of Quilmes, based in Bernal, Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Brazil and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 22,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 130,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K13 <u>Duration</u>: Twenty-four (24) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Argentina on 14 February 2013 and by the UNDP on 21 February 2013

253. On 23 April 2013, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Argentina the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 19,800 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

254. On 7 July 2015, UNOSSC requested an update of the status of the project. On 30 June 2016, the country office informed that the sub-contractor had submitted a progress report in December 2015 and that the estimated completion date was December 2016.

(11) Scientific-technical observatory on vaccines (VaCyT)

255. Submitter: Finlay Institute, Center for Research-Production of Vaccines, based in Havana, Cuba Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Health Participating/beneficiary countries: 7 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Cuba, El Salvador, Mexico and Venezuela)
PGTF input: US\$ 25,000
Other inputs: US\$ 437,867
Number: INT/12/K15
Duration: Twenty-four (24) months
Approval: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011)
Date of signature of relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of Cuba on 31 October 2013 and by the UNDP on 6 November 2013

256. On 9 July 2014, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Cuba the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 22,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

257. On 25 July 2014, the subcontractor informed that progress of implementation was 20% and estimated completion date was 31 December 2015. So far, the methodological and conceptual design of software that can process large volumes of data has been completed. On 10 July 2015 the sub-contractor confirmed that the project was expected to be completed by end-December 2015. On 18 March 2016 the sub-contractor submitted a progress report informing that activities scheduled for 2015 had been satisfactorily completed and that merger of the sub-contractor with another institution resulted in delays in the implementation of the project. The revised completion date is 30 December 2016.

(12) Bio-ethanol production from alternative substrates (BEPAS)

258. <u>Submitter</u>: Cuban Institute of Research on Sugarcane by-Products (ICIDCA), based in Havana, Cuba
<u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
<u>Priority area</u>: Energy
<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Brazil, Cuba and Mexico)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 22,000
<u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 48,000
<u>Number</u>: INT/12/K16
<u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months
<u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011)
<u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Cuba on 4 November 2013 and by the UNDP on 30 October 2013

259. On 11 October 2011, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF. On 4 August 2014, the sub-contractor submitted a draft project document which was found acceptable. Implementation of the project may therefore start soon following completion of the required procedures and signature of the project document.

260. On 10 July 2015 the sub-contractor informed that the project was expected to be completed by end-December 2015. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that the majority of project activities have been completed and that the revised completion date was December 2016.

(13) Regional cooperation for international liquidity management in Mercosur

261. <u>Submitter</u>: Mercosur Economic Research Network (MercoNet), based in Montevideo, Uruguay <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Finance <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 21,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 58,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K17 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Uruguay on 2 July 2012 and by the UNDP on 10 June 2012

262. On 29 February 2012, the UNDP sent to the country office in Uruguay the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 18,900 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

263. On 5 July 2012 the sub-contractor informed that project activities would start the third week of July 2012. On 5 August 2014, the sub-contractor informed that progress of implementation was 80% and that estimated completion date would be mid-October 2014.

264. On 10 July 2015 the sub-contractor informed that the project was expected to be completed by end-June 2015. On 18 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that the estimated completion date was end-July 2016. The main publication of the project had already been published in Spanish and will soon be available in English.

(14) Regional integration and infrastructure for development on Latin America

265. <u>Submitter</u>: Mercosur Economic Research Network (MercoNet), based in Montevideo, Uruguay <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 31,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 40,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Eight (8) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Uruguay on 26 October 2013 and by the UNDP on 25 October 2013

266. On 9 July 2013, the UNDP sent to the country office in Uruguay the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 27,900 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

267. On 5 August 2014, the sub-contractor informed that progress of implementation was 80% and that estimated completion date was mid-October 2014. On 10 July 2015 the sub-contractor informed that the project was expected to be completed by end-June 2015. On 18 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that project activities had been completed and that the final substantive and financial reports would be submitted shortly.

(15) Decontamination of distillery slops by microbial protein propagation

268. <u>Submitter</u>: Cuban Institute of Research on Sugarcane by-Products (ICIDCA), based in Havana, Cuba

<u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Brazil, Cuba and Nicaragua) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 32,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 95,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Twenty-four (24) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Cuba on 1 September 2014 and by the UNDP on 2 September 2014

269. On 9 April 2013, the UNDP sent to the country office in Cuba the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 28,800 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

270. On 25 July 2014, the sub-contractor informed that progress of implementation was 15% and estimated completion date was 31 December 2015. Some activities have started using others contributions and the kickoff meeting has been scheduled to take place in Cuba in September 2014. On 10 July 2015 the sub-contractor confirmed that the project was expected to be completed by end-December 2015. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that the expected completion date was end-December 2016.

(16) Assessment of bamboo bioenergy development in Africa and Latin America

271. <u>Submitter</u>: China National Bamboo Research Center, based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, China, Rwanda and Uganda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 62,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K12 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of China on 19 March 2014 and by the UNDP on 11 March 2014

272. UNOSSC sent to the country office in China the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 29,700 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

273. On 28 July 2014, the sub-contractor informed that project implementation had started and that some activities had been carried out. A request for an extension of the duration of the project to September 2015 was submitted on 25 August 2014 and accepted by PGTF. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that project activities had been completed and that the final report would be submitted shortly.

(17) Improving Parliamentarians Capacity on Environmental Legislations with Emphasis on Genetically Modified Organisms (GMOs) in Algeria, Palestine and Jordan

274. <u>Submitter</u>: Jordan Society for Thought and Dialogue (JSTD), based in Irbid, Jordan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Algeria, Jordan and Palestine) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Duration</u>: Ten (10) months <u>Approval</u>: 37th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2013) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Jordan and by the UNDP (no dates in the signed project document). The implementing institution signed on 24 September 2014

275. On 16 July 2014, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Jordan the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

276. On 10 July 2015 the sub-contractor informed that the project was expected to be completed by end-October 2015. A workshop had been organized within the framework of the project and was scheduled to be held by end-August 2015. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that the workshop had to be postponed due to a severe health condition of one of the participating parliamentarians from Algeria and the inactivity of the Jordan Lowe House due to the upcoming September 2016 elections. The workshop has been rescheduled to end-October 2016, when the Agriculture and Health committees in the Jordan Lower House would have been constituted. The estimated completion date for the project is December 2016.

(18) Gasification of residual biomass from sugarcane crops for power generation

277. Submitter: "Obispo Colombres" Agro-industrial Experimental Station (EEAOC), based in Tucuman, Argentina
Subcontractor: same as above
Priority area: Energy
Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (Argentina, Brazil and Cuba)
PGTF input: US\$ 35,000
Other inputs: US\$ 92,000
Number: INT/14/K05
Duration: Twenty four (24) months
Approval: 37th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2013)
Date of signature of relevant documents: The project document was signed by both the Government of Argentina and the UNDP on 1 September 2014

278. On 10 December 2013, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Argentina the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in two tranches.

279. On 7 July 2015, UNOSSC requested an update of the status of the project. On 30 June 2016, the country office informed that implementation was launched in May 2015 and that the sub-contractor submitted a progress report in March 2016. The expected completion date of the project is end-October 2016.

(19) Synthesis, characterization and evaluation of bio products of industrial application

 Submitter: Faculty of Biochemistry, Chemistry and Pharmacy of the National University of Tucuman, Argentina
 <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
 <u>Priority area</u>: Technology
 <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Cuba and Mexico)
 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000
 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 85,000
 <u>Number</u>: INT/14/K06
 <u>Duration</u>: Twenty four (24) months
 <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012)
 <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Argentina (no date in the signed project document) and by the UNDP on 13 August 2015

281. On 29 April 2014, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Argentina the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in two tranches.

282. On 7 July 2015, UNOSSC requested an update of the status of the project. On 30 June 2016 the country office informed that the following disbursement of the funds, implementation of the project was launched in March 2016. The expected completion date is early April 2018.

(20) Technical Cooperation for the Development of Therapeutic Strategies to Control Helminthes Infections of Global Importance

 283. Submitter: Biochemical Research of La Plata, National University of La Plata, Argentina Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Health Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (Argentina, Brazil and Uruguay) PGTF input: US\$ 35,000 Other inputs: US\$ 330,000 Number: INT/14/K07 Duration: Twenty four (24) months Approval: 37th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2013) Date of signature of relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of Argentina and by the UNDP (no dates in the signed project document)

284. On 28 January 2014, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Argentina the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in two tranches.

285. On 7 July 2015, UNOSSC requested an update of the status of the project. On 30 June 2016 the country office informed that implementation of the project was launched in September 2015 and that the expected completion date is 30 April 2017.

(21) Capacity strengthening in the field of llama production in Argentina, Bolivia and Peru

286. Submitter: La Molina National Agrarian University, based in Lima, Peru Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Food and agriculture Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (Argentina, Bolivia and Peru) PGTF input: US\$ 34,690 Other inputs: US\$ 100,000 Number: INT/14/K08 Duration: Twelve (12) months Approval: 37th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2013) Date of signature of relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of Peru on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

287. On 2 May 2014, the UNOSSC sent to the country office in Peru the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,221 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

288. On7 July 2016 the country office informed that the project document was under revision and that it was uncertain whether the sub-contractor was in a position to further implementation of the project.

(22) Promotion of indigenous pig and chicken breeds in Fiji, Niue and Cook Islands through marketing and consumption

289. Submitter: Secretariat of the Pacific Community, based in Suva, Fiji
 <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
 <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture
 <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Cook Islands, Fiji and Niue)
 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000
 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 100,000
 <u>Number</u>: INT/14/K09
 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months
 <u>Approval</u>: 37th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2013)

<u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Secretariat of the Pacific Community on 28 April 2015 and by the UNDP on 24 April 2015

290. On 9 July 2014, the UNDP sent to the country office in Fiji the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

291. On 10 July 2015 the sub-contractor informed that allocated funds have been received by the beneficiaries and that the project was expected to be completed by end-June 2016. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that project activities had to be extended until January 2017 due to the devastating impact of tropical cyclone Winston on two of the project sites in Fiji. The estimated date for submission of the final report is December 2017.

(23) Protein Enrichment of Lignocellulose Residues for Animal Feed from Sugar Industry Effluents

292. Submitter: Cuban Research Institute for Sugar Cane Byproducts (ICIDCA), based in Havana, Cuba Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Food and agriculture Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (Argentina, Cuba and Mexico) PGTF input: US\$ 35,000
Other inputs: US\$ 78,000
Number: INT/14/K10
Duration: Two (2) years
Approval: 37th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2013)
Date of signature of relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of Cuba on 4 July 2014 and by the UNDP on 11 July 2014

293. On 2 May 2014, the UNDP sent to the country office in Cuba the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in two tranches.

294. On 25 July 2014 the sub-contractor informed that progress of implementation was 10% and that estimated completion date was 30 June 2016. While some activities have started utilizing others inputs, the kickoff meeting of the project is scheduled to take place in Mexico in September 2014. On 10 July 2015 the sub-contractor informed that the project was expected to be completed by end-June 2016. On 18 March 2016 the sub-contractor submitted a progress report informing that progress of implementation was 65% and that the project was expected to be completed by end-June 2016.

(24) Promoting bamboo industrialization through value chain study in China, Nepal and Viet Nam

295. Submitter: China National Bamboo Research Center (CBRC), based in Hangzhou, China Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Industrialization Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (China, Nepal and Viet Nam) PGTF input: US\$ 35,000 Other inputs: US\$ 35,000 Other inputs: US\$ 35,000 Number: INT/15/K01 Duration: Twelve (12) months Approval: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014) Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of China and by the UNOSSC (no dates indicated in the signed project document). The implementing institution signed the project document on 13 July 2015

296. On 15 October 2014, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF.

297. On 5 May 2015 the sub-contractor submitted a draft project document that was accepted by PGTF. 90% of the allocated resources (i.e. US\$ 31,500) were disbursed in September 2015. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor reported that project activities started in October 2015, and due to logistical problems an extension of project completion from July 2016 to March 2017 had been requested.

(25) Improvement of Recirculating Aquaculture System (RAS) performance in Viet Nam and Sri Lanka

298. Submitter: Freshwater Fisheries Research Center under the Chinese Academy of Fishery Sciences, based in Jiangsu, China Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Food and Agriculture Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (China, Sri Lanka and Viet Nam) PGTF input: US\$ 35,000 Other inputs: US\$ 46,000 Number: INT/15/K02 Duration: Twelve (12) months Approval: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014) Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of China on 5 August 2015 and by the UNOSSC on (date being confirmed)

299. On 15 October 2014, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF.

300. On 7 July 2015 the sub-contractor submitted a draft project document that was accepted by PGTF. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that commencement of project activities, initially scheduled for October 2015, had to be rescheduled to October-November 2016 at the request of one of the participating institutions (Sri Lanka). The team of experts in charge of the implementation has been designated and a preliminary plan has been drafted in response to the technical requirements of the beneficiary countries. The expected completion date is end-October 2017.

(26) Demonstration and promotion of high-yield and high-quality cultivation and deep processing technology of Ganoderma Lucidum in developing countries

301. <u>Submitter</u>: Fujian Provincial Science and Technology Exchange Center with Foreign Countries, based in Fuzhou, Fujian province, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (China, Kenya, Malaysia and the Philippines) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 165,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/15/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014) <u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of China on 5 August 2015 and by the UNOSSC on (date being confirmed)

302. On 15 October 2014, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF.

303. On 20 July 2015 the sub-contractor submitted a draft project document that was accepted by PGTF. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that project activities were launched in September 2015 but funds (90% of the allocation) were only received in March 2016. As a result, an extension of the completion date from September 2016 to March 2017 had been requested.

(27) Overcoming existing barriers to small hydropower development in Southern and Eastern African countries

304. <u>Submitter</u>: International Center for Small Hydropower (ICSHP), based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (China, Ethiopia, Kenya, Sudan, and Zambia) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 80,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/15/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months Approval: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014) <u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of China on 12 December 2015 and by the UNOSSC on 10 December 2015

305. On 15 October 2014, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that, following signature of the project document, 90% of allocated resources (i.e. US\$ 31,500) were received in May 2016. Project activities started in April 2016 and the expected completion date is April 2017.

(28) Surveillance and pathogen characterization of Bacterial Canker of Stone Fruits using biochemical and molecular methods and its bio-management

306. <u>Submitter</u>: Pir Mehr Ali Shah (PMAS) Arid Agriculture University, based in Rawalpindi, Pakistan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Islamic Republic of Iran, Kyrgyzstan and Pakistan) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 57,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/15/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Twenty four (24) months <u>Approval</u>: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014) <u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project is being implemented through the UNDP country office in Pakistan and funds are disbursed through an Engagement Facility. Therefore no individual project document has been signed

307. On 20 April 2015, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Pakistan the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

308. On 7 July 2016 the country office informed that 90% of the allocated resources (i.e. US\$ 31,500) were disbursed in May 2015. However, in April 2016 the sub-contractor reported that it had encountered procedural difficulties to make available their share of the resources to partner institutions in the Islamic Republic of Iran

and Kyrgyzstan, which hampered implementation of the project. PGTF advised that other modalities to share resources for this project should be explored, such as in-kind contributions. The project is being monitored so as to ensure resolution of challenges.

(29) Natural resources management in Latin America: Lessons learned and opportunities for South-South cooperation with Africa

 309. Submitter: South American Network on Applied Economics (MercoNet), based in Montevideo, Uruguay
 Subcontractor: same as above
 Priority area: Technical cooperation among developing countries
 Participating/beneficiary countries: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay)
 PGTF input: US\$ 32,100
 Other inputs: US\$ 42,000
 Number: INT/15/K08
 Duration: Ten (10) months
 Approval: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014)
 Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of Uruguay on 18 June 2015 and by the UNDP on 29 June 2015

310. On 2 April 2015, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Uruguay the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 28,890 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

311. On 18 July 2016 the sub-contractor reported that the research was in progress and that the estimated completion date was end-October 2016.

(30) Analytical evaluation of the effects of environmental factors on wine quality

312. Submitter: Institute of Agricultural Biology at the National University of Cuyo, based in Mendoza, Argentina
Subcontractor: same as above
Priority area: Food and Agriculture
Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (Argentina, Brazil and Uruguay)
PGTF input: US\$ 35,000
Other inputs: US\$ 86,500
Number: INT/15/K09
Duration: Twenty four (24) months
Approval: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014)
Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of Argentina and the UNDP (no dates in the signed project document). The implementing institution signed the project document in 1 March 2016.

313. On 25 June 2015, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Argentina the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche. On 30 June 2016 the country office informed that implementation of the project was launched in May 2016. Current progress of implementation is 20% and the expected completion date is end March 2018.

(31) South-South Network for cooperation and action-research in innovative social enterprises led by women

314. <u>Submitter</u>: Government of Argentina

<u>Subcontractor</u>: to be named <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Chile and India) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 36,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/15/K10 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014) <u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Argentina on 11 April 2016 and by the UNDP on 19 April 2016

315. On 25 June 2015, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Argentina the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche. On 30 June 2016 the country office informed that funds were being transferred and that launching of implementation was estimated to take place in the first half of July 2016.

(32) Capacity development for risk reduction management centers in the Caribbean

316. Submitter: Cuban Environmental Agency (AMA), based in Havana, Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Cuba, Dominican Republic and Jamaica) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 45,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/15/K11 <u>Duration</u>: Twenty four (24) months <u>Approval</u>: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014) <u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Cuba on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

317. On 22 April 2016, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Cuba the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 31,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that the signed project document would be forwarded to UNOSSC before the end of July 2016. Some project activities have already taken place and, based on a revised work plan, estimated project completion is December 2017.

- (33) A proposal to improve the diagnostic capacities of "Peste Des Petits Ruminants" (PPR), enhance the vaccination and control strategies with special emphasis on farmers education and awareness in Egypt, Algeria, the State of Palestine and Jordan
- 318. <u>Submitter</u>: Faculty of Veterinary Medicine of the Jordan University of Science and Technology, based in Irbid, Jordan
 <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
 <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture
 <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Algeria, Egypt, Jordan and Palestine)
 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 32,000
 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 32,000
 <u>Number</u>: INT/16/K01
 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year
 <u>Approval</u>: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015)

<u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Jordan on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

319. On 12 February 2016, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Jordan the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 28,800 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

(34) Information safety capacity building programme 2016

 320. Submitter: CIFAL – Shanghai International Training Center, based in Shanghai, China Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Technical cooperation among developing countries Participating/beneficiary countries: 7 countries (China, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Liberia, Malawi and Zimbabwe) PGTF input: US\$ 33,000 Other inputs: US\$ 54,500 Number: INT/16/K02 Duration: Three (3) months Approval: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015) Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of China on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

321. On 12 October 2015, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF. As of 7 July 2016, a revised project document is being finalized and it is expected to be signed shortly.

(35) Regional database system promoting programme for small hydropower (SHP) development in Africa

 322. <u>Submitter</u>: International Center on Small Hydropower (HICSHP), based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 7 countries (China, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Liberia, Malawi and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 160,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/16/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Twenty-four (24) months <u>Approval</u>: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015) <u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of China on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

323. On 12 October 2015, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF. On 4 March 2016 the sub-contractor submitted a revised project document that was accepted by PGTF.

(36) Seminar on hydropower development planning for South Asian Countries

324. <u>Submitter</u>: National Research Institute for Rural Electrification under the Ministry of Water Resources, based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy
<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 countries (Afghanistan, China, India, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000
<u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 41,060
<u>Number</u>: INT/16/K04
<u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months
<u>Approval</u>: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015)
<u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of China on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

325. On 12 October 2015, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF. On 28 March 2016 the sub-contractor submitted a project document that was accepted by PGTF.

(37) Technology transfer on edible mushroom cultivation to Cuba and Nepal

326. Submitter: Asia Pacific Edible Mushroom Training Center, based in Fuzhou, Fujian Province, China Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Food and Agriculture Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (China, Cuba and Nepal)
PGTF input: US\$ 32,000
Other inputs: US\$ 32,000
Number: INT/16/K05
Duration: Twelve (12) months
Approval: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015)
Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of China on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

327. On 12 October 2015, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF. On 18 March 2016 the sub-contractor submitted a revised project document that was accepted by PGTF.

(38) Demonstration and promotion of high-yield & high-quality cultivation and advanced processing technology of Spirulina in developing countries

328. Submitter: Fujian Provincial Science and Technology Exchange Center with Foreign Countries, based in Fuzhou, Fujian Province, China
 <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
 <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture
 <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (China, Malaysia, Thailand and Viet Nam)
 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 30,000
 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 170,000
 <u>Number</u>: INT/16/K06
 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months
 <u>Approval</u>: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015)
 <u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of China on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

329. On 12 October 2015, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of

funds from PGTF. On 3 March 2016 the sub-contractor submitted a revised project document that was accepted by PGTF.

(39) The successful bamboo development model in China and its implications to Indonesia and Vietnam

 330. Submitter: China National Bamboo Research Center (CBRC), based in Hangzhou, China Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Technical cooperation among developing countries Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (China, Indonesia and Viet Nam) PGTF input: US\$ 33,000 Other inputs: US\$ 35,000 Number: INT/16/K07 Duration: Twelve (12) months Approval: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015) Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of China on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

331. On 12 October 2015, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF. On 4 March 2016 the sub-contractor submitted a revised project document that was accepted by PGTF.

(40) Bio hydrogen from wastes of sugar cane, onion and manioc

 332. <u>Submitter</u>: Regional Faculty Bahia Blanca of the National Technological University, based in Bahia Blanca, Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Brazil and Cuba) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 100,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/16/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015) <u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Argentina on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

333. On 14 March 2016, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Argentina the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 22,500 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche. On 30 June 2016 the country office informed that the estimated date for signature of the project document was July 2016.

(41) International network of ethnography with children and teenagers

<u>Submitter</u>: Center for Social Research (CIS) of the Institute for Social and Economic Development (IDES), National Council for Scientific and Technical Research (CONICET), based in Buenos Aires, Argentina
 <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
 <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries
 <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Colombia and Ecuador)
 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 29,000
 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 57,425
 <u>Number</u>: INT/16/K09

Duration: Twelve (12) months

<u>Approval</u>: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015) <u>Date of signature of the relevant documents</u>: The project document was signed by the Government of Argentina on 2 May 2016 and by the UNDP on 5 May 2016

335. On 5 February 2016, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Argentina the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 26,100 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche. On 7 July 2016 the country office informed that the project document was signed in May 2016 and that implementation was launched in July 2016. The expected completion date is May 2017.

(42) Distillery yeasts: Survey of quality standards for ethanol and food grade biotechnological industries

336. Submitter: Cuban Research Institute for Sugarcane by-Products (ICIDCA), based in Havana, Cuba Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Industrialization Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (Brazil, Cuba and Mexico) PGTF input: US\$ 32,000 Other inputs: US\$ 74,000 Other inputs: US\$ 74,000 Number: INT/16/K10 Duration: Twenty-four (24) months Approval: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015) Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Government of Cuba on (date being confirmed) and by the UNDP on (date being confirmed)

337. On 5 February 2016, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Cuba the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 28,800 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor informed that the signed project document was expected to be forwarded to UNOSSC by September 2016. The estimated completion date of the project is June 2018.

(43) Cooperation in science, technology and innovation in Latin America and the Caribbean

338. Submitter: Permanent Secretariat of the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas. Venezuela Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Technical cooperation among developing countries Participating/beneficiary countries: 27 member countries of SELA (Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Chile, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, and Venezuela) PGTF input: US\$ 27,000 Other inputs: US\$ 40,000 Number: INT/16/K11 Duration: Eight (8) months Approval: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015) Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project document was signed by the Permanent Secretary of SELA on 11 April 2015 and by the UNDP on 19 January 2016

339. On 9 December 2015, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Venezuela the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 24,300 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

340. On 7 July 2016 the sub-contractor confirmed that the host country for the meeting of head of technical cooperation would be Peru and that the tentative date was October 2016, still to be confirmed.

(44) Workshop on key infrastructure development for rural growth for OIC countries

 341. Submitter: Islamic Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture (ICCIA) based in Karachi, Pakistan
 Subcontractor: same as above
 Priority area: Technical cooperation among developing countries
 Participating/beneficiary countries: Member countries of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation (OIC)
 PGTF input: US\$ 30,000
 Other inputs: US\$ 35,000
 Number: INT/16/K13
 Duration: Three (3) days
 Approval: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015)
 Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project is being implemented through the UNDP country office in Pakistan and funds are disbursed through an Engagement Facility. Therefore no individual project document has been signed

342. On 5 February 2016, UNOSSC sent to the country office in Pakistan the project document for signature as well as an authorization for disbursement to the sub-contractor of US\$ 27,000 (90% of allocated resources). This contribution should be disbursed in one single tranche.

(45) Journal of the Group of 77

343. Submitter: Inter Press Service (IPS) North America, News Agency Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Information exchange Participating/beneficiary countries: All member countries of the Group of 77 PGTF input: US\$ 30,000 Other inputs: US\$ 30,000 Number: INT/16/K14 Duration: Twelve (12) months Approval: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015) Date of signature of the relevant documents: The project is being implemented through a Responsible Party Agreement signed by IPS on 20 June 2016 and by the UNDP on 21 June 2016

344. On 12 October 2015, the Chair of the Group of 77 informed the submitting entity of the approval of the project and provided instructions on the procedures that should be followed to secure the disbursement of funds from PGTF. Following signature of the Responsible Party Agreement, 90% of allocated resources (i.e. US\$ 27,000) were disbursed in June 2016.

B. **Projects under preparation still to be implemented**

345. The Committee noted that no projects were under preparation as of the date of its Thirty-first Meeting. There were sixteen (16) projects under preparation during the period between the Thirtieth and Thirty-first meetings of the Committee (August 2015 to July 2016), including fourteen (14) projects that were approved in September 2015 by the 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77. Of this total, fifteen (15) started being implemented and one (1) was completed.

C. <u>Projects under query</u>

346. The Committee noted with satisfaction that there were no projects under query as of 26 July 2016.

V. OTHER MATTERS

347. The Committee agreed that the deadline for the submission of project proposals by Member States for consideration at its next regular session would be 30 April 2017, in accordance with the guidelines for utilization of PGTF. It is understood that the date of submission of proposals is the date when the Executive Secretariat of the Group of 77 officially receives them.

Eduardo Praselj (Chairman)

Abdelhakim Mihoubi

Lizwi Nkombela

Paisan Rupanichkij

Marcelo Suárez Salvia

Annex I

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

Committee of Experts of the Perez-Guerrero Trust Fund for South-South Cooperation (PGTF)

Mr. Abdelhakim Mihoubi Counsellor Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation Algiers, Algeria

Mr. Lizwi Nkombela Counsellor (Economic Affairs) South African Permanent Mission to the United Nations Office Geneva, Switzerland

Dr. Eduardo Praselj (Chair) Former Vice-President Petróleos de Venezuela Former President Petroquímica de Venezuela Former Deputy Minister of Energy and Mines Caracas, Venezuela

Mr. Paisan Rupanichkij Deputy Director-General of the Thailand International Cooperation Agency (TICA) Ministry of Foreign Affairs Bangkok, Thailand

Mr. Marcelo Suárez Salvia Ambassador of Argentina to Canada Ottawa, Canada

INACTIVE PROJECTS

A. **PROJECTS COMPLETED**

Nine (9) projects were completed since the previous meeting of the Committee of Experts, bringing the total of completed projects to one-hundred-ninety-nine (199). The main features of these projects are provided below:

(1) Group of 77 Information Bulletin

<u>Submitter</u>: Office of the Chairman of the Group of 77 in New York <u>Subcontractor</u>: Inter Press Service (IPS) <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$109,520 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$51,120 <u>Number</u>: INT/88/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Four (4) years <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VI (Havana, 7-12 September 1987) and IFCC-VII (Kuala Lumpur, 31 July-5 August 1989) for one-year extension Completion: 31 December 1991

(2) Feasibility study on development of developing countries' consultancy and engineering capacities

<u>Submitter</u>: International Centre for Public Enterprises in Developing Countries (ICPE) and International Association of State Trading Organizations of Developing Countries (ASTRO), based in former Yugoslavia (Slovenia) <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$70,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/88/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VI (Havana, 7-12 September 1987) <u>Completion</u>: Feasibility report circulated to Member States on 2 November 1989.

(3) Action Committee of G-77 for Cooperation in Consultancy, Construction and Engineering among Developing Countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Action Committee for Cooperation in Consultancy, Construction and Engineering (Havana, Cuba) <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Angola, Brazil, Cuba, Ethiopia, Grenada, Guinea, Jamaica, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mozambique, Nicaragua, Sao Tome and Principe, and Viet Nam) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$38,500 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$38,500 <u>Number</u>: INT/88/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VI (Havana, 7-12 September 1987) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report circulated to Member States on 16 June 1993.

(4) Feasibility study on information system on technologies and projects (ISTP)

<u>Submitter</u>: Centre for International Cooperation and Development (CICD) of former Yugoslavia (Slovenia) <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$45,450 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$20,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 12th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28-30 September 1988) <u>Completion</u>: Feasibility report circulated to Member States on 24 October 1990.

(5) Technical Cooperation among Member States of SELA in the Field of Artificial insemination and embryo transplant

<u>Submitter</u>: Latin American Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Brazil, Chile, Cuba, Ecuador, Guyana, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$83,700 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$202,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Two years and four months <u>Approval</u>: 12th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28-30 September 1988) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 12 February 1993.

(6) Cooperation among developing countries' consultancy and engineering design organizations for better access and position in international consultancy and engineering market

<u>Submitter</u>: International Center for Public Enterprises of Developing Countries (ICPE) and International Association of State Trading Organizations of Developing Countries (ASTRO), based in former Yugoslavia (Slovenia) <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$90,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$9,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Eighteen (18) months <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VII (Kuala Lumpur, 31 July-5 August 1989) Completion: Final Report submitted on 4 January 1996

(7) *Export promotion and cooperation in favor of less developed countries within the Latin American Integration Association (ALADI)*

<u>Submitter</u>: Latin American Integration Association (ALADI) based in Montevideo, Uruguay <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Bolivia, Ecuador and Paraguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$120,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$107,971 <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VII (Kuala Lumpur, 31 July-5 August 1989) Completion: Final Report submitted on 7 April 1993

(8) Establishment of a Maghreb Unit in the National Center for Information and Economic Documentation (CNIDE) of Algeria

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Algeria <u>Subcontractor</u>: CNIDE <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Algeria, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mauritania, Morocco, and Tunisia) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$65,450 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K06 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VII (Kuala Lumpur, 31 July-5 August 1989) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 17 August 1993.

(9) Feasibility study for establishing a raw materials research and development center information system

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Nigeria <u>Subcontractor</u>: Raw Materials Research and Development Council of Nigeria <u>Priority area</u>: Raw materials <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 8 countries (Ghana, Kenya, Liberia, Mali, Nigeria, Senegal, Togo, and Uganda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$100,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 13th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 1989) Completion: Feasibility Report submitted on 18 June 1996.

(10) Provision of consultancy services by CARICAD

<u>Submitter</u>: Caribbean Center for Development Administration (CARICAD) of Barbados <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, St. Kits and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, and Trinidad and Tobago) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$45,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$200,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K10 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 13th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 1989) Completion: Final Report submitted on 25 March 1994.

(11) Regional programme for cooperation and coordination on plant germ plasm

<u>Submitter</u>: Latin American Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Uruguay, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$58,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$309,200 <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K12 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 13th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 1989) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 29 May 1998.

(12) South-North Development Monitor (SUNS)

<u>Submitter</u>: South Commission, based in Geneva, Switzerland <u>Subcontractor</u>: Third World Network (TWN), from Penang, Malaysia <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$120,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$164,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K13 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 13th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 1989) <u>Completion</u>: 31 January 1992.

(13) Assistance to the Fifth Meeting of the Committee of Experts of the Perez-Guerrero Trust Fund

<u>Submitter</u>: Office of the Chairman of the Group of 77 in New York <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K14 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) week <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VII (Kuala Lumpur, 31 July-5 August 1989) <u>Completion</u>: 19 August 1993.

(14) Integrated management of the associated resources to the mangrove areas in the Pacific coast of Central America

<u>Submitter</u>: National University of Costa Rica <u>Subcontractor</u>: Foundation of Science, Art and Culture of the National University of Costa Rica (FUNA) <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 countries (Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Panama) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$84,800 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$60,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/90/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 14th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 3 October 1990) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 9 December 1994.

(15) Recovery, preservation and dissemination of printed historical documentation of the 16th, 17th and 18th centuries in the Americas, existing in signatory countries of the Andres Bello Convention

<u>Submitter</u>: Autonomous Institute of the National Library of Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 7 countries (Bolivia, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Panama, Peru, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$94,500 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$154,188 <u>Number</u>: INT/90/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) years <u>Approval</u>: 14th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 3 October 1990) Completion: Final Report submitted on 15 December 1993

(16) In-depth review of the actions taken by the international community in favor of the particular needs and problems of land-locked developing countries and a basis for a new strategy to overcome these needs and problems in the future

<u>Submitter</u>: Center for the Study of International Relations and Development (CERID) of Bolivia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 19 countries (Afghanistan, Bolivia, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Central African Republic, Chad, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Malawi, Mali, Nepal, Niger, Paraguay, Rwanda, Swaziland, Uganda, Zambia, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$95,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$23,800 <u>Number</u>: INT/90/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Nine (9) months <u>Approval</u>: 14th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 3 October 1990) Completion: Final Report submitted on 4 December 1995

(17) Regional symposium on the economic and social impact of money derived from illicit drug trafficking in the development of Latin America and the Caribbean

<u>Submitter</u>: Center for the Study of International Relations and Development (CERID) of Bolivia. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Argentina, Bahamas, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$78,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$103,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/90/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Five and a half months <u>Approval</u>: 14th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 3 October 1990) Completion: Final Report submitted on 13 August 1991

(18) Intensifying the utilization of operations research techniques in the management of agriculture development projects in ASEAN countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Department of Agriculture of Malaysia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 member countries (Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$110,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$191,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/90/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 14th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 3 October 1990) Completion: Final Report submitted on 17 August 1993

(19) Organic rice farming system

<u>Submitter</u>: Malaysian Agricultural Research and Development Institute (MARDI) <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 member countries (Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand) PGTF input: US\$85,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$78,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/90/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 14th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 3 October 1990) Completion: Final Report submitted on 16 September 1997

(20) Technical, secretariat and other support to the Global System on Trade Preferences among developing countries (GSTP), and technical assistance to countries participating in the GSTP

<u>Submitter</u>: Office of the Chairman of the Group of 77 in New York. <u>Subcontractor</u>: UNCTAD <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 44 countries (Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Benin, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ecuador, Egypt, Ghana, Guinea, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Republic of Korea, Romania, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yugoslavia, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$350,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/90/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Sixteen (16) months <u>Approval</u>: 13th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 1989) Completion: Final Report distributed to Member States on 16 June 1993

(21) Support to the Committee of Experts of the Perez-Guerrero Trust Fund

<u>Submitter</u>: Office of the Chairman of the Group of 77 in New York <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$224,800 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/90/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Five (5) years <u>Approval</u>: 14th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 3 October 1990) <u>Completion</u>: The final budget revision was submitted on 3 October 2000. Unspent funds for US\$111,236 were re-allocated to successor project INT/00/K08.

(22) Establishment of the Regional Business and Trade Information Network for Chambers of Commerce and Industry (CCI) of Developing Countries Members of the Group of 77

<u>Submitter</u>: Steering Committee of the Chambers of Commerce and Industry (CCI) of Developing Countries Members of the Group of 77 <u>Subcontractors</u>: Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Mines of Cameroon; Chamber of Commerce of Bogotá; and the Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$150,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$270,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/91/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 15th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 1 October 1991) <u>Completion</u>: Final Reports submitted respectively by the Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry on 29 May 1994, by the Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Mines of Cameroon on 28 March 1994, and by the Bogotá Chamber of Commerce on 15 June 1994

(23) Economic Integration in the Southern Cone Common Market

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: Centro de Investigaciones para la Transformación (CENIT) <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$88,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil <u>Number</u>: INT/92/K01 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 16th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 1 October 1992) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 6 April 1994

(24) Raul Prebisch: Completed Works, 1919-1948, Comparative Experiences of Monetary Policies of Developing Countries, Vols. III and IV

<u>Submitter</u>: Raul Prebisch Foundation, based in Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Finance <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$60,700 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$12,950 <u>Number</u>: INT/92/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) months <u>Approval</u>: 16th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 1 October 1992) <u>Completion</u>: Complete sets consisting of four volumes distributed in 1994 to the Permanent Missions of the Group of 77 in New York.

(25) Technical, Secretariat and Other Support to the Global System of Trade Preferences among Developing Countries (GSTP), and Technical Assistance to Countries Participating in the GSTP

<u>Submitter</u>: Group of 77 in Geneva <u>Subcontractor</u>: UNCTAD <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 44 countries (Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Benin, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ecuador, Egypt, Ghana, Guinea, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Republic of Korea, Romania, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yugoslavia, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$250,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/92/K03 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 16th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 1 October 1992) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 6 May 1994

(26) The development and use of a computer simulation model for supply, demand and prices of agricultural commodities in ASEAN countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Ministry of Agriculture of the Republic of Indonesia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 member countries (Brunei Darussalam, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$81,600 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/92/K04 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 16th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 1 October 1992) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 7 April 1994

(27) African Agency for Biotechnology (Phase I)

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Algeria <u>Subcontractor</u>: Secretariat of State for Scientific Research of Algeria (SERSA) <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 16 countries (Algeria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Kenya, Mauritius, Morocco, Nigeria, Senegal, Tunisia, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$150,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/92/K06 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year) <u>Approval</u>: 16th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 1 October 1992) <u>Completion</u>: Final report and financial statement submitted on 25 July 2000

(28) African Agency for Biotechnology (Phase II)

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Algeria <u>Subcontractor</u>: Ministry of Universities and Scientific Research of Algeria (MDURSA) <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 16 countries (Algeria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Kenya, Mauritius, Morocco, Nigeria, Senegal, Tunisia, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$150,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/93/K01 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VIII (Panama City, 30 August-3 September 1993) <u>Completion</u>: Final report and financial statement submitted on 25 July 2000.

(29) ECDC/TCDC Information Support to Group of 77 Chapters (Journal of the Group of 77)

<u>Submitter</u>: Office of the Chairman of the Group of 77 in New York <u>Subcontractor</u>: Inter Press Service (IPS) <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$51,120 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$45,600 <u>Number</u>: INT/93/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 16th Annual Ministerial Meeting (New York, 1 October 1992) and IFCC-VIII (Panama City, 30 August-3 September 1993) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 20 December 1995

(30) Information Support to the Group of 77 Chapters - South-North Development Monitor (SUNS)

<u>Submitter</u>: Third World Network, based in Penang, Malaysia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$59,881 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$158,517 <u>Number</u>: INT/93/K03 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VIII (Panama City, 30 August-3 September 1993) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 10 December 1995

(31) Guidelines and tools for a common industrial policy for Mercosur

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Brazil <u>Subcontractor</u>: Fundaçao Centro de Estudos do Comercio Exterior (FUNCEX) of Brazil <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$120,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$36,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/93/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Eight (8) months <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VIII (Panama City, 30 August-3 September 1993) Completion: Final Report submitted on 15 September 1997

(32) Feasibility study for a subregional center for agricultural machinery in the CEPGL subregion

<u>Submitter</u>: Communauté Economique des Pays des Grands Lacs (CEPGL), based in Gisenyi, Rwanda <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Burundi, Democratic Republic of the Congo, and Rwanda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$43,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$15,200 <u>Number</u>: INT/93/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Eighty-one (81) days <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VIII (Panama City, 30 August-3 September 1993) <u>Completion</u>: The final budget revision was submitted on 11 March 1999.

(33) **Program for the Development of Communications and Cooperation among Latin American and** Caribbean Educators (AELAC)

<u>Submitter</u>: Association of Educators of Latin America & the Caribbean (AELAC) through the Government of Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 11 countries (Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Peru, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$303,370 <u>Number</u>: INT/94/K01 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 18th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 1994) Completion: Final report submitted on 30 September 1998

(34) Technical Assistance to the Members of the Group of 77 participating in the Second Round of Negotiations within the Global System of Trade Preferences among Developing Countries (GSTP) and Seeking Membership in the GSTP, as well as Related Technical, Secretariat and Other Support to the GSTP

<u>Submitter</u>: Chairperson of the Group of 77 in Geneva <u>Subcontractor</u>: UNCTAD Priority area: Trade

<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 44 countries (Algeria, Argentina, Bangladesh, Benin, Bolivia, Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ecuador, Egypt, Ghana, Guinea, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Mexico, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Pakistan, Peru, Philippines, Republic of Korea, Romania, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Thailand, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, United Republic of Tanzania, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yugoslavia, and Zimbabwe)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$72,363
<u>Other inputs</u>: Nil.
<u>Number</u>: INT/94/K02
<u>Duration</u>: One (1) year
<u>Approval</u>: 18th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 1994)
<u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 18 June 1997. An unspent balance of US\$3,229 reverted to the PGTF

(35) Establishment of TIN Management Center to Coordinate the Global Establishment of the Network with a Project Coordination Committee

<u>Submitter</u>: The Steering Committee Chambers of Commerce and Industry of the Group of 77 (CCIs) <u>Subcontractor</u>: Private Sector Development Programme, UNDP <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$60,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$105,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/94/K03 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 18th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 1994) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 6 August 1997.

(36) Training on the Use of a Computer Simulation Model for Food Security Analysis in Developing Countries of the NAM

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Indonesia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Ministry of Agriculture of Indonesia <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Bangladesh, Gambia, Ghana, India, Indonesia, Kenya, Nigeria, Sudan, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US \$70,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: Nil. <u>Number</u>: INT/94/K04 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 18th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 1994) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 24 June 1997

(37) Employment and Income Generation in West and Central Africa

<u>Submitter</u>: Sahel Defis through the Government of Benin. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 countries (Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Mali, Senegal, and Togo) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$67,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/94/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years. <u>Approval</u>: 18th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 1994). <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 16 February 1998.

(38) Low-cost Housing Technology Programme

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of India <u>Subcontractor</u>: Center of Science and Technology of the Non Aligned and Other Developing Countries <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 8 countries (Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Colombia, Ethiopia, Lebanon, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, and United Republic of Tanzania) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Others inputs</u>: US\$34,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/94/K06 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 18th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 1994) <u>Completion</u>: February 2002. Final financial statement submitted on 30 September 2003

(39) Optimization of the process for obtaining crude PMSG for animal reproduction

<u>Submitter</u>: Biological Pharmaceutical Laboratories (LABIOFAM) through the Government of Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 countries (Algeria, Argentina, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ecuador, and Nigeria) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$165,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$432,194 <u>Number</u>: INT/95/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 19th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 29 September 1995) <u>Completion</u>: Final budget revision submitted on 11 March 1999.

(40) **Productive internationalization in Mercosur: Foreign direct investment and regional transnational** corporations

<u>Submitter:</u> CPC Consultora Internacional Ltd. through the Government of Uruguay <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$140,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$42,200 <u>Number</u>: INT/95/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 19th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 1995) Completion: Final Report submitted on 23 December 1997

(41) ECDC/TCDC Information Support to Group of 77 Chapters (Phase III) – Journal of the Group of 77

<u>Submitter</u>: Inter Press Service (IPS) Third World News Agency through the Government of Costa Rica as Chairman of the Group of 77 for 1996. <u>Sub-contractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$75,120 (US\$51,120 + US\$24,000) <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$45,600 <u>Number</u>: INT/95/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 19th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 29 September 1995) <u>Completion</u>: Final Report submitted on 16 July 2007

(42) Entrepreneurial Strengthening of Industrial and Artisan Cooperatives in Central America

<u>Submitter</u>: International Cooperative Alliance, a non-governmental organization, through its American Regional Bureau based in San José, Costa Rica <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, and Nicaragua) <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$65,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$79,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/96/K01 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 20th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 1996) <u>Completion</u>: Final budget revision submitted on 28 August 2000.

(43) Caribbean Regional Technical Support Programme to Promote the Equalization of Training and Employment Opportunities for Persons with Disabilities

<u>Submitter</u>: National Centre for Persons with Disabilities (NCPD) of Trinidad and Tobago, through the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Trinidad and Tobago <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, and Trinidad and Tobago) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$90,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$90,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/96/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 20th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 1996) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 8 December 2005

(44) Training of Personnel in the Field of Standardization and Metrology for the Conformity Assessment among Developing Countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Committee for Standardization of Democratic People's Republic of Korea through its Ministry for Foreign Affairs. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Cambodia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Pakistan, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$76,500 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$160,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/96/K03 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 20th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 1996) Completion: The final report was submitted on 13 October 1998

(45) Program for Cooperation in Training and Development of Technologies to Support Primary Health Care in African Countries with Portuguese Official Language

<u>Submitter</u>: Oswaldo Cruz Foundation (FIOCRUZ) through the Government of Brazil <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries Participating/beneficiary countries: 6 countries (Angola, Brazil, Cape Verde, Guinea Bissau, Mozambique, and Sao Tome and Principe) PGTF input: US\$59,300 Other inputs: US\$60,000 Number: INT/96/K04 Duration: One (1) year Approval: 20th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 1996) Completion: Financial report submitted on 29August 2000. The project was closed in July 2008. An unspent balance of US\$ 2,965 reverted to PGTF

(46) South-South Transfer of Experiences in Sustainable Agricultural Development

<u>Submitter</u>: Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture (IICA) based in Guyana. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All member countries of the Group of 77 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$84,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$93,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/96/K05 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 20th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 1996) <u>Completion</u>: Final budget revision submitted on 8 June 2001.

(47) Rural Education and Agricultural Extension Facility for the Nomads of the Sahel and Sahara Regions

<u>Submitter</u>: Foundation for Social Peace of Niger, with endorsement of the General Secretariat of the Organization of the Islamic Conference
<u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above
<u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture
<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Algeria, Burkina Faso, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mali, and Niger)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$85,000
<u>Other inputs</u>: US\$659,340
<u>Number</u>: INT/96/K06
<u>Duration</u>: One (1) year
<u>Approval</u>: 20th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 1996)
<u>Completion</u>: Project closed on 28 September 2010. (Para. 180 of 2010 PGTF Committee of Experts report)

(48) A Study on the Impact of Enhancing Environmental Standards on International Trade of South-Asian Countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Research and Information System (RIS) for the Non-Aligned and Other Developing Countries in India. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 7 countries (Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, and Sri Lanka <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$24,850 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$24,850 <u>Number</u>: INT/97/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 21st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 1997) <u>Completion</u>: Final budget revision submitted on 4 April 2003.

(49) Biological Control of Pests and Weeds for Sustainable Agriculture and Bio-diversity

<u>Submitter</u>: Centre for Science and Technology of the Non-Aligned and Other Developing Countries, based in India. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 11 countries (Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Colombia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Egypt, India, Malaysia, Pakistan, Peru, United Republic of Tanzania, and Zambia) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/97/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) years <u>Approval</u>: 21st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 1997) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 31 January 2002.

(50) Integrated Planning and New Technologies for Sustainable Development

<u>Submitter</u>: Caribbean Council for Science and Technology, based in Trinidad and Tobago <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 13 countries (Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Cuba, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, and Trinidad and Tobago) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$37,560 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$41,720 <u>Number</u>: INT/97/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) days <u>Approval</u>: 21st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 1997) <u>Completion</u>: 21 September 2001

(51) Positioning of a Gender Programme in Cooperatives in the Andean Region

<u>Submitter</u>: International Cooperative Alliance, Office of the Americas in Costa Rica <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 7 countries (Bolivia, Colombia, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Paraguay, Peru, and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$61,500 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$85,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/97/K04 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 21st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 1997) Completion: June 1999.

(52) Emergency control measures of the Moroccan locust and other insect pests

<u>Submitter</u>: Iraqi General Body for Agricultural Research <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Iraq, Islamic Republic of Iran, Jordan, Lebanon, and Syrian Arab Republic) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$50,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$380,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) <u>Completion</u>: The project was closed in 2005

(53) Training of rice breeding experts for the effective use of rice genetic resources in the developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Academy of Agricultural Science of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea
<u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above
<u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture
<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ethiopia, Guinea, Mali, and Nigeria)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$100,000
<u>Other inputs</u>: US\$146,500
<u>Number</u>: INT/98/K03
<u>Duration</u>: Thirteen (13) months
<u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998)
<u>Completion</u>: The final report was submitted on 1 May 2000.

(54) **Programme for women and youth in the Sahel region**

<u>Submitter</u>: Sahel DEFIS, a NGO with headquarters in Burkina Faso. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 7 countries (Benin, Burkina Faso, Cape Verde, Mauritania, Niger, Senegal, and Togo) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$224,280 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years. <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) <u>Completion</u>: The final report was submitted on 17 April 2003.

(55) Training, consultation, awareness and capacity building for small hydropower in developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: International Network on Small Hydro Power (IN-SHP), based in the People's Republic of China <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 16 countries (Bangladesh, China, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Egypt, Ethiopia, Guatemala, India, Jamaica, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Panama, Venezuela, and Zambia) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$150,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$330,300 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K06 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) <u>Completion</u>: The final report and financial statement were received on 15 February 2001. Final budget revision received on 19 April 2001.

(56) International youth leadership training for promotion of South-South cooperation

<u>Submitter</u>: All Nigeria United Nations Students and Youth Association (ANUNSA) from Nigeria <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 11 countries (Algeria, Barbados, Cuba, Ghana, Indonesia, Liberia, Mozambique, Nigeria, Palestine, United Republic of Tanzania, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$20,000 Other inputs: US\$171,695 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) <u>Completion</u>: Final breakdown of disbursement received on 21 September 2000.

(57) Master Plan for the sustainable development of transportation and related infrastructure in South America

<u>Submitter</u>: Latin American Integration Association (ALADI) based in Montevideo, Uruguay <u>Sub-contractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 member countries (Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Ecuador, Mexico, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$50,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$413,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K08 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) Completion: Final budget revision submitted on 8 March 2001

(58) Harmonization of agricultural policies of the COMESA Member States

<u>Submitter</u>: Secretariat of the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa, (COMESA), based in Lusaka, Zambia. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 20 member countries (Angola, Burundi, Comoros, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Kenya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mauritius, Namibia, Rwanda, Seychelles, Sudan, Swaziland, Uganda, Zambia, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$60,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$420,000(estimated) <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K09 <u>Duration</u>: 1 year <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) Completion: Final report submitted on 18 March 2003

(59) Technology linkage through sharing and cooperation among developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Asian Alliance of Appropriate Technology Practitioners (Approtech), based in Manila, Philippines <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Bangladesh, Chile, Ecuador, Ghana, India, Indonesia, Kenya, Kiribati, Nepal, Philippines, Sri Lanka, and Thailand) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$100,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$150,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K10 <u>Duration</u>: 3 years <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) Completion: Final report submitted on 21 October 2003

(60) Sub-regional intellectual property system

<u>Submitter</u>: Andean Community General Secretariat, based in Lima, Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries Participating/beneficiary countries: 5 member countries (Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, and Venezuela) PGTF input: US\$50,000 Other inputs: US\$50,000 Number: INT/98/K11 Duration: 2 years Approval: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) Completion: Project closed on 28 September 2010. Only first part was implemented. Unspent balance of US\$ 27,500 reverted to PGTF. (Para. 190 of 2010 PGTF Committee of Experts report)

(61) Regional remote sensing activities

<u>Submitter</u>: Southern African Development Community (SADC), based in Gaborone, Botswana <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 14 member countries (Angola, Botswana, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Lesotho, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Namibia, Seychelles, South Africa, Swaziland, United Republic of Tanzania, Zambia, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$50,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$400,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K12 <u>Duration</u>: 2 years <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) <u>Completion</u>: Project closed on 28 September 2010

(62) Establishment of a statistical service unit and access of World Bank live database

<u>Submitter</u>: Secretariat of the Organization of African Unity, with headquarters in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All 53-member states of the African Union <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$80,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$1,206,690 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K14 <u>Duration</u>: 3 years <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) Completion: Project closed on 28 September 2010)

(63) Macro-economic and sectoral cooperation programme

<u>Submitter</u>: Secretariat of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS), based in Lagos, Nigeria <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 16 member countries (Benin, Burkina Faso, Cape Verde, Côte d'Ivoire, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Mali, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, and Togo) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$100,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$194,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K15 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) <u>Completion</u>: The project was closed in July 2008. An unspent balance of US\$ 50,000 reverted to PGTF. (64) Strengthening of the competitive capacities of micro, small and medium-size enterprises as an employment-generating factor using the technical and economic cooperation mechanism between Latin America and the Caribbean and Africa

<u>Submitter</u>: Permanent Secretariat of the Latin American Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 15 countries (Brazil, Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Jamaica, Kenya, Mexico, Nigeria, Peru, South Africa, Trinidad and Tobago, Venezuela, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$100,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$403,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K16 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) years <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) Completion: Final report and financial statement submitted on 10 June 2003

(65) Design of a regional project to strengthen strategies to reduce drug demand in Colombia, Ecuador and Venezuela

<u>Submitter</u>: National Drug Directorate from Colombia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Colombia, Ecuador, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$15,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$26,076 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K17 <u>Duration</u>: Four (4) months <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 30 October 2000.

(66) Development of a kit for the diagnosis of the Chagas disease

<u>Submitter</u>: University of Los Andes from Venezuela through the Permanent Mission of Venezuela to the United Nations <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Mexico, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$705,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K18 <u>Duration</u>: Thirteen (13) months. <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 1998) Completion: Final budget revision submitted on 9 September 2000.

(67) Development of information network and database system for NAM-CSSTC

<u>Submitter</u>: Department of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Center for South-South Technical Cooperation of the Non-Aligned Movement (NAM-CSSTC), headquartered in Jakarta, Indonesia <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: All 115-member countries of the Non-Aligned Movement <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$970,950 (in-kind) <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) years. <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 1999) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 21 June 2004

(68) Technical assistance in the field of standardization, metrology and quality management among developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Committee for Standardization of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Bangladesh, Cambodia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Lao People's Democratic Republic, and Nepal) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$73,667 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K02 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year. <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 1999) Completion: Final report submitted on 15 May 2001.

(69) Transportation information system (TIS) for the member countries of the Latin American Integration Association (ALADI)

<u>Submitter</u>: Secretariat of the Latin American Integration Association (ALADI) based in Montevideo, Uruguay <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 member countries (Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Ecuador, Mexico, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$37,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$113,800 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Ten (10) months <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 1999) Completion: Final report submitted on 29 August 2001.

(70) Pacific islands regional biomass energy resource assessment programme (PIRBERAP)

<u>Submitter</u>: The South Pacific Applied Geosciences Commission (SOPAC) Secretariat, based in Suva, Fiji <u>Subcontractor</u>: Relevant NGOs. <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 countries (Fiji, Kiribati, Samoa, Tonga, Tuvalu, and Vanuatu) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$34,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$166,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years. <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting (New York, 24 September 1999). Completion: Terminal report submitted on 13 July 2004

(71) Development of innovative systems for programme management and revenue generation for ASEAN science and technology

<u>Submitter</u>: ASEAN Secretariat, based in Jakarta, Indonesia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 10 member countries (Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Viet Nam) PGTF input: US\$34,000 Other inputs: US\$76,305 Number: INT/99/K07 Duration: Six (6) months. Approval: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting (New York, 24 September 1999). Completion: Terminal report submitted on 19 July 2004. An unspent balance of US\$3,019 reverted to the PGTF

(72) Preparation, reproduction and distribution of the second edition of the CD-ROM of the Pro-tempore Secretariat of the Amazon Cooperation Treaty

<u>Submitter</u>: Pro-Tempore Secretariat of the Amazon Cooperation Treaty (Venezuela) <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 8 member countries (Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Peru, Suriname, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$77,200 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months. <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 1999) <u>Completion</u>: Final budget revision submitted on 9 November 2000. Actual expenditures were US\$ 30,826 and the unspent balance of US\$ 4,174 reverted to PGTF.

(73) Citrus certification programmes in Central America and the Caribbean

<u>Submitter</u>: Instituto de Investigaciones de Cítricos y otros Frutales, from Cuba. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Cuba, Dominican Republic, and Guatemala) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K10 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year. <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting (New York, 24 September 1999). <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 30 July 2002.

(74) Promotion of alternative energy resources in African countries parties to the CCD

<u>Submitter</u>: Governments of Botswana, Cameroon, Kenya and Niger <u>Subcontractor</u>: NGOs in Botswana, Cameroon, Kenya and Niger <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Botswana, Cameroon, Kenya, and Niger) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$135,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K12 <u>Duration</u>: One year. <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 1999) Completion: Final report submitted on 6 June 2006

(75) Support to community pilot project in Algeria, Mali and Niger

<u>Submitter</u>: Governments of Algeria, Mali and Niger <u>Subcontractor</u>: NGO "CARI" <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Algeria, Mali, and Niger) PGTF input: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$83,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K13 <u>Duration</u>: Three years. <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 1999) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 28 July 2003

(76) Support to community pilot project in Burkina Faso, Mali and Niger

<u>Submitter</u>: Governments of Burkina Faso, Mali and Niger <u>Subcontractor</u>: Association Walte Edjef (Burkina Faso) and NGO Tassaght (Mali) <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Burkina Faso, Mali, and Niger) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$140,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K14 <u>Duration</u>: 3 years <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 1999) Completion: Final report submitted in December 2002

(77) Programme for regional technical cooperation in the field of integration in Mercosur member countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Member institutions of the Mercosur Economic Research Network (MercoNet) <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$54,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K01 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted in December 2001.

(78) EPPP - Electronic Prototype Production Project in Ethiopia

<u>Submitter</u>: The National Scientific Equipment Centre (NSEC) of the Ethiopian Science and Technology Commission <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Ethiopia, United Republic of Tanzania and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$200,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000) Completion: Closed in 2007

(79) Sustainable Management of Agro forest resources in Amazon Border Areas of Brazil, Colombia and Peru

<u>Submitter</u>: Peruvian Technical Unit (UTP) in the National Institute for Development (INADE) of Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Brazil, Colombia and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$45,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$75,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K03 <u>Duration</u>: One year. <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 7 August 2007

(80) Training of Irrigation and Drainage Designers for Undertaking Development of Water Resources in Developing Countries in Asia

<u>Submitter</u>: Agricultural Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: Irrigation Designing Institute from the Agricultural Ministry of DPR of Korea <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Bangladesh, Cambodia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Lao People's Democratic Republic, and Nepal) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$100,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K04 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000) <u>Completion</u>: Final report and final budget revision submitted respectively on 10 January 2002 and 6 October 2003.

(81) Cooperation for Development and Application of Biological Farming Method among Developing Countries in Asia

<u>Submitter</u>: Biological Branch of the Academy of Science of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Cambodia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Nepal, and Viet Nam) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$112,500 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K05 <u>Duration</u>: One (1) year <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000). <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 10 January 2002. Final budget revision submitted on 6 October 2003.

(82) Toward Asia Pacific Renaissance: Recovery, regional cooperation and the public sector

<u>Submitter</u>: Asian and Pacific Development Center (APDC), based in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 17 member countries (Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, China, Fiji, India, Indonesia, Iran, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand, and Viet Nam) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$105,100 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Six months <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000) <u>Completion</u>: Following dissolution of the submitting entity by its governing body in September 2004, the project was operationally closed in July 2007

(83) Trans-border Pilot Project in Mali, Burkina Faso and Niger (Azaouak)

Submitter: Governments of Mali, Burkina Faso and Niger

<u>Subcontractor</u>: NGOs (ABC Ecologie in Niger and "ACAS" in Mali) <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Mali, Burkina Faso, and Niger) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$74,800 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Three years <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted in June 2004

(84) Assessment and study of the residual effect of pesticides utilization on crop products and flowers in Latin America

<u>Submitter</u>: National University of Colombia <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, and Guatemala) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$354,085 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Three years. <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000). <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 24 June 2004

(85) Programme of prevention in Peru and control in Ecuador and Colombia against the Guatemalan moth

<u>Submitter</u>: National Agricultural Health Service (SENASA) from Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Colombia, Ecuador, and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$43,268 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K10 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000). <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 5 September 2003

(86) Support for development of transboundary communities' activities in the Kalahari-Namib region (Namibia, Botswana and South Africa)

<u>Submitter</u>: UNCCD Secretariat on behalf of the Governments of Namibia, Botswana and South Africa <u>Subcontractor</u>: Southern African Development Community (SADC) <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Botswana, Namibia, and South Africa) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K11 <u>Duration</u>: Five years <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 21 June 2004

(87) Strengthening the livelihood of women potters associations, in order to fight against pressure on natural resources and rural poverty

<u>Submitter</u>: Governments of Burkina Faso, Ghana and Togo <u>Subcontractor</u>: NGOs "ABC Ecologie" in Niger and "ACAS" in Mali <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Burkina Faso, Ghana, and Togo) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$10,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$20,300 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K12 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 12 August 2003

(88) Trans-border Pilot Project in Mali, Mauritania and Senegal

<u>Submitter</u>: Governments of Mali, Mauritania and Senegal <u>Subcontractor</u>: Local NGOs <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Mali, Mauritania, and Senegal) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$224,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/00/K13 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) years <u>Approval</u>: 24th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 September 2000). Completion: Final report submitted in November 2004

(89) Quinoa, a multipurpose crop for agro-industrial uses in the Andean countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Universidad Nacional del Altiplano from Puno, Peru, through the National Council for Science and Technology of Peru. <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Bolivia, Colombia, and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$74,900 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$89,800 <u>Number</u>: INT/01/K01 <u>Duration</u>: 18 months <u>Approval</u>: 25th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 November 2001) Completion: Final report and financial statement received on 10 June 2004

(90) Improving Awassi Sheep Productivity by using frozen semen in Jordan and the

<u>Submitter</u>: Jordan University of Science and Technology <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above. <u>Priority</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Egypt, Jordan and Palestine) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$110,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$260,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/01/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 25th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 November 2001) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 2 October 2006

(91) Watershed Management in the Northern Badia Region as an example for desert regions

<u>Submitter</u>: AL al-Bayt University from Jordan <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Jordan, Saudi Arabia and Syrian Arab Republic) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$75,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$142,720 <u>Number</u>: INT/01/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) years <u>Approval</u>: 25th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 November 2001) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 16 May 2007

(92) Distributed Modeling of Pipeline Networks

<u>Submitter</u>: Jordan University of Science and Technology <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Jordan, Turkey, and United Arab Emirates) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$80,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$80,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/01/K05 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 25th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 November 2001) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 27 November 2003

(93) Technical Assistance and Support to the relatively less advanced stage of economic development countries in business missions

<u>Submitter</u>: Latin American Integration Association (ALADI) Secretariat, based in Montevideo, Uruguay <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Bolivia, Ecuador, and Paraguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$17,500 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$75,300 <u>Number</u>: INT/01/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Three months <u>Approval</u>: 25th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 November 2001) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 29 June 2005

(94) Water and energy optimization in sugar and alcohol integrated production

<u>Submitter</u>: Submitter: Cuban Research Institute for Sugar Cane Byproducts (ICIDCA), Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Cuba, and Mexico) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$86,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$90,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/01/K07 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 25th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 November 2001) Completion: Final report submitted on 6 August 2004

(95) Training of Maize breeding experts for effective use of maize germplasm in Africa

<u>Submitter</u>: Academy of Agricultural Science of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Democratic Republic of the Congo, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ethiopia, Guinea, and Mali) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$81,200 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$159,100 <u>Number</u>: INT/02/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve months <u>Approval</u>: 25th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 15 November 2001) <u>Completion</u>: Final report and budget revision submitted on 22 August 2003

(96) Support to the Coordinating Secretariat of the Zambia-Malawi-Mozambique Growth Triangle for the Implementation of the ZMM-GT

<u>Submitter</u>: Zambia Investment Center <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Malawi, Mozambique, and Zambia) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$70,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$95,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K01 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) Completion: Final report submitted on 21 July 2010.

(97) Cooperation in promoting an Andean Fair Competition System (SICCLA)

<u>Submitter</u>: Export Promotion Commission (PROMPEX) from Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Colombia, Ecuador and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$20,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$32,750 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve months <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 23 March 2005

(98) Indicators System on Information and Communications Technology

<u>Submitter</u>: National Institute of Statistics and Informatics (NISIT) from Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Brazil, Mexico, and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$50,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve months <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 8 June 2004

(99) Prevention in Peru and Control Programme in Bolivia and Brazil against Anthonomus Grandis Boheman "The Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil"

<u>Submitter</u>: National Agricultural Health Service (SENASA) from Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Bolivia, Brazil, and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve months <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) Completion: Final report submitted on 14 February 2008

(100) Regional technical cooperation programme: support to economic research in Mercosur

<u>Submitter</u>: The Mercosur Economic Research Network (MercoNet) <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay, and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$369,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve months <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 11 August 2004

(101) Negotiating Trade in Services: Implications for the Andean Community of Nations

<u>Submitter</u>: The Latin American School for Social Sciences (FLACSO), based in Buenos Aires, Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 member countries (Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$20,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$71,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K06 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 11 August 2005

(102) Territorial imbalances and university education: impact of territorial imbalances on university student's performance

<u>Submitter</u>: National University of La Plata from Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Brazil, and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$20,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$144,400 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Nine months <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) Completion: Final report submitted on 23 August 2004

(103) Training, Consultation and Awareness Building for Small Hydropower in Developing Countries

<u>Submitter</u>: International Network on Small Hydropower (IN-SHP), base in the People's Republic of China <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Bangladesh, China, India, and Sri Lanka) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$117,400 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve months <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 8 June 2004

(104) Increase of sugar production by microbiological inhibition of the Leuconostoc spp. and other bacteria

<u>Submitter</u>: Cuban Research Institute for Sugar Cane by-Products (ICIDCA) from Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Cuba, and Mexico) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve months <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 12 September 2005

(105) Caribbean Postgraduate Center

<u>Submitter</u>: Universidad de Oriente (East University) from Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Cape Verde, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$111,500 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K10 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 23 April 2014

(106) Development of water resources in the Badia region as an example of arid regions

<u>Submitter</u>: Al al-Bayt University from Jordan <u>Subcontractor</u>: Same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Jordan, Palestine, and Syrian Arab Republic) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$70,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$643,640 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K11 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve months <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 4 January 2006

(107) Training of Irrigation Designers for Undertaking the Work of Developing the Water Resources in Developing Countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: Irrigation Designing Institute under the Ministry of Agriculture of the DPR of Korea <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Burkina Faso, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Guinea, Mali, and Senegal) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$110,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K13 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report and budget revision submitted on 1 March 2004

(108) Strengthening South-South Africa/Asia/Latin America and the Caribbean Cooperation for Economic and Social Integration

<u>Submitter</u>: The Latin American Economic System (SELA) Permanent Secretariat, based in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 9 countries (Cameroon, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Kenya, Peru, South Africa, Uruguay, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$92,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K14 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 21 November 2007. An unspent balance of US\$ 4,726 reverted to PGTF

(109) Capacity-building in Bio-Safety for the Caribbean

<u>Submitter</u>: Caribbean Council for Science and Technology (CCST), based in Trinidad and Tobago <u>Subcontractor</u>: Not required <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 countries (Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Guyana, St. Lucia, and Trinidad and Tobago) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$35,300 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K15 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve months <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Completion</u>: Final report and budget revision submitted on 16 June 2004

(110) Cooperation for floriculture and vegetable growing technology among developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: Pyongyang Horticulture Group, under the Agricultural Ministry of the DPRK <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 countries (Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ethiopia, Mali, Sudan, Uganda and United Republic of Tanzania) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$101,200 <u>Number</u>: INT/04/K01 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 27th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2003) <u>Completion</u>: Final report and budget revision submitted on 2 November 2004

(111) Information network to promote strategies of socio-economic development in South American camelids of Andean Countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Research Center of the *Universidad Católica de Santa María* (St. Mary's Catholic University) from Arequipa, Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Bolivia, Ecuador and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$44,200 <u>Number</u>: INT/04/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Sixteen months <u>Approval</u>: 27th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2003) <u>Completion</u>: Final report and financial statement submitted on 30 October 2006

(112) Design of a system of management of used pesticide containers

Submitter: National Agricultural Health Service (SENASA) from PeruSubcontractor: same as abovePriority area: Technical cooperation among developing countriesParticipating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (Bolivia, Ecuador and Peru)PGTF input: US\$25,000Other inputs: US\$25,000Number: INT/04/K03Duration: One yearApproval: 27th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2003)Completion: Final report and financial statement submitted on 20 December 2006

(113) Development of new technologies and products for the whole utilization of marginal and primary yeasts as sources of food (YAF)

<u>Submitter</u>: Cuban Research Institute for Sugar Cane by-Products (ICIDCA) from Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Cuba and Mexico) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$245,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/04/K04 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 27th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2003) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 28 July 2005

(114) Identification of international cooperation opportunities for the settlement of youth in small communities of Argentina, Chile and Uruguay

<u>Submitter</u>: Foundation "Banco de la Provincia de Buenos Aires" <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area:</u> Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Chile and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/04/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Six months <u>Approval</u>: 27th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2003) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 18 May 2005.

(115) Technology Transfer: Assessing Needs – Promoting Action

<u>Submitter</u>: United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) <u>Subcontractor</u>: African Regional Center for Technology (ARCT), based in Dakar, Senegal <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries directly (Cote d'Ivoire, Indonesia, Jordan, Kenya, Mongolia, Nigeria, Philippines, South Africa, Thailand, United Republic of Tanzania, Viet Nam and Zimbabwe) and 8 countries collectively (Pacific Islands Group: Fiji, Marshall Islands, Micronesia, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands, Tonga and Vanuatu) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$45,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$65,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/04/K06 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 27th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2003) Completion: Final report submitted in August 2007

(116) Regional integration of postal transportation in the Andean Community

<u>Submitter</u>: Postal Union of the Americas, Spain and Portugal (UPAEP), based in Montevideo, Uruguay <u>Subcontractor</u>: *Universidad Externado de Colombia* <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$65,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/04/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Four (4) months <u>Approval</u>: 27th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2003) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 1 August 2007

(117) Development and strengthdning of mechanisms for solving conflicts on shared natural resources in the Karamajong ecosystem in East Africa

<u>Submitter</u>: UNCCD Secretariat on behalf of the governments of Kenya, Sudan and Uganda, as participating countries <u>Subcontractor</u>: African Union – IBAR (Inter-African Bureau for Animal Resources), based in Nairobi, Kenya <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Kenya, Sudan and Uganda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$25,000 (in-kind) <u>Number</u>: INT/04/K08 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 27th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2003) Completion: Closed in 5 July 2007

(118) Training programme for the staff of some African Countries Member Chambers

<u>Submitter:</u> Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ICCI), based in Karachi, Pakistan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 13 countries (Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Chad, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, Guinea, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Sudan, and Togo) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$24,700 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$24,900 <u>Number</u>: INT/05/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) days <u>Approval</u>: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 2004) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 12 July 2005. An unspent balance of US\$ 8,846 reverted to PGTF

(119) Training of Researchers for Seed Production, Processing and Inspection Methods in Developing Countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Seed Technical Center (STC), under the Ministry of Agriculture of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture Participating/beneficiary countries: 5 countries (Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ethiopia, Rwanda, Tanzania and Uganda) PGTF input: US\$45,000 Other inputs: US\$67,500 Number: INT/05/K02 Duration: Twelve (12) months Approval: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 2004) Completion: Final report submitted on 10 August 2005

(120) Training of Groundnut Breeding Experts for the Effective Use of Groundnut Genetic Resources in the Developing Countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Academy of Agricultural Sciences of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Guinea, Mali, Nigeria, and Senegal) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$45,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$67,500 <u>Number</u>: INT/05/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 2004) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 13 June 2005

(121) Exchange of Experiences of Export Trade Promotion Organizations in the Andean Region

<u>Submitter</u>: The Peruvian Trade Commission (PROMPEX), based in Lima, Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Bolivia, Chile, Ecuador and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$27,500 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$32,200 <u>Number</u>: INT/05/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Five (5) months <u>Approval</u>: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 2004) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 31 December 2007

(122) Strengthening development cooperation for poverty reduction between Viet Nam, Benin, and Mozambique

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Viet Nam <u>Subcontractor</u>: Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Viet Nam <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Benin, Mozambique, and Viet Nam) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,400 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/05/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 2004) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 26 May 2006

(123) Latin American network for scientific and technical information on vaccines

<u>Submitter</u>: Finlay Institute - Center for Research-Production of Vaccines, based in Havana, Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries Participating/beneficiary countries: 4 countries (Colombia, Cuba, Ecuador and El Salvador) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$303,958 <u>Number</u>: INT/05/K10 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 2004) Completion: Final report submitted on 3 June 2011

(124) Training of irrigation and drainage designers for protection from drought and flood damage in developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Irrigation Designing Research Institute (IDRI) from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ethiopia, Nigeria, Sudan and Uganda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$34,827 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$43,173 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 16 August 2006

(125) Training of experts on construction and operation of small-size hydropower plants in developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Institute of Electric Power and Remote Control ((IEPRC) from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Bangladesh, Cambodia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Lao People's Democratic Republic and Nepal) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$42,066 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 8 August 2006

(126) Training of experts on standardization and metrology of developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: State Administration for Quality Management from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ethiopia, Nigeria, Sudan and Uganda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$34,827 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$43,173 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) <u>Completion</u>: Final report was submitted on 17 August 2006

(127) Yeast and yeast derivative production from cheese whey (YEWHEY)

<u>Submitter:</u> "Universidad Nacional de Quilmes" based in Buenos Aires, Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Costa Rica, El Salvador and Mexico) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$347,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) <u>Completion</u>: Final report was submitted on 1December 2008. An unspent balance of US\$ 4,415 reverted to PGTF

(128) Support to the MERCOSUR regional integration process

<u>Submitter</u>: Mercosur Economic Research Network (MercoNet) based in Montevideo, Uruguay <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$41,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) <u>Completion</u>: Final report was submitted on 29 June 2007

(129) Training programme for staff of national chambers of commerce of Middle Eastern countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ICCI) based in Karachi, Pakistan with the endorsement of the Organization of the Islamic Conference <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 19 countries (Algeria, Bahrain, Egypt, Iraq, Islamic Republic of Iran, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Oman, Palestine, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, and Yemen) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$27,400 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$33,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Four (4) days in mid-2006 <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 4 July 2006. An unspent balance of US\$6,097 reverted to PGTF

(130) International youth leadership training for promotion of South-South cooperation -2^{nd} Study session and training

<u>Submitter</u>: Caribbean Youth Environment Network (CYEN) based in Bridgetown, Barbados <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 21 countries (Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Chile, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Jamaica, Liberia, Mauritius, Nigeria, Senegal, South Africa, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$70,786 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Five (5) months <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 13 September 2006

(131) Creation of a rainwater-harvesting model

<u>Submitter</u>: Caribbean Council for Science and Technology (CCST) based in Trinidad and Tobago <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Health <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 11 countries (Antigua and Barbuda, Barbados, Bahamas, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Jamaica, Martinique, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, and Trinidad and Tobago) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) Completion: Project financially closed on 19 October 2007

(132) Harmonization of norms and procedures for agronomic evaluation of commercial varieties in Peru, Colombia and Bolivia

<u>Submitter</u>: National Service of Agrarian Health (SENASA) from Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Bolivia, Colombia and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Eight (8) months <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 8 January 2009

(133) Training, consultation and awareness for small hydropower development in Mozambique, Uganda, Nigeria and Zimbabwe

<u>Submitter</u>: International Center on Small Hydropower (IC-SHP), based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (China, Mozambique, Nigeria, Uganda, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$40,840 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K10 <u>Duration</u>: Fifteen (15) months <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) Completion: Final report submitted on 17 October 2008

(134) Strengthening of coordination and cooperation among countries for the prevention of HIV/AIDS in the Americas region

<u>Submitter</u>: Ministry of Health of Jamaica <u>Subcontractor</u>: Pan American Health Organization <u>Priority area</u>: Health <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 8 countries (Bahamas, Cuba, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, and Nicaragua) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$78,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/06/K11 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 29th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2005) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 25 September 2008

(135) First International Seminar on biosphere resources located in semi-arid regions

<u>Submitter</u>: Department of Science, Technology and Environment of the Pernambuco State Government (Brazil)
<u>Subcontractor</u>: Friends of the Caatinga Biosphere Institute, an NGO based in Brazil
<u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries
<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 7 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Mexico, Morocco, Paraguay, and Peru)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000
<u>Other inputs</u>: US\$45,000
<u>Number</u>: INT/07/K01
<u>Duration</u>: Five (5) months
<u>Approval</u>: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2006)
Completion: Final report submitted on 27 July 2007

(136) Training of experts on standardization and metrology of developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: State Administration for Quality Management of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Cambodia, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Lao People's Democratic Republic, and Nepal) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 41,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/07/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2006) Completion: Final report submitted on 22 July 2013

(137) Training of maize breeding experts for the effective use of maize genetic resources of developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Academy of Agricultural Sciences of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ethiopia, Guinea, Rwanda, United Republic of Tanzania) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 34,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 42,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/07/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2006) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 1 August 2014

(138) Enhanced diagnostic capacity and control measures of some trans-boundary animal diseases with emphasis on pathology and epidemiology of Johne's disease and para-tuberculosis in Jordan, Egypt and Algeria

<u>Submitter</u>: Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST), based in Irbid City, Jordan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above

Priority area: Health Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (Algeria, Egypt and Jordan) PGTF input: US\$ 33,000 Other inputs: US\$ 35,000 Number: INT/07/K05 Duration: Twelve (12) months Approval: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2006) Completion: Final report submitted on 12 March 2008

(139) Building National Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) capacity of developing countries to effectively harness small hydropower

<u>Submitter</u>: International Center of Small Hydropower (ICSHP), based in Hangzhou, China, <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 18 countries (Argentina, Colombia, China, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana, India, Kenya, Liberia, Madagascar, Mali, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Nigeria, Tunisia, United Republic of Tanzania, and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 50,360 <u>Number</u>: INT/07/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2006) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted in December 2010

(140) International cooperation of computational intelligence study and research exchange in city information management

<u>Submitter</u>: The Tongji University based in Shanghai, China and the Shanghai Regional
<u>Cooperation Office for City Informatization</u>
<u>Subcontractor</u>: The Tongji University
<u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries
<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 7 countries (China, Cameroon, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Morocco, Nepal, and Yemen)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 30,000
<u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 50,000
<u>Number</u>: INT/07/K07
<u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months
<u>Approval</u>: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2006)
Completion: Final report submitted on 22 June 2011

(141) Training and transfer of sea buckthorn technology to enhance the sustainable development of developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: The International Center for Research and Training on Sea Buckthorn (ICRTS), based in Beijing, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (China, India, Mongolia and Nepal) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 32,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 40,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/07/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2006) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted in December 2010 (142) Appropriate construction technologies, basic environmental drainage and alternative energies: Amazonian experiences as a basis for implementing the "Red de Tecnologías Apropiadas de la Amazonia (RETAM) – Amazonian Network of Appropriate Technologies"

<u>Submitter</u>: FUNDABITAT, a non-governmental organization base in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 8 countries (Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Peru, Suriname and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 206,952 <u>Number</u>: INT/07/K10 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 22 September 2006) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 30 March 2010

(143) Training programme for devising national small and medium enterprises (SME) programmes for member countries of the Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC)

<u>Submitter</u>: Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ICCI), based in Karachi, Pakistan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Afghanistan, Albania, Bangladesh, Egypt, Islamic Republic of Iran, Sultanate of Oman, Pakistan, Sudan, Syria, Togo, Turkey, and Yemen) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$39,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$59,500 <u>Number</u>: INT/07/K11 <u>Duration</u>: Four (4) days <u>Approval</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 7 January 2008. An unspent balance of US\$18,184 reverted to PGTF

(144) Sustainable rainwater harvesting and ground water recharge in developing countries – Human resource development and technology transfer

<u>Submitter</u>: Center for Science & Technology of the Non-aligned and Other Developing Countries, based in New Delhi, India <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 18 countries (Botswana, Cambodia, Egypt, India, Indonesia, Islamic Republic of Iran, Kenya, Malawi, Mauritius, Myanmar, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Sudan, United Republic of Tanzania, Uganda, Viet Nam and Zambia) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 42,309 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 46,300 <u>Number</u>: INT/08/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Thirty-six (36) months <u>Approval</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 30 August 2011. This project received funds from IFAD under the IFAD-PGTF Grant Agreement signed in November 2006

(145) Capacity building in plant genomics in Latin America

<u>Submitter:</u> Cayetano Heredia Peruvian University (*Universidad Peruana Cayetano Heredia*), based in Lima, Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture Participating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (Brazil, Chile and Peru) PGTF input: US\$ 38,000 Other inputs: US\$ 135,600 Number: INT/08/K03 Duration: One (1) year Approval: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007) Completion: Final report submitted on 12 August 2009

(146) Harmonization of norms and procedures for value-added timber products in South America

<u>Submitter</u>: The Wood Technology Innovation Center (*CITE Madera*) from Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Chile, Peru and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 36,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 53,930 <u>Number</u>: INT/08/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 2 December 2009

(147) Strengthening of capacities of private sector agencies and NGOs in selected African countries through regional networking and ECDC/TCDC supporting Women and Youth Entrepreneurship (WED/YED)

<u>Submitter</u>: UNIDO <u>Subcontractor</u>: Small Industries Development Organization (SIDO) from Tanzania <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Eritrea, Kenya, Malawi, United Republic of Tanzania and Zimbabwe) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 42,330 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 83,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/08/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 23 December 2009. This project received funds from IFAD under the IFAD-PGTF Grant Agreement signed in November 2006.

(148) Increased sugar production through microbial inhibition of Leuconostoc sp. and other bacteria (Phase II)

<u>Submitter</u>: Cuban Research Institute for Sugar Cane by-Products (ICIDCA), based in Havana, Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Cuba and Mexico) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 38,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 55,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/08/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 17 February 2011

(149) Interactive CD-ROMs on Climate Change for public education among Caribbean audiences

<u>Submitter</u>: Caribbean Council for Science and Technology (CCST), based in Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago

<u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, and St. Vincent and the Grenadines) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 36,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 42,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/08/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Fifteen (15) months <u>Approval</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 4 April 2013

(150) International cooperation of higher education popularization and reformation study for developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: The Tongji University, based in Shanghai, China
<u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
<u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries
<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 7 countries (Bangladesh, Cameroon, China, Gabon, Haiti, Morocco and Sudan)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000
<u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 55,000
<u>Number</u>: INT/08/K08
<u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years
<u>Approval</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007)
Completion: Final report submitted on 18 October 2013

(151) Training of agriculture administrators, technicians and farmers on sustainable development in the mountainous upland areas of the Greater Mekong sub region

<u>Submitter</u>: Lancang-Mekong Sub-regional Economic Cooperation & Trade Development Center (LMEC), based in Yunnan, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Cambodia, China, Lao People's Democratic Republic and Viet Nam) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 42,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 66,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/08/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 13 April 2009. This project received funds from IFAD under the IFAD-PGTF Grant Agreement signed in November 2006

(152) Community based sustainable alternative livelihood development for lake protection

Submitter: Office of Mountain-River-Lake Development Committee (MRLDO) of the provinceof Jiangxi, ChinaSubcontractor: same as abovePriority area: Technical cooperation among developing countriesParticipating/beneficiary countries: 3 countries (China, Indonesia and Sri Lanka)PGTF input: US\$ 38,000Other inputs: US\$ 40,000Number: INT/08/K10Duration: Twelve (12) monthsApproval: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007)Completion: Final report submitted on 1 April 2013

(153) Fee-for-service pico hydro: model for providing power to remote, low-income households

<u>Submitter</u>: International Center on Small Hydropower (ICSHP), based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (China, India and Sri Lanka) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 38,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 59,500 <u>Number</u>: INT/08/K11 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 27 September 2007) Completion: Final report submitted on 1 April 2013

(154) Training programme on microfinance sector development

<u>Submitter:</u> Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ICCI), based in Karachi, Pakistan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
<u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries
<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 15 countries (Bahrain, Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Djibouti, Egypt, Indonesia, Islamic Republic of Iran, Jordan, Malaysia, Nigeria, Pakistan, Senegal, Sudan, Uganda and Yemen)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 32,955
<u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 62,050
<u>Number</u>: INT/09/K02
<u>Duration</u>: Four (4) days
<u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008)
<u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 12 September 2009. An unspent balance of US\$7,726 reverted to PGTF

(155) Support to the Mercosur regional integration process

<u>Submitter</u>: Mercosur Economic Research Network (MercoNet), based in Montevideo, Uruguay <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 21,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 49,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) Completion: Final report submitted on 6 April 2010

(156) South American inter-laboratories network for standardization and accreditation of value-added textile products made with fibers from South American camelids in Argentina, Bolivia and Peru

<u>Submitter</u>: Technical Office of the Technological Innovation Centers, based in Lima, Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Bolivia and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 48,480 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 4 March 2011

(157) Implementation of the electronic vote observatory in Latin America

<u>Submitter</u>: *Oficina Nacional de Procesos Electorales* (National Bureau of Electoral Processes), based in Lima, Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Colombia, Costa Rica and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 34,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 34,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 34,575 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 7 April 2011

(158) Exchange of experiences on assistance services for exporters and utilization of technological tools for supporting export-promotion organizations in the Andean region

<u>Submitter</u>: PROMPERU, the Trade Promotion Agency of Peru, based in Lima, Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Colombia, Costa Rica, Chile, Ecuador and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 36,700 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 11 April 2011

(159) Training plan for popularizing the clean burning technology of environment protection boiler

<u>Submitter</u>: Jiangxi Association for International Economic Cooperation, based in China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (China, India, Indonesia and Thailand) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 100,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 1 April 2013

(160) **Promotion dairy technical and economic cooperation between China and Africa through value-added** functional dairy products

<u>Submitter</u>: South-South Biological Technology Center, based in Beijing, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (China, Kenya, South Africa and United Republic of Tanzania) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 92,460 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 1 April 2013

(161) Regional cooperation on edible mushroom technology

<u>Submitter</u>: Asia Pacific Edible Mushroom Training Center (APEMTC), based in Fuzhou, Fujian province, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (China, Philippines and Viet Nam) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 34,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 56,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K10 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted in August 2014

(162) TCDC/ECDC facilitation e-center of bamboo

<u>Submitter</u>: China National Bamboo Research Center (CBRC), based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 8 countries (China, Colombia, Fiji, Ghana, India, Nigeria, Philippines, and Uganda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 37,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 62,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K11 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 1 April 2013

(163) SIM EMWG Training and Development

<u>Submitter</u>: National Institute of Metrology, Standardization and Industrial Quality of Brazil (INMETRO), based in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 12 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, El Salvador, Mexico, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, and Trinidad and Tobago) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 31,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 60,040 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K14 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) Completion: Final report submitted on 27 July 2011

(164) Strengthening of infrastructure and synergy for animal health sectors

<u>Submitter</u>: Jordan University of Science and Technology, based in Irbid, Jordan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Algeria, Egypt, Jordan, Palestine and Yemen) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 45,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Ten (10) months <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 25 July 2011. This project received funds from IFAD under the IFAD-PGTF Grant Agreement signed in November 2006

(165) Cooperation and coordination of institutions in Latin America and the Caribbean, Asia and Africa for disaster risk reduction

<u>Submitter</u>: Permanent Secretariat of the Latin American Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 27 member countries of SELA <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 47,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 6 May 2011. Actual expenditures of the project were US\$ 27,484 and an unspent balance of US\$ 5,516 reverted to PGTF. This project received funds from IFAD under the IFAD-PGTF Grant Agreement signed in November 2006

(166) Efficiency improving and energy saving scale-up of existing small hydropower (SHP) plants in rural areas

<u>Submitter</u>: International Center on Small Hydropower (IC-SHP) , based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (China, Indonesia, Sri Lanka and Viet Nam) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 29,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 66,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Twenty-four (24) months <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 8 September 2013

(167) Training in legal metrology

<u>Submitter</u>: Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Regional Organization for Standards and Quality (CROSQ), based in St. Michael, Barbados <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 14 countries (Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, Montserrat, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, and Trinidad and Tobago) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 27,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 27,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009) Completion: Final report submitted on 1 March 2012

(168) Indicators system on information technologies and communications in the Andean Community (CAN)

<u>Submitter</u>: "Instituto Nacional de Estadistica e Informática – INEI" (National Institute of Statistics and Informatics) from Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology Participating/beneficiary countries: 4 countries (Bolivia, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 24,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 32,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009) Completion: Final report submitted on 26 June 2012

(169) Exchange of experiences about opening of new markets for the value-added export supply of Colombia, Ecuador and Peru

<u>Submitter</u>: Peruvian Promotion Commission for Exports and Tourism (PROMPERU) from Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Colombia, Ecuador and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 24,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 30,100 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009) Completion: Final report submitted on 2 June 2014

(170) International comparison on measurement of mass, length and pressure

<u>Submitter</u>: National Institute for the Defense of Competition and Protection of Intellectual Property (INDECOP) from Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 countries (Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Mexico, Peru and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 24,940 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 27,740 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Ten (10) months <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 29 December 2014

(171) Development of Cleaner Production in the sugar and byproduct industries

<u>Submitter</u>: Cuban Research Institute on Sugar Cane by-Products (ICIDCA), based in Havana, Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Cuba and Nicaragua) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 22,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 56,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K10 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 10 August 2012

(172) Fifth Forum for Businesswomen in Islamic Countries

<u>Submitter:</u> Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ICC), based in Karachi, Pakistan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 17 member countries of the Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC) (Bahrain, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cameroon, Comoros, Egypt, Islamic Republic of Iran, Kenya, Kirgizstan, Malaysia, Morocco, Pakistan, Palestine, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syrian Arab Republic, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 29,000
<u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 140,250
<u>Number</u>: INT/10/K11
<u>Duration</u>: Three (3) days
<u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009)
<u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 30 June 2010. An unspent balance of US\$ 5,525 reverted to PGTF. This project received funds from IFAD under the IFAD-PGTF Grant Agreement signed in November 2006

(173) Acceleration of small hydropower (SHP) development and carbon financing in African and Asian countries

<u>Submitter</u>: International Center on Small Hydropower (IC-SHP), based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (China, Sierra Leone, Viet Nam and Zambia) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 36,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 49,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/11/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 34th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2010) Completion: Final report submitted on 1 April 2013

(174) Cooperation, integration and convergence in the area of health in Latin America and the Caribbean

<u>Submitter</u>: Permanent Secretariat of the Latin American Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Health <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 27 member countries of SELA <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 40,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/11/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 34th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2010) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 12 December 2011. An unspent balance of USD 6,679 reverted to PGTF

(175) **Production and application of bio-products in cultures of economic importance**

<u>Submitter</u>: Cuban Research Institute on Sugar Cane by-Products (ICIDCA), based in Havana, <u>Cuba</u> <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Cuba and Mexico) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 34,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 90,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/11/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 34th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2010) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 13 April 2015

(176) Sixth Forum for Businesswomen in Islamic Countries

Submitter: Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ICCI), based in Karachi, Pakistan

<u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 14 countries (Bahrain, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Indonesia, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mauritania, Pakistan, United Arab Emirates, Senegal, Somalia, Sudan y Togo) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 36,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 141,500 <u>Number</u>: INT/11/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) days <u>Approval</u>: 34th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2010) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 5 April 2013. An unspent balance of US\$ 11,293 reverted to PGTF

(177) A proposal to enhance the capacity building/development on the effect of climate change in animal health issue with special reference to bluetongue disease in Egypt, Algeria, Palestine and Jordan

 348. Submitter: Jordan University for Science and Technology, based in Irbid, Jordan Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Food and Agriculture Participating/beneficiary countries: 4 countries (Algeria, Egypt, Jordan and Palestine) PGTF input: US\$ 36,000 Other inputs: US\$ 45,000 Number: INT/11/K07 Duration: Ten (10) months Approval: 34th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2010) Completion: Final report submitted on 10 July 2013

(178) Strengthening and promotion of Latin American and the Caribbean cooperation in the area of agriculture and food security

<u>Submitter</u>: Permanent Secretariat of the Latin American Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: not required <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 28 member countries of SELA (Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Chile, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 26,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 40,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) Completion: Final report submitted 6 December 2012. An unspent balance of US\$ 736 reverted to PGTF.

(179) Search of new markets for fruits and vegetables

<u>Submitter</u>: Peru Export and Tourism Promotion Board (Promperu), based in Lima, Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Colombia, Ecuador and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 22,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 33,820 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 15 February 2013

(180) Quality control system for added-value products of South America

<u>Submitter</u>: The Technological Innovation Center for Wood (CITE-Madera) under the Ministry of Production of Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Argentina, Chile, Peru and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 21,994 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 37,405 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted 19 December 2014

(181) Programme for the development of mechanisms for exports of services in the free zones of Colombia, Brazil and Peru

<u>Submitter</u>: Ministry of Foreign Trade and Tourism of Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Brazil, Colombia and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 21,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 39,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 8 January 2015

(182) A proposal to enhance the diagnostic capacities of rabies disease with special reference to its pathology and epidemiology on Egypt, Algeria, Palestine and Jordan

<u>Submitter</u>: Department of Pathology and Animal Health, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine of the Jordan University of Science and Technology, based in Irbid, Jordan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Health <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 4 countries (Algeria, Egypt, Jordan and Palestine) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 23,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 45,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Ten (10) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) Completion: Final report submitted on 5 February 2015

(183) Technical extension and application of sustainable aquaculture in Namibia and Mozambique

<u>Submitter</u>: Freshwater Fisheries Research Center under the Chinese Academy of Fishery Sciences, based in Jiangsu, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (China, Mozambique and Namibia) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 23,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 67,500 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) Completion: Final report submitted in June 2014.

(184) Initiative on research and practice of green hydropower in China and selected countries in Latin America

<u>Submitter</u>: International Center on Small Hydro Power (ICSHP), based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Brazil, China and Colombia) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 23,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 87,900 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted in August 2014

(185) Training programme for microfinance sector development for OIC countries

Submitter: Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ICCI), based in Karachi, Pakistan Subcontractor: same as above Priority area: Finance Participating/beneficiary countries: 14 countries (Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Jordan, Kuwait, Malaysia, Oman, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Tajikistan, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan and Yemen) PGTF input: US\$ 26,000 Other inputs: US\$ 26,000 Other inputs: US\$ 28,700 Number: INT/12/K18 Duration: Three (3) days Approval: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) Completion: Final report submitted on 28 August 2013. An unspent amount of US\$ 2,762 reverted to PGTF.

(186) Training programme on entrepreneurship development of OIC countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Islamic Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture (ICCIA), based in Karachi, Pakistan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 16 countries (Afghanistan, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Islamic Republic of Iran, Jordan, Kyrgyzstan, Oman, Pakistan, Palestine, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Tajikistan, Uganda, United Arab Emirates and Yemen) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) days <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 28 August 2013. An unspent amount of US\$ 3,204 reverted to PGTF

(187) A proposal to improve the diagnostics capacities of Brucellosis disease, enhance the vaccination and control strategies with special emphasis on farmers' awareness in Algeria, Egypt, Palestine and Jordan

<u>Submitter</u>: Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST), based in Irbid, Jordan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Afghanistan, Algeria, Egypt, Jordan and Palestine) PGTF input: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Ten (10) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) Completion: Final report submitted on 5 February 2015

(188) OIC-LDC Youth entrepreneurship development – Education seminar and training YED

<u>Submitter</u>: Islamic Conference Youth Forum for Dialogue and Cooperation (ICYF-DC), based in Istanbul, Turkey <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 10 countries (Cameroon, Djibouti, Indonesia, Maldives, Palestine, Pakistan, Sierra Leone, Sudan, Thailand and Uganda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 34,400 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 111,846 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) Completion: Final report submitted on 28 January 2016

(189) Strengthening development and integration of the border areas in Latin America and the Caribbean as a cornerstone for the economic and social dimensions of integration

<u>Submitter</u>: Permanent Secretariat of the Latin American Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 28 member countries (Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Chile, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 42,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 6 August 2013

(190) Strengthening of the South American network for the textile and commercial standardization of fine natural hair of South American camelids (Alpaca) in Argentina, Bolivia and Peru

<u>Submitter</u>: General Directorate for Agrarian Competitiveness under the Ministry of Agriculture of Peru <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (Argentina, Bolivia and Peru) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 30,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 6 May 2016

(191) Demonstration programme of refurbished rural multi-purposed small hydropower project in Asia and Latin America

<u>Submitter</u>: International Center on Small Hydropower (ICSHP), based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (China, Colombia, India, Sri Lanka and Uruguay) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 90,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) Completion: Final report submitted in August 2014

(192) Integrated solution to drinking water safety issues in rural areas

<u>Submitter</u>: Promotion Association for Mountain-River-Lake Regional Sustainable Development (MRLSD), based in Jiangxi, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Health <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 3 countries (China, India and Sri Lanka) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 32,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 32,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K10 <u>Duration</u>: Eighteen (18) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 28 October 2015

(193) Technical training on small hydropower among ASEAN countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Hangzhou Regional Center (Asia-Pacific) for Small Hydropower (SH), based in Hangzhou, China <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Energy <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 9 countries (Cambodia, China, Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Thailand and Viet Nam) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 37,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K11 <u>Duration</u>: Four (4) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 3 December 2015

(194) Enhancing the Preparedness and Awareness of the Concerned Governmental Authorities and Farmers on the Spread and Control of Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) in Egypt, Algeria, Palestine and Jordan

<u>Submitter</u>: Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST), based in Irbid, Jordan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 6 countries (Algeria, Bahrain, Egypt, Jordan, Palestine, and Turkey) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/14/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Eleven (11) months <u>Approval</u>: 37th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 11 July 2016

(195) Workshop on Capacity Building on Value Chain Analysis for Agribusiness

<u>Submitter</u>: Islamic Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture (ICCIA), based in Karachi, Pakistan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 16 member countries of the OIC (Bangladesh, Indonesia, Islamic Republic of Iran, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Libya, Nigeria, Pakistan, Palestine, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkey and Uganda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/14/K03 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) days <u>Approval</u>: 37th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2013) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted in February 2015. An unspent balance of US\$ 3,400 reverted to PGTF

(196) Cooperation for the productive use of migrants' remittances in Latin America and the Caribbean

<u>Submitter</u>: Permanent Secretariat of the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 28 member countries of SELA (Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Chile, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, and Venezuela). <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 40,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/14/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Seven (7) months <u>Approval</u>: 37th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2013) <u>Date of signature of relevant documents</u>: Final report submitted on 18 August 2014. An unspent balance of US\$ 3,500 reverted to PGTF

(197) Port cooperation in Latin America and the Caribbean, Digital Ports: Situation and prospects

<u>Submitter</u>: Permanent Secretariat of the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System (SELA), based in Caracas, Venezuela <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 28 member countries of SELA (Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Chile, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, and Venezuela) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 40,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/15/K05 <u>Duration</u>: Ten (10) months <u>Approval</u>: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 19 June 2015

(198) Development of a mechanism for joint ventures and partnership among women-led enterprises through South-South Cooperation

Submitter: Islamic Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture (ICCIA), based in Karachi,

Pakistan <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 11 member countries of the OIC (Bangladesh, Benin, Egypt, Islamic Republic of Iran, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mauritania, Pakistan, Sudan, Tajikistan and Uganda) <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/15/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) days <u>Approval</u>: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014) <u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 19 November 2015

(199) Relevance of competition and regulatory reforms in the Post-2015 Development Agenda in developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Consumer Unity and Trust Society – Center for International Trade, Economics and Environment (CUTS-CITEE), a non-governmental organization based in Nairobi, Kenya
<u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
<u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries
<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 10 countries (Botswana, Ethiopia, Gambia, Ghana, Kenya, Malawi, Nigeria, Senegal, United Republic of Tanzania, and Zambia)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 30,000
<u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 47,000
<u>Number</u>: INT/16/K12
<u>Duration</u>: Five (5) months
<u>Approval</u>: 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 24 September 2015)
<u>Completion</u>: Final report submitted on 25 January 2016

B. **PROJECTS CANCELLED AND ALLOCATED FUNDS REVERTED TO PGTF**

One (1) project was cancelled since the previous meeting of the Committee of Experts and the allocated funds reverted to PGTF. This brings the total of projects not implemented to thirty-four (34), as follows:

(1) Interregional Trade Financing Facility

<u>Submitter</u>: UNCTAD <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VI (Havana, 7-12 September 1987) <u>Number</u>: INT/88/K02 <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 13th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 28 September 1989). <u>Reason</u>: Similar project was funded by UNCTAD.

(2) Facilitating the implementation of the Multisectoral Information Network (MSIN)

<u>Submitter</u>: Technological Information Pilot System (TIPS)/Inter Press Service (IPS) <u>Priority area</u>: Information exchange <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$15,000 <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VI (Havana, 7-12 September 1987) <u>Number</u>: INT/88/K05 <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 14th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 3 October 1990). <u>Reason</u>: Not implemented three years after approval.

(3) Action Committee on Inter-enterprise Cooperation

<u>Submitter</u>: International Center for Public Enterprises (ICPE) and Research Center for Cooperation with Developing Countries (RCCDC) of former Yugoslavia (Slovenia) <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Approval</u>: 12th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 28-30 September 1988) <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K02 <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 16th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 1 October 1992). <u>Reason</u>: No matching contribution received from project sponsors by the established deadline of 31 December 1989

(4) Monetary Cooperation Fund of the Non-Aligned and other Developing Countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Madagascar <u>Priority area</u>: Finance <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Duration</u>: To be determined <u>Approval</u>: 13th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 28 September 1989) <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K08 <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 17th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, September 1993). <u>Reason</u>: Not implemented by the established deadline of June 1994

(5) The Caribbean into the Twenty-first Century

<u>Submitter</u>: The Nation Organization of Barbados/Eastern Caribbean Research Center (ECRC) of Saint Lucia <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$50,000 <u>Duration</u>: Four days <u>Approval</u>: 13th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 28 September 1989) <u>Number</u>: INT/89/K11 <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 18th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 30 September 1994). <u>Reason</u>: Implementing organization failed to deliver substantive and financial reports on the implementation of the project. The Government of Saint Lucia refunded disbursed resources in 1997

(6) Upgrading of veterinary field health services through development of an animal disease information center

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Malaysia <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$140,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/90/K09 <u>Duration</u>: 18 months <u>Approval</u>: 14th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 1-2 October 1990) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 18th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 30 September 1994). <u>Reason</u>: Not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 1994

(7) **Public Enterprises Rationalization Project**

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Saint Lucia <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$60,800 <u>Duration</u>: Six months <u>Approval</u>: 15th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 1 October 1991) <u>Number</u>: INT/91/K02 <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 18th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 30 September 1994). <u>Reason</u>: Implementing organization failed to deliver substantive and financial reports on the implementation of the project. The Government of Saint Lucia refunded disbursed resources in 1997

(8) Study of Production and Distribution of Pasture Seeds and Legumes to Smallholder Dairy Farmers

<u>Submitter</u>: Southern African Development Community (SADC), based in Gaborone, Botswana <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$90,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/92/K07 <u>Duration</u>: 16 months <u>Approval</u>: 16th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 1 October 1992) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 21st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 26 September 1997). <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 1996.

(9) Development of Agriculture Database for ASEAN

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Malaysia <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$94,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/93/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Two years <u>Approval</u>: 16th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 1 October 1992) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 18th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 30 September 1994). <u>Reason</u>: Not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 1994.

(10) Feasibility study for establishing a Central American hydrographic cooperation programme

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Panama <u>Subcontractor</u>: Instituto Geográfico Nacional Tommy Guardia from Panama <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$38,500 <u>Number</u>: INT/93/K06 <u>Duration</u>: 4 months <u>Approval</u>: IFCC-VIII (Panama City, 30 August-3 September 1993) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 21st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 26 September 1997). <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the sub-contracting agency. The Government of Panama refunded disbursed funds in 2000.

(11) Network of advisory centres for small and medium-sized enterprises in Mercosur

<u>Submitter</u>: Fundación Banco Mayo from Argentina <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K01 <u>Duration</u>: 6 months <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 25 September 1998) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 25th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 15 November 2001). <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2001.

(12) Building technical competence in the area of conformity assessment in the Latin American region

<u>Submitter</u>: National Institute of Metrology, Standardization and Industrial Quality of Brazil <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$50,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K05 <u>Duration</u>: 2 years <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 25 September 1998) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 22 September 2006). <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2006.

(13) A trading/industrial cooperation scheme to promote intra-industry trade in ASEAN

<u>Submitter</u>: ASEAN Secretariat, based in Jakarta, Indonesia <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$100,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/98/K13 <u>Duration</u>: 7 months <u>Approval</u>: 22nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 25 September 1998) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: Not required. <u>Reason</u>: ASEAN withdrew the project in December 2000, since as a result of a decision by the Economic Affairs Ministers; a similar activity was carried out by ASEAN in the context of a wider project

(14) Setting up a common framework for managing shared island fisheries resources in the COMESA region

<u>Submitter</u>: Secretariat of the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA), based in Lusaka, Zambia <u>Priority area</u>: Food and Agriculture <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$38,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K04 <u>Duration</u>: Two years. <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 24 September 1999) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 25 September 2009) <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2001

(15) First Windward Islands exposition on the information technology sector

<u>Submitter</u>: National Development Corporation (NDC) of Saint Lucia <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Six months. <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 24 September 1999) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 25th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 15 November 2001). <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2001.

(16) Human resource development and training in international trade for the member states of the Communauté Economique et Monétaire de l'Afrique Centrale (CEMAC)

<u>Submitter</u>: Executive Secretariat of the Communauté Economique et Monétaire de L'Afrique Centrale (CEMAC) based in Bangui, Central African Republic <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$22,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Two years. <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 24 September 1999) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 19 September 2002). <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2002.

(17) Support to the implementation of the Bali Plan of Action of the Group of 77

<u>Submitter</u>: Office of the Chairman of the Group of 77 in New York <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries

<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000
 <u>Number</u>: INT/99/K11
 <u>Duration</u>: One year.
 <u>Approval</u>: 23rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 24 September 1999)
 <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 19 September 2002).
 <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2002.

(18) Multilateral Trading System Training Centre

<u>Submitter</u>: Institute of Diplomatic Studies (Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Egypt). <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$86,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/01/K08 <u>Duration</u>: 2 years. <u>Approval</u>: 25th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 15 November 2001) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 27th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 25 September 2003). Reason: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2003.

(19) Reviving Low Cost Mud Adobe House for Poor Urban and Rural Communities

<u>Submitter</u>: Royal Scientific Society from Jordan <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/03/K12 <u>Duration</u>: Three (3) years <u>Approval</u>: 26th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 19 September 2002) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 30 September 2004). <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2004.

(20) Development of a technological package aimed at developing opto-mechanical industries in Latin America

<u>Submitter</u>: *Pontificia Universidad Católica del Perú* (Pontifical Catholic University of Peru)
based in Lima, Peru
<u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above
<u>Priority area</u>: Technology
<u>Participating/beneficiary countries</u>: 5 countries (Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Mexico and Peru)
<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000
<u>Number</u>: INT/05/K04
<u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years
<u>Approval</u>: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 30 September 2004)
<u>Cancellation decision</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 28 September 2012)
<u>Reason</u>: The project was only partially implemented (30% progress). The project was terminated in 2012 following expiration of the agreement between the Government of Peru and the sub-contractor and suspension of project activities for more than two years. An unspent balance of US\$ 25,302 reverted to PGTF

(21) Technical studies for the improvement of the In-Guezam (Algeria)-Arlit (Niger) section of the trans-Saharan road

<u>Submitter</u>: Ministry of Public Works of Algeria <u>Subcontractor</u>: SAETI, an engineering company SAETI from Algeria in association with the company *Art et Genie* from Niger <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/05/K07 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Approval</u>: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 30 September 2004) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 July 2011

(22) Development and integration of the International Offices of the Ministries of health of South America

<u>Submitter</u>: Government of Brazil <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$18,200 <u>Number</u>: INT/05/K08 <u>Duration</u>: Four (4) months <u>Approval</u>: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 30 September 2004) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 27 September 2007) <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2007.

(23) Extension course on Technological Innovation Management

<u>Submitter</u>: The Brazilian Association of Technological Research Institutions (ABIPTI), based in Brasilia, Brazil <u>Priority area</u>: Technology <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$24,500 <u>Number</u>: INT/05/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 30 September 2004) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 27 September 2007) <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2007.

(24) Deployment of information retrieval systems towards Mercosur integration on WTO information related to technical barriers to trade

<u>Submitter</u>: National Institute on Metrology, Standardization and Industrial Quality (INMETRO), from Brazil <u>Subcontractor</u>: Instituto Stela, an NGO based in Brazil <u>Priority area</u>: Trade <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 30,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/07/K02 <u>Duration</u>: Seventeen (17) months <u>Approval</u>: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 22 September 2006) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 22 September 2011) <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2011

(25) Environmentally friendly integrated production of sugar and by-products

<u>Submitter</u>: The National University of Tucuman based in Tucuman, Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Industrialization <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 30,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/07/K09 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 30th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 22 September 2006) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: To be confirmed by the 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, September 2014) <u>Reason</u>: On 6 January 2014, the sub-contractor informed that it was not possible to implement the project

<u>Reason</u>: On 6 January 2014, the sub-contractor informed that it was not possible to implement the project since the other participating countries were not in a position to carry the project activities assigned to them.

(26) Training on the development and application of natural high-priced substances in developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: National Coordinating Committee for UNDP of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 36,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/08/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 31st Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 27 September 2007) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 34th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 28 September 2010) Reason: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 30 June 2011

(27) Research capacity building in higher education institutions in Southern Africa

<u>Submitter</u>: National University of Science and Technology (NUST), based in Bulawayo, Zimbabwe <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K01 <u>Duration</u>: Two (2) years <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 26 September 2014) <u>Reason</u>: Approved allocation had been available since 2011 but no funds were withdrawn. On 18 July 2014 the UNDP country office in Zimbabwe informed that the sub-contractor indicated that it was no longer pursuing the project

(28) Decontamination of distillery slops by microbial protein propagation (DDS/MPP)

<u>Submitter</u>: Cuban Institute for Research on Sugar Cane by-Products (ICIDCA), based in Havana, Cuba <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 34,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K07 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 23 September 2011) Reason: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 December 2011

(29) Improvement in the quality of postal network of the Andean countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Postal Union of the Americas, Spain and Portugal (PUASP), based in Montevideo, Uruguay <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 19,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K12 <u>Duration</u>: Four (4) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial of the G-77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Reason</u>: The country office in Uruguay confirmed on 13 July 2012 that the project had been inactive for more than two years and was financial closed. Funds disbursed in 2009 were reimbursed in 2010

(30) Market analysis and feasibility of establishing a competitive anthurium industry in the Caribbean

<u>Submitter</u>: Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, based in Georgetown, Guyana <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Food and agriculture <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 34,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/09/K13 <u>Duration</u>: Eight (8) months <u>Approval</u>: 32nd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2008) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Reason</u>: The project was not implemented by the established deadline of 31 July 2011

(31) Capacity building on utilization of satellite remote sensing and modeling climate change in developing countries

<u>Submitter</u>: Mariano Marcos State University, based in Ilocos Norte, Philippines <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 25,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K12 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 25 September 2009) <u>Cancellation decision</u>; 39th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 30 September 2015) <u>Reason</u>: Project implementation was not initiated five years after project approval

(32) Strengthening the framework of the Caribbean laboratory accreditation scheme by training of experts

<u>Submitter</u>: Trinidad and Tobago Laboratory Accreditation Service (TTLABS) <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 27,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K13 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 33rd Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 25 September 2009) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the G-77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Reason</u>: In April 2012 a regional accreditation mechanism was established in CARICOM, which would have the responsibility of developing capacities in accreditation of laboratories in lieu of the national institutions.

(33) Vector-borne disease control by community participation and natural products in rural environments: one tool, three cultures

<u>Submitter</u>: National Institute of Tropical Medicine, based in Buenos Aires, Argentina <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Health <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 24,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K14 <u>Duration</u>: Twelve (12) months <u>Approval</u>: 35th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 23 September 2011) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: To be confirmed by the 40th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, September 2016) <u>Reason</u>: On 18 July 2016 the country office in Argentina informed that the sub-contractor had not been able to open an institutional bank account to receive PGTF contribution and, in consultation with the Government of Argentina, requested that the project be cancelled

(34) Technical cooperation project among Bolivia, Ecuador and Peru for the eradication of child labour in garbage dumps

<u>Submitter</u>: Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Ecuador <u>Subcontractor</u>: same as above <u>Priority area</u>: Technical cooperation among developing countries <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 28,000 <u>Number</u>: INT/13/K06 <u>Duration</u>: Six (6) months <u>Approval</u>: 36th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 28 September 2012) <u>Cancellation decision</u>: 38th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 26 September 2014) <u>Reason</u>: The beneficiaries informed that they were not in a position to implement the project.

SURVEY OF THE IMPACT OF PGTF

The Committee recommended at its twelfth meeting in 1997 to carry out a survey of the impact and benefits of the projects funded by the PGTF with a view to supporting the promotion of the Fund. So far, the Executive Secretariat of the Group of 77 has received information on 148 of the 199 PGTF-supported projects that have been completed. Further reports are expected so as to be able to prepare a comprehensive assessment of the impact of PGTF since the launching of its operations in 1986. A brief summary for each completed project is provided below:

(1-3) Group of 77 Information Bulletin; and ECDC/TCDC Information support to the Group of 77 Chapters

<u>Number</u>: INT/88/K01; INT/93/K02 and INT/95/K03 <u>PGTF input \$US\$</u>):109,520; 51,120; and 75,120 respectively <u>Other inputs (US\$</u>): 68,400; 45,600; and 45,600 respectively <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1988-1991; 1993-1994; and 1995-2007 respectively <u>Impact</u>: Established an important communication link between the various G-77 chapters. It also helped to disseminate the views of the G-77 to a wider audience.

(4) Technical Co-operation among SELA member States in artificial insemination and embryo transplants

<u>Number</u>: INT/89/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 83,700 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 202,000 Date of implementation: 1989-1993

<u>Impact</u>: The project created a network of institutions that introduced or improved artificial insemination and embryo transplant procedures. Outstanding results have been achieved in Cuba, Chile, Uruguay and Brazil. Development of these biotechnologies in the region is significant and their use is an everyday occurrence today.

(5) Export promotion and cooperation in favor of less developed countries within the Latin American Integration Association (ALADI)

<u>Number</u>: INT/89/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 120,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 107,971 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1991-1992 <u>Impact</u>: Additional exports of US\$3 million through support to 80 small and medium size enterprises and implementation of 33 export promotion activities, benefiting directly and indirectly over 4,200 workers

(6) Establishment of a Maghreb Unit in the National Center for Information and Economic Documentation (CNIDE) of Algeria

<u>Number</u>: INT/89/K06 <u>PGTF input (US\$):</u> US\$65,450 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: Nil <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1990-1993 <u>Impact</u>: Between 1993 and 1996 certain databases were established. However, their impact was limited due to obsolescence of acquired material and difficulties in collecting data and bringing together the heads of information centers of Maghreb countries. In 1996 the implementing agency was dissolved and its assets transferred to the Algerian Bureau for Foreign Trade Promotion (PROMEX).

(7) **Regional program for cooperation and concerted action in the area of plant germ plasm**

Number: INT/89/K12

<u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 58,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 309,200 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1991-1997 <u>Impact</u>: Publication of a book on biodiversity containing all the findings and innovative elements related to the germ plasm issue.

(8-9) South-North Development Monitor (SUNS); and Information Support to the Group of 77 Chapters (SUNS)

<u>Number</u>: INT/89/K13 and INT/93/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 120,000 and 59,881 respectively <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 164,000 and 158,517 respectively <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1991-1992 and 1994-1995 respectively <u>Impact</u>: Supported publication of SUNS during 24 months (over 400 issues). SUNS issues have since been made available by fax to the G-77 missions in New York.

(10) Assistance to the Fifth Meeting of the Committee of Experts of the Perez-Guerrero Trust Fund

<u>Number</u>: INT/89/K14 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 25,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: Nil <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1990-1992 <u>Impact</u>: Following a decision by the Group of 77 to fund the participation of the members of the Committee of Experts at its meetings, this project ensured participation of Committee members by covering travel, subsistence and terminal expenses for the Fifth Meeting (1990), Sixth Meeting (1991) and partially the Seventh Meeting in 1992.

(11) In-depth review of the actions taken by the international community in favor of the particular needs and problems of the land-locked developing countries and a basis for new strategy to overcome these needs and problems in the future

<u>Number</u>: INT/90/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 95,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 23,800 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1991-1995 <u>Impact</u>: Inventory of a large number of studies and projects served as a basis for recommending a coordinated action. In particular it is recommended that a high level office be created with a view to coordinating joint efforts of the land-locked counties at the international level, in particular those related to international trade.

(12) Regional symposium on the economic and social impact of money derived from illicit drug trafficking in the development of Latin America and the Caribbean

<u>Number</u>: INT/90/K04 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 78,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 103,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1991

<u>Impact</u>: Publication of a book containing the conclusions of the symposium which aimed mainly at an integrated approach to the problem including both producing and consumer countries, with solutions ranging from eradication to crop substitution.

(13) Organic rice farming

<u>Number</u>: INT/90/K06 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 85,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: nil Date of implementation: 1991-1997

<u>Impact</u>: The study has provided information on the characteristics of various organic matter sources when used for organic rice farming. It also provided information for both up scaling the project to the pilot level, and enabling farmers to further exploit these techniques

(14-16) Technical, secretariat and other support to the GSTP, and technical assistance to countries participating in the GSTP (First Round); and Technical assistance to the members of the G-77 participating in the Second Round of negotiations within the GSTP and seeking membership in the GSTP, as well as related technical, secretariat and other support to the GSTP

<u>Number</u>: INT/90/K07 and INT/92/K03 (First Round), and INT/94/K02 (Second Round) <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 350,000 and 250,000; and 72,363 respectively <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: Nil <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1991-1993, 1992-1994 and 1995-1997 respectively <u>Impact</u>: First round led to launching of the agreement, with 43 member countries and negotiations on 1,700 tariff lines. Second round enabled accession of 8 additional member countries and a sub-regional grouping, with consolidated list of concessions covering 700 tariff lines.

(17) Establishment of the Regional Bureau and Trade Information Network for Chamber of Commerce & Industry (CCI) of Developing Countries Members of the Group of 77

<u>Number</u>: INT/91/K01 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 150,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 270,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1991-1994 <u>Impact</u>: Sixty chambers of commerce participated in the pilot project. They were assisted in formulating a plan of action for their respective centers. In addition, Web pages were created for this pilot group.

(18) Economic Integration in the Southern Cone Common Market

Number: INT/92/K01 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 88,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: Nil <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1992-1994 <u>Impact</u>: Greatly facilitated the negotiations of the sub-regional integration scheme that led to the emergence of a customs union known as Mercosur. The studies were widely circulated in the region and a large number of experts, academics and policy makers benefited from them

(19) Development and use of a computer simulation model for supply, demand and prices of agricultural commodities in ASEAN countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/92/K04 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 81,600 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: Nil <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1993-1994 <u>Impact</u>: Improved the skills of the participants in forecasting trends in export agricultural commodities. Some of the participants were able to set-up national training programs on computer simulation models.

(20-21) African Agency for Biotechnology

<u>Number</u>: INT/92/K06 (Phase I) and INT/93/K01 (Phase II) <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 150,000 and 150,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: Nil <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1993-2000 and 1994-2000 respectively <u>Impact</u>: Provided seed money for the setting up of the Agency. Financed 16 country studies (one for each member state), as well as acquisition of equipment and setting up of the operating structures of the Agency. Current regular budget activities financed by member country contributions and funds from regional development banks.

(22) Guidelines and tools of a common industrial policy for Mercosur

<u>Number</u>: INT/93/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 120,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 36,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1994-1997 <u>Impact</u>: Provided important inputs for the analysis of the costs and benefits of the implementation of common industrial policies among Mercosur member countries. It also proposed guidelines for the harmonization of the industrial policies among Mercosur countries

(23) Feasibility study for a sub regional center for agricultural machinery in the CEPGL sub region

Number: INT/93/K07 PGTF input (US\$): US\$43,000 Other inputs (US\$): US\$15,200 Date of implementation: 1996-1999 Impact: Provided decision-makers in the sub region with recommendations aimed at designing and adopting common agricultural policies. In particular, by identifying shortcomings in national policies that resulted in the disappearance of all national centers for agricultural machinery, and by defining the main features of the sub regional center, conceived as a center of excellence and a common endeavor of the member countries.

(24) Employment and income generation in West and Central Africa

Number: INT/94/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 30,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 67,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1995-1998 <u>Impact</u>: Eleven (11) projects were launched in Benin, Burkina Faso and Togo providing income for 5,000 people and protecting natural resources.

(25) Productive Internationalization in MERCOSUR: Foreign direct investment (FDI) and regional transnational corporations

<u>Number</u>: INT/95/K02 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 140,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 42,200 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1996-1997 <u>Impact</u>: The study provided a clear and objective understanding of the role that FDI is playing in the integration process of the region. Extracts from the study were reproduced as discussion papers in technical and policy level meetings in the Mercosur. However, its actual impact on FDI policies needs further clarification.

(26) Caribbean Regional Technical Support Programme to Promote the Equalization of Training and Employment Opportunities for Persons with Disabilities

<u>Number:</u> INT/96/K02 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$90,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$90,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1997-1999 <u>Impact:</u> Saminara workshops and training courses were

<u>Impact</u>: Seminars, workshops and training courses were organized in technical and vocational institutions of 7 English-speaking countries of the Caribbean on the education and training of persons with disabilities.

Little known information on existing international standards, conventions, policies and programmes on disability issues was made available.

(27) Training of Personnel in the Field of Standardization and Meteorology for the Conformity Assessment among Developing Countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/96/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$):</u> US\$76,500 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$160,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1997-1998

Impact: Training of technicians from the participating countries (Bangladesh, Cambodia, Laos and Nepal) that would establish the infrastructure of standards, metrology and quality in their countries. Provision of methodological guidelines for conformity assessment using ISO 9000 and ISO 14000, and calibration guidelines needed for establishing a unified system of metrological calibration.

(28) South-South Transfer of Experiences in Sustainable Agricultural Development

<u>Number</u>: INT/96/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 84,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 93,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1998-2001 <u>Impact</u>: Collection of information on 65 agricultural and rural development projects in seventeen countries in Latin America and the Caribbean. Preparation of 30 project summaries and 10 case studies. Publication of 11 issues of a newsletter in English and Spanish.

(29) Biological Control of Pests and Weeds for Sustainable Agriculture and Bio-diversity

<u>Number</u>: INT/97/K02 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1999-2002 <u>Impact</u>: Collection of information on crops, pests and weeds, bio-control programmes and integrated pest management from 13 participating countries. Convening of a workshop with 10 participating countries and 21 resource persons to exchange experiences on bio-control programmes. Identification of common problems and of areas for training. Four training programmes completed as of end April 2002.

(30) Integrated Planning and New Technologies for Sustainable Development

<u>Number</u>: INT/97/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$37,560 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$41,720 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1999-2001 <u>Impact</u>: Substantial progress in adopting an integrated approach in water resources planning, in particular in Barbados, Jamaica, St. Lucia, and Trinidad and Tobago. Obstacles encountered in integrating science and technology into overall national development plans, some progress in Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago, not seen as a priority in the least developed Caribbean countries.

(31) Training of rice breeding experts for the effective use of rice genetic resources in the developing countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/98/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$):</u> US\$100,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$146,500 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1999-2000

<u>Impact</u>: On the basis of the findings of a mission from DPR Korea to the participating countries (Ethiopia, Guinea, Mali and Nigeria), 14 experts from these countries were trained on rice breeding. Main results were country-specific guidelines for evaluation, selection and seed production of rice genetic resources; improved

rice breeding systems suited to the various agro-ecological zones; and rice breeding with enhanced disease resistance.

(32) Training, consultation, awareness building for small hydropower in developing countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/98/K06 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 150,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 330,300 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1999-2001 <u>Impact</u>: Five training seminars in four developing countries. Consultation missions to seven countries to carry out feasibility studies. Publication of two training texts. Research and compilation of three surveys and a standards study. Initial funding for an international center for small hydropower through a trust fund administered by UNIDO

(33) International Youth Leadership Training for Promotion of South-South Cooperation

<u>Number</u>: INT/98/K07 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 20,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 171,695 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1999-2000 <u>Impact</u>: Holding of a study and training conference for 70 youth leaders from 16 countries.

(34) Master Plan for the sustainable development of transportation and related infrastructure in South America

<u>Number</u>: INT/98/K08 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$50,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$413,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1999-2001 <u>Impact</u>: It identified the main trade flows and the supply of transportation services in the region. This will facilitate the enhancement of these services and their infrastructure, as well as their regional production competitiveness.

(35) Technology linkage through sharing and cooperation among developing countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/98/K10 PGTF input: US\$100,000 Other inputs: US\$150,000 Date of implementation: 1999-2003

<u>Impact</u>: A network was established for technology sharing and cooperation among technology developers, innovators, R&D institutions and technology enablers in government and non-government organizations as well as the private sector. Participants in an interregional workshop defined the most effective mechanism for technology transfer and information and evaluating the effectiveness of the technologies transferred and the methodology employed.

(36) Establishment of a kit for the diagnosis of the Chagas disease

<u>Number</u>: INT/98/K18 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 35,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 705,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 1999-2000 <u>Impact</u>: Development of two new highly selective and specific antigens for the diagnosis of the disease that would be the basis for preparing very low-cost kits, which could compete favorably in the market.

(37) Technical assistance based on the regional approach in the field of standardization, metrology and quality control among developing countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/99/K02 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 25,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 73,667 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2000 <u>Impact</u>: Training of officers from Lao, Cambodia, Nepal and Bangladesh in the establishment of their own national systems of standards and metrology.

(38) Transportation information system (TIS) for the member countries of the Latin American Integration Association (ALADI)

<u>Number</u>: INT/99/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$):</u> US\$37,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$113,800 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2000-2001

<u>Impact</u>: Information system (SIT-A) installed in the Web page of ALADI. Contains information on regulatory and operating issues, as well as on physical infrastructure and related services. Covers air, road, rail, river and maritime transportation. Design is modular and user friendly and meets a sustained demand from the public, private and academic sectors of the region. ALADI is further developing the system.

(39) Pacific islands regional biomass energy resource assessment programme (PIRBERAP)

<u>Number</u>: INT/99/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$34,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$166,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2001-2004

<u>Impact</u>: Country nationals from the six Pacific Island Countries (Fiji, Kiribati, Samoa, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu) were trained in biomass assessment techniques and methodologies with a focus on identifying and quantifying the biomass energy resources in each of those countries, resulting in greater awareness of and a renewed interest in biomass as a potential energy source.

(40) Programme for regional technical cooperation in the field of integration in Mercosur member countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/00/K01 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$54,000 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2001 <u>Impact</u>: Publication of a book with experts' views and research on assessment and perspectives of Mercosur in its first decade. Dissemination activities for policy-makers aimed at reinforcing integration and cooperation within Mercosur.

(41) Sustainable Management of Agro forest resources in Amazon Border Areas of Brazil, Colombia and Peru

Number: INT/00/K03 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$45,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$75,000 <u>Duration</u>: One year <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2001-2004 <u>Impact</u>: Identified opportunities for cooperation in the Amazon border areas aimed at facilitating the rational and sustainable utilization of shared forest resources through research, promotion and development of agroforest systems in the Amazon border areas.

(42) Training of Irrigation and Drainage Designers for Undertaking Development of Water Resources in Developing Countries in Asia

<u>Number</u>: INT/00/K04 <u>PGTF input (US\$):</u> US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$100,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2001-2002

<u>Impact</u>: A mission from DPR Korea visited each participating country (Bangladesh, Cambodia, Laos and Nepal) and collected field data on irrigation and drainage. Based on this assessment, a training workshop was held with the participation of two engineers from each country, in the areas of irrigation and drainage systems planning, technical bases for building the systems, investment estimates, and flood damage prevention.

(43) Cooperation for Development and Application of Biological Farming Method among Developing Countries in Asia

<u>Number</u>: INT/00/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$):</u> US\$40,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$112,500 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2001-2002

<u>Impact</u>: 29 experts from the participating countries (Cambodia, Laos, Nepal and Vietnam) were trained on biological farming. Main results were the analysis of the current situation in each country, guidelines for developing biological resources and implementing country-specific biological farming methods; provision of bio-fertilizers and agricultural bio-medicines, on the basis of research and trials in various points of each country; and a system for sharing information experiences was established.

(44) Assessment and study of the residual effect of pesticides utilization on crop products and flowers in Latin America

<u>Number</u>: INT/00/K09 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$354,085 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2001-2004 <u>Impact</u>: Field sampling studies were conducted and samples collection taken in representative areas in Colombia to assess pesticide residues in crop products to evaluate the food quality and safety and environmental impact. In most of the samples (96.4%) residues were below the Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs). Three samples (4.6%) were contaminated with pesticides residues that exceeded the MRLs, which were attributed to the inappropriate or excessive use of pesticides.

(45) Programme of prevention in Peru and control in Ecuador and Colombia against the Guatemalan moth

<u>Number</u>: INT/00/K10 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$43,268 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2001-2003 <u>Impact</u>: An information network among Colombia, Ecuador and Peru was established to monitor and exchange information about the potato Guatemalan moth. International workshops were held with the participation of national specialists concerned with this pest, which facilitated contacts and the integrated development of sub regional initiatives against the Guatemalan moth. Success was reported in Peru continuing to maintain its status as a country free of this pest.

(46) Quinoa, a multipurpose crop for agro-industrial uses in the Andean countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/01/K01 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$74,900 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$89,800 Date of implementation: 2002-2004

<u>Impact</u>: 30 varieties of Quinoa seeds were cultivated under different crop conditions in Bolivia, Colombia and Peru. The most adaptable and productive seeds were identified and their respective profitability in the areas of production, agro industrial processing and marketing was assessed.

(47) Improving Awassi Sheep Productivity by using frozen semen in Jordan and the Palestinian Authority

Number: INT/01/K02 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$110,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$260,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2002-2006 <u>Impact</u>: Increased the productive potential of genetically improved Awassi sheep in the region through the use of frozen and fresh semen obtained from disease-free proven sires.

(48) Watershed Management in the Northern Badia Region as an example for desert regions

<u>Number</u>: INT/01/K03 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$75,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$142,720 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2002-2007 <u>Impact</u>: Improved management of the surface water resources of the Badia region could be achieved through the use of modern and advanced modeling techniques.

(49) Distributed Modeling of Pipeline Networks

<u>Number</u>: INT/01/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$80,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$80,000 Date of implementation: 2002-2003

<u>Impact</u>: Initial work was performed on the design and evaluation of a concurrent system for modeling pipe networks using linear algebraic methods based on cluster computing that could offer a low-cost and high-speed alternative to traditional and expensive solutions based on massively parallel processing systems. The modeling of complex and large dynamic pipe networks poses a major challenge to be addressed.

(50) Technical assistance and support to the relative less advanced stage of economic development countries in business missions

<u>Number</u>: INT/01/K06 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$17,500 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$75,300 Date of implementation: 2002-2005

<u>Impact</u>: Three business missions of businessmen from Bolivia, Ecuador and Paraguay to other Latin American countries were conducted and market studies were published on business opportunities aimed at improving exports of products from these countries.

(51) Training of Maize breeding experts for effective use of maize germplasm in Africa

<u>Number</u>: INT/02/K01 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$81,200 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$159,100 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2002-2003

<u>Impact</u>: A training course was successfully completed by 11 trainees on the breeding of high-yield maize varieties resistant to unfavorable climate conditions through which information was exchanged on maize breeding and seed selection work done in the participating countries, namely Ethiopia, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Guinea and Mali.

(52) Support to the Coordinating Secretariat of the Zambia-Malawi-Mozambique Growth Triangle for the Implementation of the ZMM-GT

Number: INT/03/K01 PGTF input (US\$): 70,000 Other inputs (US\$): 95,000 Date of implementation: 2004-2009

<u>Impact</u>: Strengthened the capacity of the Coordinating Secretariat to identify commercial and investment opportunities through public-private sector partnerships as well as to produce and disseminate information on the ZMM-GT and its stakeholders. Challenges faced in development partnership building and resource mobilization for the promotion of regional cooperation and economic integration in Africa through the ZMM-GT were also identified.

(53) Cooperation in promoting an Andean Fair Competition System (SICCLA)

<u>Number</u>: INT/03/K02 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$20,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$32,750 Date of implementation: 2003-2004

<u>Impact</u>: Establishment of a portal promoted the sharing of information and experiences in the cattle-leatherfootwear and manufactures production chain among Colombia, Ecuador and Peru, which strengthened their efforts to combat unfair competition practices.

(54) Indicators System on Information and Communication Technology

<u>Number</u>: INT/03/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$50,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2003 <u>Impact</u>: A framework to facilitate the identification and formulation of indicators and statistics on information and communication technologies (ICT) was proposed, which member countries of the Statistics Conference of the Americas (SCA) could incorporate in their national statistics plans.

(55) Prevention in Peru and Control Programme in Bolivia and Brazil against Anthonomus Grandis Boheman "The Mexican Cotton Boll Weevil"

<u>Number</u>: INT/03/K04 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 25,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 25,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2004-2008 <u>Impact</u>: Preventive monitoring of the Mexican cotton boll weevil was strengthened through the establishment and maintenance of a trapping network on strategic points within the national territories of Bolivia, Brazil and Peru.

(56) Regional technical cooperation programme: support to economic research in Mercosur

<u>Number</u>: INT/03/K05 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$369,000 Date of implementation: 2003-2004

Impact: A two-day regional forum was organized, attended by more than 300 participants (government officials, leading negotiators, scholars, experts, businessmen and civil society representatives). The forum provided a venue for presentation and discussion of results of the latest studies completed during 2001-2003 on regional macroeconomic cooperation and creation of a monetary institute; common trade policies and enhancement of the regional market; competitiveness, foreign investment complementarities. As a result of the forum, proposals and recommendations were prepared and addressed to governments and civil society for furthering the process of regional integration.

(57) Negotiating Trade in Services: Implications for the Andean Community of Nations

<u>Number</u>: INT/03/K06 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 20,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 71,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2003-2005

<u>Impact</u>: Two research reports were published dealing with international trade in professional services and the integration of the Andean countries and on trade services negotiations and investments. Networking of scholars and negotiators was accomplished in order to make the research closer and relevant to policy needs.

(58) Territorial imbalances and university education: impact of territorial imbalances on university students' performance

<u>Number</u>: INT/03/K07 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$20,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 144,400 Date of implementation: 2003-2004

<u>Impact</u>: Three country studies carried out in Argentina, Brazil and Peru proved that the proclaimed goal of equality of opportunities is far from being achieved. University education results, in terms of both qualitative and quantitative indicators are heavily dependent on personal and regional characteristics of students (socio-economic background, family income, and level of economic resources where they live). Results were published in a book widely distributed to public and private libraries, policy-makers in central and local governments, congress members, and authorities and researchers in public and private universities and other institutions. Administrative and academic institutions in the three countries now have the data, analyses and recommendations to make the right decisions regarding university education policies.

(59) Training, Consultation and Awareness Building for Small Hydropower in Developing Countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/03/K08 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 40,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 117,400 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2003-2004 <u>Impact</u>: A two-week training course for 31 participants from Sri Lanka, Bangladesh and India was conducted in India followed by a field visit to China which allowed for the exchange of information/technical know-how/expertise in small hydropower (SHP); facilitated common understanding of further SHP cooperation approaches and strategies; explored opportunities for SHP technology transfer; and made recommendations for SHP cooperation among developing countries.

(60) Increase in sugar production by microbiological inhibition of the Leuconostoc spp. and other bacteria

<u>Number</u>: INT/03/K09 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 25,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 30,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2003-2004 <u>Impact</u>: An inhibitor was found to have superior effects over commercial disinfection products commonly used for microbial inhibition of sugar cane losses in the sugar production process.

(61) Caribbean Postgraduate Centers

<u>Number</u>: INT/03/K10 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 25,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 202,000 Date of implementation: 2005-2010

<u>Impact</u>: Developed programme aimed to guarantee access to postgraduate education for Cuban and Caribbean Basin students. Participants comprised 156 students and professionals also including from Cape Verde, Ecuador and Venezuela. The programme provided course-work, capacity building and training of

participants, teaching of Spanish language to non-Spanish speaking participants, and setting up a virtual laboratory to permit distance learning via information and communication technologies.

(62) Strengthening South-South Africa/Asia/Latin America and the Caribbean Cooperation for Economic and Social Integration

<u>Number</u>: INT/03/K14 PGTF input (US\$): 40,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 92,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2007

<u>Impact</u>: Officials in charge of international cooperation from participating developing countries exchanged experiences on coordination and cooperative actions, with emphasis in the area of natural disaster risk reduction, and participated in a workshop that examined the needs and challenges facing international cooperation from a Latin American and Caribbean perspective.

(63) Information network to promote strategies of socio-economic development in South American camelids of Andean Countries

Number: INT/04/K02 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$44,200 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2004-2006 <u>Impact</u>: Identified and linked up 315 institutions from Argentina, Bolivia, Ecuador and Peru involved in the management of South American camelids (SACs) (llamas, alpacas and similar species) with a view to sharing and disseminating national and regional work and research experiences in production and commercialization, aiding in the institutionalization of the agents involved in the implementation of strategies of socio-economic development of SACs in the Andean countries.

(64) Design of a system of management of used pesticide containers

Number: INT/04/K03 PGTF input: US\$25,000 Other inputs: US\$25,000 Date of implementation: 2004-2006

<u>Impact</u>: Developed a framework for the design of a system to manage the disposal of pesticide containers, with an emphasis on conservation and recycling of a non-renewable resource into many other useful products, with a view to reducing damage caused by inadequate disposal of pesticide containers and providing an alternative to incineration or dumping of empty pesticide containers.

(65) Development of new technologies and products for the whole utilization of marginal and primary yeasts as sources of food (YAF)

<u>Number</u>: INT/04/K04 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$245,000 Date of implementation: 2004-2005

<u>Impact</u>: Assessment at industrial scale of substitution of molasses by microbial growth enhancer (MGE) QZ-350 in yeast propagation. Two tons of molasses needed as medium enrichment per ton of yeast were fully substituted by 1 Kg of MGE, without significant variation of productive results and with lower yeast production costs.

(66) Technology Transfer: Assessing Needs - Promoting Action

<u>Number</u>: INT/04/K06 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$45,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$65,000

Date of implementation: 2005-2006

<u>Impact</u>: Contributed to the development of a concrete and efficient technology needs assessment methodology aimed at strengthening institutional capacity in assessing technological capabilities and needs at national, sectoral and enterprise levels.

(67) Regional integration of postal transportation in the Andean Community

<u>Number</u>: INT/04/K07 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$65,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2005-2007 <u>Impact</u>: Proposed a regulatory and economic framework to facilitate the integration of multimode transportation in the Andean region with a view to improving the efficacy, quality, speed, reliability and safety of postal transportation.

(68) Training programme for the staff of some African Countries Member Chambers

<u>Number</u>: INT/05/K01 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 24,700 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 24,900 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2005 <u>Impact</u>: A six-day training workshop held in Egypt offered training to staff from 12 African countries members of the Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry on the general functions of national chambers, computerized trade information systems; organization of national international exhibitions; and participation in industrial trade fairs.

(69) Training of Researchers for Seed Production, Processing and Inspection Methods in Developing Countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/05/K02 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 45,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 67,500 Date of implementation: 2005

<u>Impact</u>: 12 seed experts (from Ethiopia, United Republic of Tanzania, Uganda and the Democratic Peoples' Republic of Korea) received training in the production of first-generation hybrid seed, its processing and inspection. Application of learned methods of seed production could increases crop production by 12 percent.

(70) Training of Groundnut Breeding Experts for the Effective Use of Groundnut Genetic Resources in the Developing Countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/05/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: US\$45,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: US\$67,500 Date of implementation: 2005

<u>Impact</u>: A one-week training course for 10 participants from Guinea, Mali, Nigeria and Senegal was conducted in Guinea, including theoretical training and lectures, field practice and visits. Participants were familiarized with the technologies for breeding and cultivation of groundnuts, as well as with the establishment of groundnut breeding systems fit for their own specific conditions, and capacity building for the self-training of more and competent groundnut breeders.

(71) Exchange of experiences of export trade promotion organizations in the Andean Region

<u>Number</u>: INT/05/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 27,500 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 32,200 Date of implementation: 2005-2007

<u>Impact</u>: Trade promotion organizations from Bolivia, Chile, Ecuador and Peru hosted five workshops on various topics related to export trade promotion. Participants shared experiences on work done and lessons learned in trade promotion.

(72) Strengthening development cooperation for poverty reduction between Viet Nam, Benin, Mozambique and the Republic of Congo

<u>Number</u>: INT/05/K06 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 25,400 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 40,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2005 <u>Impact</u>: Potential fields of cooperation between Benin, Mozambique and Viet Nam were identified along with recommendations to further enhance development cooperation for poverty reduction in the future.

(73) Latin American network for scientific and technical information on vaccines

Number: INT/05/K10 PGTF input: US\$35,000 Other inputs: US\$303,958 Duration: Two (2) years Approval: 28th Annual Ministerial Meeting of the Group of 77 (New York, 30 September 2004) Date of implementation: 2005-2010 Impact: Developed an online regional data network specialized in scientific and technological information on vaccines accessible to hospitals, health professionals, researchers, medical universities, libraries and the general population to foster knowledge sharing and learning through a Vaccines Virtual Library and a Virtual Classroom on Vaccinology.

(74) Training of irrigation and drainage designers for protection from drought and flood damage in developing countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/06/K01 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$34,827 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$43,173 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2005-2006 <u>Impact</u>: Participants from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ethiopia, Nigeria, Sudan, and Uganda received training in the preparation of master plans of irrigation and drainage, and to guide construction in accordance with their specific features for effectively using water resources.

(75) Training of experts on construction and operation of small-size hydropower plants in developing countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/06/K02 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$42,066 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2006 <u>Impact</u>: Participants from Bangladesh, Cambodia, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Lao and Nepal received training in the construction and operation of small-size hydropower facilities to help achieve power self-sufficiency in rural and remote areas.

(76) Training of experts on standardization and metrology of developing countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/06/K03 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$34,827 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$43,173 Date of implementation: 2006 <u>Impact</u>: Participants from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ethiopia, Nigeria, Sudan and Uganda received training on developing standardization and metrology appropriate for the specific situation of the participating countries.

(77) Yeast and yeast derivative production from cheese-whey

<u>Number</u>: INT/06/K04 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$347,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2008 <u>Impact</u>: Research studies were conducted in Argentina, Costa Rica, Cuba and Mexico on alternative technologies and procedures for the utilization and disposal of cheese-whey aimed at reducing its environmental impact and producing food and food additives from yeast biomass to enhance the profitability of dairy industries.

(78) Support to the MERCOSUR regional integration process

<u>Number</u>: INT/06/K05 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$25,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$41,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2006 <u>Impact</u>: Experts, academicians and representatives of civil society participate in a regional forum that discussed proposals and recommendations to further the process of regional integration and analyzed the current situation and new challenges of MERCOSUR.

(79) Training programme for staff of national chambers of commerce of Middle Eastern countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/06/K06 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 27,400 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 33,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2006 <u>Impact</u>: A six-day training workshop held in the State of Qatar offered training to staff from 12 Middle Eastern countries members of the Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry on the general functions of national chambers, computerized trade information systems; organization of national international exhibitions; and participation in industrial trade fairs.

(80) International youth leadership training for promotion of South-South cooperation -2^{nd} Study session and training

<u>Number</u>: INT/06/K07 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$70,786 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2006 <u>Impact</u>: Sixty (60) youth leaders and members of youth organisations from 21 developing countries participated in a workshop and study session that produced a statement and an action plan aimed at engaging youth organizations from developing countries in promoting South-South cooperation.

(81) Harmonization of norms and procedures for agronomic evaluation of commercial varieties in Peru, Colombia and Bolivia

<u>Number</u>: INT/06/K09 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$40,000 Date of implementation: 2008 <u>Impact</u>: Methodology was developed and tested to harmonize the agronomic evaluation and registry of 13 commercial crops with a view to facilitating the introduction and liberalization of new crop varieties for the benefit of agriculture in the three countries.

(82) Training, consultation and awareness for small hydropower development in Mozambique, Uganda, Nigeria and Zimbabwe

<u>Number</u>: INT/06/K10 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$40,840 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2007-2008 <u>Impact</u>: Training workshops, seminars and field visits were successfully carried out to promote the development of small hydropower (SHP) sources for productive uses in selected countries in Africa through demonstration projects and pilot SHP stations.

(83) Strengthening of coordination and cooperation among countries for the prevention of HIV/AIDS in the Americas region

Number: INT/06/K11 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$78,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2008 <u>Impact</u>: Best practices and lessons learned in the area of prevention and control of HIV/AIDS, specifically mother-to-child transmission, were identified in the participating countries as well as a mechanism of exchange and technical cooperation among the participating countries.

(84) First International Seminar on biosphere resources located in semi-arid regions

Number: INT/07/K01 PGTF input: US\$ 35,000 Other inputs: US\$ 45,000 Date of implementation: 2006 Impact: Representatives of the biosphere reserves of arid and semi-arid regions located in Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Morocco, Mexico, Paraguay and Peru participated in an international seminar that identified and made recommendations to tackle common challenges in the management of biosphere reserves of arid and semi-arid regions.

(85) Training of experts on standardization and metrology of developing countries

Number: INT/07/K03 PGTF input: US\$ 30,000 Other inputs: US\$ 41,000 Date of implementation: 2013 Impact: Three workshops were carried out for the training of 72 standardization and metrology experts from Nepal, Laos and Cambodia. Participants were familiarized with improved methods for developing and adopting national measurement standards, through lectures and the exchange of experiences and information, as well as guidance for improving and disseminating these activities in their respective countries.

(86) Training of maize breeding experts for the effective use of maize genetic resources of developing countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/07/K04 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 34,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 42,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2013 <u>Impact</u>: Training workshops contributed to capacity building of maize breeders in beneficiary countries. Workshops focused on the development of inbred lines, germplasm development and improvement, evaluation of hybrid and seed production.

(87) Enhanced diagnostic capacity and control measures of some trans-boundary animal diseases with emphasis on pathology and epidemiology of Johne's disease and para-tuberculosis in Jordan, Egypt and Algeria

<u>Number</u>: INT/07/K05 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2007 Impact: About 25 scientists fro

<u>Impact</u>: About 25 scientists from the participating countries attended a three day-regional workshop aimed at enhancing the diagnostic capacities for diseases such as Johne's disease in ruminants and Avian Influenza in poultry. Participants learned practical skills and knowledge on diagnosing the Johne's disease using histopathological and immunohistochemical examinations.

(88) Building National Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) capacity of developing countries to effectively harness small hydropower

<u>Number</u>: INT/07/K06 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 50,360 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2008

<u>Impact</u>: Increased knowledge and understanding of the challenges and implementation of small hydro power projects and their Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) potential under the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change through consultation missions and training courses in the participating or beneficiary countries.

(89) International cooperation of computational intelligence study and research exchange in city information management

<u>Number</u>: INT/07/K07 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 30,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 50,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2009

<u>Impact</u>: Explored application aspects of computational intelligence in the field of city informatization and a platform for research output dissemination mechanisms to stimulate the development of a city informatization strategy in developing countries. A forum on the subject was organized with participants from Cameroon, China, Jordan, Morocco, Nepal, Yemen and several developed countries.

(90) Training and transfer of sea buckthorn technology to enhance the sustainable development of developing countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/07/K08 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 32,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 40,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2007

<u>Impact</u>: Participants of course in advanced sea buckthorn technologies received training on sea buckthorn cultivation and harvesting, processing, product development, quality and management, as well as marketing and commercialization of sea buckthorn through specialized training materials compiled for course.

(91) Appropriate construction technologies, basic environmental drainage and alternative energies: Amazonian experiences as a basis for implementing the "Red de Tecnologias Apropiadas de la Amazonia (RETAM)" Number: INT/07/K10 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 30,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 206,952 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2007-2009

Impact: Project activities contributed to the development of an Amazonian Network of Appropriate Technologies (RETAM) through the collection, promotion and dissemination of information on appropriate technologies in the Amazon relating to construction, basic environmental clean-up and alternative energies and their sustainable and optimal use; raising awareness and facilitating the exchange of experiences among communities and institutional stakeholders in Ecuador, Guyana, Peru and Suriname in the application of appropriate technologies for the exploitation of resources in an integral manner; and identifying directions for future research by a network of Amazonian universities towards the development and utilization of appropriate technologies.

(92) Training programme for devising national small and medium enterprises (SME) programmes for member countries of the Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC)

<u>Number</u>: INT/07/K11 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 39,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 59,500 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2007

<u>Impact</u>: 44 trainees from 12 countries members of the Organization of the Islamic Conference participated in a four-day workshop with a view to upgrading SME technical capacities and acquiring competitiveness, through the establishment of efficient distribution networks, speedy delivery systems and a deeper knowledge of technology supplies, competitors and their customers' needs.

(93) Sustainable rainwater harvesting and ground water recharge in developing countries - Human resource development and technology transfer

<u>Number</u>: INT/08/K02 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 42,309 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 46,300 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2008-2010 <u>Impact</u>: Trainers from 18 developing countries participated in a workshop and training course on rainwater harvesting and artificial groundwater recharge systems for implementation in a variety of localities aimed at achieving cost-effective sustainable water resources in the participating countries.

(94) Capacity building in plant genomics in Latin America

<u>Number</u>: INT/08/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 38,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 135,600 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2009 <u>Impact</u>: Transfer of the latest technology developed by the International Potato Genome-Sequencing Consortium was facilitated through a workshop in which networking and training activities on bioinformatics and wet-lab procedures were undertaken by junior scientists from Brazil, Chile and Peru aimed at enhancing the flow of information among the scientific communities of the participating countries and the capacity to elucidate the DNA sequence of the potato genome in Latin America.

(95) Harmonization of norms and procedures for value-added timber products in South America

<u>Number</u>: INT/08/K04 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 36,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 53,930 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2008-2009 <u>Impact</u>: Fostered exchange of information and identified challenges as well as opportunities for the harmonization of the procedures and methodologies of tests and quality control in value-added timber products in Argentina, Chile, Peru, and Uruguay through technical visits to quality centers of participating countries.

(96) Strengthening of capacities of private sector agencies and NGOs in selected African countries through regional networking and ECDC/TCDC supporting Women and Youth Entrepreneurship (WED/YED)

<u>Number</u>: INT/08/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 42,330 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 83,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2008

<u>Impact</u>: Technical seminars were organized in the United Republic of Tanzania and Malawi in support of a regional network alliance of Business Support Organizations (BSOs) that provided training, business information and networking opportunities in agri-businesses to participants from private sector institutions for women and youth empowerment in Eritrea, Kenya, Malawi, United Republic of Tanzania and Zimbabwe with the goal of identifying income generation and livelihood improvement opportunities.

(97) Increased sugar production through microbial inhibition of Leuconostoc sp. and other bacteria (Phase II)

<u>Number</u>: INT/08/K06 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 38,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 55,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2008-2010 <u>Impact</u>: Laboratory and field validation tests of effectiveness and safety of antimicrobial properties of a disinfectant and treatment agent developed for use in mill stations and sugar cane juice were conducted with a view to decreasing the effect of microorganisms on sugar losses and patenting of product for

(98) Interactive CD-ROMs on Climate Change for public education among Caribbean audiences

Number: INT/08/K07 PGTF input: US\$ 36,000 Other inputs: US\$ 42,000 Date of implementation: 2008-2011

industrial use in sugar mills.

<u>Impact</u>: An educational optical disk (DVD-ROM) was produced and distributed in schools, libraries, youth development centers and environmental bodies in the Caribbean region providing access to and dissemination of knowledge related to climate change through interactive virtual games, hands-on activities, lessons, videos and pictures with an emphasis on its causes, impacts and mitigation measures throughout the Caribbean region.

(99) International cooperation of higher education popularization and reformation study for developing countries

Number: INT/08/K08 PGTF input (US\$): 35,000 Other inputs (US\$): 55,000 Date of implementation: 2012-2013

Impact: Held a one-day conference where knowledge and ideas where exchanged among scholars and experts from China, India, Morocco, Russian Federation, Sudan and the United States of America in the area of higher education. In particular, it provided participants with more effective ways to popularize higher education, reform and innovation in developing countries. The conference was able to raise social awareness on the subject through media reports.

(100) Training of agriculture administrators, technicians and farmers on sustainable development in the mountainous upland areas of the Greater Mekong sub region

<u>Number</u>: INT/08/K09 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 42,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 66,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2011-2012

<u>Impact</u>: Participants from countries in the Greater Mekong Sub-region attended workshops, demonstrations and testing of agricultural methods, especially in rice production, to advance issues of food security, poverty alleviation and environmental sustainability that affect the area. The project facilitated cooperation in developing government strategies and training on agricultural development through the dissemination of various approaches, science and technologies throughout the region.

(101) Community based sustainable alternative livelihood development for lake protection

<u>Number</u>: INT/08/K10 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 38,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 40,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2011-2012

<u>Impact</u>: Training courses and seminars were conducted, with the participation of members from China, Germany, Indonesia and Sri Lanka, to enhance the institutional capacities of sustainable alternative livelihood development and lake protection through greater cooperation, experience-sharing and increased knowledge of methods. Proposals for a lake protection network in Asia were initiated, as well as two projects on alternative livelihood development.

(102) Fee-for-service pico hydro: model for providing power to remote, low-income households

<u>Number</u>: INT/08/K11 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 38,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 59,500 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2011-2012

<u>Impact</u>: Multi-faceted activities were carried out aimed at establishing a sustainable financing model to provide Pico hydro units in India and Sri Lanka to low-income household communities. The project included, through meetings of various field experts and community members, the selection and establishment of suitable sites, purchasing of equipment, and training of staff and the community in hydropower technologies for proper cooperation, implementation and future use.

(103) Training programme on micro finance sector development

<u>Number</u>: INT/09/K02 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 32,955 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 62,050 Date of implementation: 2009

<u>Impact</u>: 61 participants from member chambers of the Islamic Chamber of Commerce and Industry and stakeholder institutions took part in a four-day training programme in Khartoum, Sudan to share information, experiences, best practices, develop skills and identify challenges and opportunities in the microfinance sector in member countries of the Organization of the Islamic Conference in support of poverty reduction and capacity development, and agreed on recommendations for the further development of the microfinance sector.

(104) Support to the Mercosur Regional Integration Process

<u>Number</u>: INT/09/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 21,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 49,000 Date of implementation: 2009

<u>Impact</u>: A workshop on climate change, trade and cooperation in Latin America was organized in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil to analyze and discuss the central climate change challenges facing Latin America ahead of the climate change summit in Copenhagen, Denmark, in December 2009. The main issues discussed

included Latin America's trade agenda, international financing of regional adaptation and mitigation strategies for climate change and the challenges and opportunities for regional and international technological cooperation.

(105) South American inter-laboratories network for standardization and accreditation of value-added textile products made with fibers from South American camelids in Argentina, Bolivia and Peru

<u>Number</u>: INT/09/K04 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 48,480 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2010

<u>Impact</u>: An inter-laboratory network of textile products made of South American natural fibers from camelids was set up and a series of missions, round tables and related events among stakeholders were held to exchange information and experiences with a view to increasing the market competitiveness of the camelidae fiber and achieving international accreditation (ISO 17025) of network laboratories through improved and harmonized technical standards, procedures and quality certification.

(106) Implementation of the electronic vote observatory in Latin America

<u>Number</u>: INT/09/K05 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 34,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 34,575 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2010 Impact: Initiated work to design

<u>Impact</u>: Initiated work to design, organize and launch a Web-based electronic vote observatory service center on electronic voting systems and their implementation by countries in the region, with the aim of disseminating and sharing information on best practices, electoral experiences and electronic voting issues among relevant stakeholders.

(107) Exchange of experiences on assistance services for exporters and utilization of technological tools for supporting export-promotion organizations in the Andean region

<u>Number</u>: INT/09/K06 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 36,700 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2010 <u>Impact</u>: Representatives of trade promotion agencies from Bolivia, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru participated in a three-day workshop to share knowledge, expertise and experience in the use of the latest information technology and relational marketing tools for trade promotion, with a view to identifying best

(108) Training plan for popularizing the clean burning technology of environment protection boiler

practices and delivering more efficient customer services of higher quality.

Number: INT/09/K08 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 35,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 100,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2011-2012 <u>Impact</u>: 8-week training courses were imparted in Thailand and Indonesia in the proper use and popularization of new clean burning boiler systems in power plants that reduce pollution, are energy efficient and reduce costs.

(109) **Promotion dairy technical and economic cooperation between China and Africa through value-added** functional dairy products

Number: INT/09/K09 PGTF input: US\$ 35,000 Other inputs: US\$ 92,460

Date of implementation: 2011-2012

<u>Impact:</u> The promotion of the dairy industry in China and Africa was facilitated by understanding the situation the dairy industry faces in Kenya, Tanzania and South Africa through a study group of experts and government officials; the creation of a forum to enhance technical cooperation in dairy technology and equipment, with a compiled technical manual; and, training industry stakeholders on dairy technologies to understand and develop bioactive peptide products to improve the level of milk processing for value-added production.

(110) Regional Cooperation on Edible Mushroom Technology

<u>Number</u>: INT/09/K10 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 34,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 56,000 Date of implementation: 2011-2014

<u>Impact</u>: Organized two training courses in the Philippines and Viet Nam to improve trainees' cultivation methods and awareness of developments of the edible mushroom industry. The training courses covered theories, practical inspection and field guides. Through the collection of data on mushroom field species from China, the Philippines and Viet Nam, the project also established an open consultant network on edible mushrooms, covering scientific research, commercial production and trade.

(111) TCDC/ECDC facilitation e-center of bamboo

<u>Number</u>: INT/09/K11 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 37,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 62,000 Date of implementation: 2011-2012

<u>Impact</u>: Supported strengthening and dissemination of bamboo technology and development knowledge among stakeholders in China and developing countries through the production of five training e-books; the establishment of regional technology training E-Centers; and the formation of cooperation networks between institutions in bamboo-growing countries to enhance bamboo development.

(112) SIM EMWG Training and Development

<u>Number</u>: INT/09/K14 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 31,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 60,040 Date of implementation: 2009-2011

<u>Impact</u>: A series of tutorials and lectures on electrical metrology were imparted to fifteen representatives from national metrology institutes of the Americas aimed at promoting the development of electrical metrology activities within the region and increasing the recognition and reliability of calibration and measurement services that support international trade.

(113) Strengthening of infrastructure and synergy for animal health sectors

<u>Number</u>: INT/10/K01 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 55,000 (estimated) <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2011

<u>Impact</u>: Representatives from the public, private and education and research sector of Egypt, Jordan, Palestine and Yemen participated in a workshop in which awareness was raised and recommendations made on global trade issues and the recent financial and economic crisis as they impact animal and public health and farmers in the Middle East and North African region, stressing the need to promote effective and sustainable integration and coordination mechanisms among all sectors in animal health.

(114) Cooperation and coordination of institutions in Latin America and the Caribbean, Asia and Africa for disaster risk reduction

<u>Number</u>: INT/10/K02 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 33,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 47,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2010

<u>Impact</u>: Representatives from the 27 Member States of the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System (SELA) and sub-regional, regional and international organizations specializing in disaster risk reduction participated in a meeting where experiences and information on disaster prevention and assistance were shared and agreed on practical recommendations including, inter alia, strengthening the exchange of inter-regional experiences on disaster risk reduction and South-South cooperation actions on disaster risk reduction.

(115) Efficiency improving and energy saving scale-up of existing small hydropower (SHP) plants in rural areas

<u>Number</u>: INT/10/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 29,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 66,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2011-2013

<u>Impact</u>: Enacted a multi-faceted project that sought to educate participants in how to increase the efficiency of existing and future SHP (Small Hydro Power) installations. Through demonstrations, site surveys and analysis of potential policies, financing, and technologies, participants will be able to overcome existing barriers in SHP in their countries, while attaining social, environmental and economic benefits.

(116) Training in legal metrology in CARICOM

 Number:
 INT/10/K06

 PGTF input:
 US\$ 27,000

 Other inputs:
 US\$ 27,000

 Date of implementation:
 2011

 Impact:
 Supported the strengthening of legal metrology technical capacity within the CARICOM region and the development of a legal metrology database and capability profile of member states through two regional training workshops on the verification of domestic potable water meters and domestic electricity meters held respectively in Guayana and Jamaica and three specialized individual interventions tailored to specific national needs in Belize, Dominica and Saint Kitts and Nevis.

(117) Indicators system on information technologies and communications in the Andean Community (CAN)

<u>Number</u>: INT/10/K07 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 24,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 32,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2011-2012 <u>Impact</u>: Common ICT indicators were developed/harmonized for collecting data/statistics on ICT residential and business usage in Andean Community member countries and a web portal of the ICT observatory was launched for their update, promotion and dissemination.

(118) Exchange of experiences about opening of new markets for the value-added export supply of Colombia, Ecuador and Peru

<u>Number</u>: INT/10/K08 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 24,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 30,100 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2012-2013

<u>Impact</u>: Studied the development of the fruit and vegetable industry in the Chinese market. These studies generated documents regarding Chinese consumption needs, tendencies and exigencies, and created a network of economic agents operating in this market. Nine workshops were initiated to diffuse this

specialized information on the Chinese market to fruit and vegetable industry business representatives from Colombia, Peru and Ecuador for mutual benefit.

(119) International comparison on measurement of mass, length and pressure <u>Number</u>: INT/10/K09 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 24,940 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 27,740 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2014-2015 <u>Impact</u>: Compared results of measurements of mass, length and pressure performed by laboratories of participant countries, namely Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Mexico, Peru and Uruguay to promote understanding and improve the measurement capacities in the region.

(120) Development of Cleaner Production in the sugar and byproduct industries

Number: INT/10/K10 PGTF input: US\$ 22,000 Other inputs: US\$ 56,000 Date of implementation: 2010-2012 Impact: Identified and applied cleaner production processes in sugar and byproduct factories by optimizing the use of water, energy and raw materials to reduce costs and promote environment sustainability through the reduction of pollutants in sugar-producing countries. A five-day training course was also held to disseminate knowledge and best-practices.

(121) Fifth Forum for Businesswomen in Islamic Countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/10/K11 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 25,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 140,250 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2010 <u>Impact</u>: A forum was organized in Cairo, Egypt to highlight and identify the issues, challenges and opportunities for businesswomen from member countries of the Organization of the Islamic Conference, determining the areas requiring support, facilitating networking, exchanging experiences and know-how and identifying new markets with a view to expanding the existing level of economic ties among business communities of member countries through trade and investment.

(122) Acceleration of small hydropower (SHP) development and carbon financing in African and Asian countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/11/K02 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 36,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 49,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2011-2012 <u>Impact</u>: Provided Small Hydro Power (SHP) technical assistance to Zambia and Sierra Leone, and capacity building in Clean Development Mechanisms (CDM) for carbon financing to Vietnam and Thailand. Projects for SHP and hydro CDM were initiated, as well as training workshops and seminars for officials and the community on the promotion of SHP and hydro CDM in these respective countries with added strategies for future replication in the Asian and African continents.

(123) Cooperation, integration and convergence in the area of health in Latin America and the Caribbean

<u>Number</u>: INT/11/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 35,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 40,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2011 <u>Impact</u>: A meeting of international cooperation directors for Latin America and the Caribbean was organized to review regional policies and initiatives in the area of health and the role played by the regional and subregional integration mechanisms in strengthening such cooperation as well as systematize and disseminate information on successful cooperation cases within the region and at the inter-regional level, and identify and exchange information on opportunities for South-South cooperation in the area of health offered by the bilateral and multilateral development agencies and promote the exchange of cooperation opportunities in the area of health among participants in the meeting.

(124) **Production and application of bio-products in cultures of economic importance**

Number: INT/11/K04 PGTF input (US\$): 34,000 Other inputs (US\$): 90,000 Date of implementation: 2012- 2014

<u>Impact</u>: Research collaboration among institutions in Argentina, Brazil, Cuba and Mexico which used natural compounds and bio-products to discover ecologically and environmentally safer products for plant protection in agricultural production. Through its findings, this project seeks to reinforce the viability of small farmers by increasing incomes through the achievement of higher productivity, with the added benefit of enlarging organic productions and decrease or eliminate agro-chemicals for environmentally friendly agriculture.

(125) Sixth Forum for Businesswomen in Islamic Countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/11/K05 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 36,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 141,500 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2012

<u>Impact</u>: A two-day forum on the theme of "Development of Entrepreneurship among Women and Youth" took place to facilitate networking, learn best practices and exchange experiences for greater empowerment, the promotion of entrepreneurship, and the exploration of opportunities in various market areas for businesswomen from member countries of the Organization of the Islamic Conference. The forum agreed on a declaration containing number of recommendations to facilitate these activities for the empowerment of women and youth in Islamic countries.

(126) A proposal to enhance the capacity building/development on the effect of climate change in animal health issue with special reference to bluetongue disease in Egypt, Algeria, Palestine and Jordan

<u>Number</u>: INT/11/K07 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 36,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 45,000 Date of implementation: 2011-2012

<u>Impact</u>: A three-day consultation workshop where members of government, scientists, veterinarians, students and farmers of Algeria, Egypt, Jordan and Palestine enhanced their awareness of the effects of climate change on animal diseases, especially of Bluetongue disease, that affect livestock. Capacity to combat the disease was increased through adequate training in new diagnostic techniques, expertise-sharing, the exchange of climate status information and prevalence of the disease in the region, as well as through better knowledge of transmission processes and appropriate control measures.

(127) Strengthening and promotion of Latin American and the Caribbean cooperation in the area of agriculture and food security

<u>Number</u>: INT/12/K01 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 26,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 40,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2011-2012

<u>Impact</u>: A meeting attended by representatives from Latin America and Caribbean countries; as well as regional development organizations and banks; various UN programmes, funds and organizations; stressed the importance of improving food security in the region. Opportunities for cooperation were identified

aimed at promoting food security through the exchange of information and experiences, as well as by enhancing coordination, synergy and facilitating the systematization of cooperation for food security.

(128) Search of new markets for fruits and vegetables

<u>Number</u>: INT/12/K02 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 22,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 33,820 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2012-2013 <u>Impact</u>: The trade promotion agencies of Colombia, Ecuador and Peru collaborated in a joint undertaking to develop synergies and improving the competitiveness of their respective private companies through a market study and a field trip for market prospecting, sharing lessons learned with focus on the Australian market for fruits and vegetables.

(129) Quality control system for added-value products of South America

Number: INT/12/K03 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 21,994 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 37,405 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2012-2014 <u>Impact</u>: Analysis and study, in Chile and Peru, of best possible procedures and methodologies of control tests of timber materials suitable for replication in other participating countries, namely Argentina and Uruguay. A regional workshop was convened to exchange experiences, teachings, as well as present pilot project and the selected quality control tests of timber products.

(130) Programme for the development of mechanisms for exports of services in the free zones of Colombia, Brazil and Peru

<u>Number</u>: INT/12/K04 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 21,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 39,000 Date of implementation: 2012

<u>Impact</u>: Information and experiences were shared on the export of services from free zones in Brazil, Colombia and Peru with the participation of international experts aimed at strengthening the free zones through the development of strategies for attracting investments and a legal framework for exports of services that would improve existing regulations.

(131) A proposal to enhance the diagnostic capacities of rabies disease with special reference to its pathology and epidemiology on Egypt, Algeria, Palestine and Jordan <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K06

PGTF input: US\$ 23,000 Other inputs: US\$ 45,000 Date of implementation: 2013

<u>Impact</u>: Thirty-three scientists from universities, governments and private sectors of Algeria, Egypt, Jordan and the State of Palestine gathered in a three-day regional workshop to present and discuss various aspects of rabies diagnosis, surveillance and control. Using scientific presentations, laboratory and targeted discussion sessions, participants shared perspectives and gained valuable information on the control of this disease.

(132) *Technical extension and application of sustainable aquaculture in Namibia and Mozambique* <u>Number</u>: INT/12/K08

<u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 23,000 Other inputs: US\$ 67,500

Date of implementation: 2013-2014

<u>Impact</u>: Five aquaculture experts from the People's Republic of China carried out on-site technical extension, training and consultation in Mozambique and Namibia. The project included lectures, case studies, simple lab work, demonstrations, outdoor practices, a workshop on future cooperation and the

distribution of 7 reference books to facilitate training. Contributions were made to local aquaculture development by understanding the real needs of the participating countries, improved knowledge of local fish farmers and technicians on scientific fish farming, increased confidence of the managerial authorities to strengthen support on aquaculture, and enabled modes of future cooperation in fishery research, business and trading.

(133) Initiative on research and practice of green hydropower in China and selected countries in Latin

America

<u>Number</u>: INT/12/K09 <u>PGTF input</u>: US\$ 23,000 <u>Other inputs</u>: US\$ 87,900 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2014

<u>Impact</u>: Contributed to the replication of the Chinese practice on Green Hydropower Development in Latin American countries such as Brazil and Colombia, with the goal of maintaining energy security as well as sustainable development. Extensive survey, site reconnaissance, and analysis were performed. With this information, the Chinese model on Green Hydropower development was shared with selected Latin American countries through forums, seminars, on-site consulting missions and case study.

(134) Training programme for microfinance sector development for OIC countries

Number: INT/12/K18 PGTF input (US\$): 26,000 Other inputs (US\$): 28,700 Date of implementation: 2012

<u>Impact</u>: Organized Training Program on Microfinance Sector Development for OIC member states, which sought to bring awareness of the challenges of the microfinance sector and its affective role in alleviating poverty. Participants from 18 member states were given training on how to best use microfinance, shared experiences, and were given recommendations and guidelines for successful implementation of microfinance development.

(135) Training programme on entrepreneurship development of OIC countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/13/K01 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 33,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 33,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2013

<u>Impact</u>: Organized Training Program on Entrepreneurship Development for OIC member states with the purpose of creating a professional network, focused on learning and mutual opportunity. Participants shared knowledge and ideas, explored and learned successful business fundamentals with a view to developing strengths and demystifying entrepreneurship.

(136) A proposal to improve the diagnostics capacities of Brucellosis disease, enhance the vaccination and control strategies with special emphasis on farmers' awareness in Algeria, Egypt, Palestine and Jordan

<u>Number</u>: INT/13/K02 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 33,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 35,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2014

<u>Impact</u>: 44 scientists from universities and governments of Afghanistan, Algeria, Egypt, Jordan and the State of Palestine discussed various aspects of brucellosis control in the region. Through scientific presentations, laboratory and targeted discussion sessions, they gained valuable information, which aided in the compilation of a list of specific changes or approaches in their brucellosis control programs, as well as the development of a consensus plan on the greatest needs for the region.

(137) OIC-LDC Youth entrepreneurship development – Education seminar and training YED

<u>Number</u>: INT/13/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 34,400 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 106,840 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2014

<u>Impact</u>: A 3-day training programme attended by over 40 participants comprising young entrepreneurs from Asia and Africa and youth entrepreneurship associations of least developed countries received entrepreneurship training through lectures on business development projects, research and workshops on entrepreneur activities, education and sustainable financing in various sectors aimed at creating opportunities for youth employment.

(138) Strengthening development and integration of the border areas in Latin America and the Caribbean as a cornerstone for the economic and social dimensions of integration

<u>Number</u>: INT/13/K04 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 33,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 42,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2013 <u>Impact</u>: Held a meeting that discussed the policies and initiatives being advanced by Latin American and Caribbean countries in the field of border integration. The regional meeting led to the collection and sharing of information and best practices on border integration, and reviewed adequate mechanisms to increase cooperation in this area with conclusions and recommendations.

(139) Strengthening of the South American network for the textile and commercial standardization of fine natural hair of South American camelids (Alpaca) in Argentina, Bolivia and Peru

<u>Number</u>: INT/13/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 30,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 30,000 Date of implementation: 2014-2015

Impact: Promoted the adoption of international standards for fine natural hair of South American camelids at the International Wool Textile Organization (IWTO) and facilitated the sharing of laboratory good practices as well as transfer of knowledge among stakeholders from the participating countries as well as lessons learned.

(140) Demonstration programme of refurbished rural multi-purposed small hydropower project in Asia and Latin America

<u>Number</u>: INT/13/K09 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 33,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 90,000 Date of implementation: 2013-2014

<u>Impact</u>: Reconnaissance, site selection, feasibility studies and design reports for the upgrade of old or abandoned hydro facilities to demonstrate and promote their use for projects with functions of power generation, water supply and agricultural irrigation in rural areas in developing countries particularly in Asia and South America. Two regional seminars were convened in Uruguay and Turkey for publicizing and promoting the project, demonstrating projects in target countries, providing technical support as well as equipment back-ups. In the long run, the project seeks to develop ongoing strategies for replication in developing countries worldwide.

(141) Integrated solution to drinking water safety issues in rural areas

<u>Number</u>: INT/13/K10 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 32,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 32,000 Date of implementation: 2014-2015 <u>Impact</u>: Conducted research and investigations on the technologies of wastewater treatment, including a training course and seminar through which Chinese experts shared knowledge and experiences with managers and technicians from India and Sri Lanka on techniques and self-management about drinking water safety and wastewater treatment and in developing proposals to local governments or international donors.

(142) Technical training on small hydropower among ASEAN countries

<u>Number</u>: INT/13/K11 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 33,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 37,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2014-2015

<u>Impact</u>: 15 participants from 8 ASEAN countries (Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Thailand and Viet Nam) and China attended a training workshop held in Indonesia to share knowledge on small hydropower (SHP) as a renewable energy and its application in the electrification of rural areas in the participating countries with a view to improving SHP design, construction, operational and management capability of the SHP technical and managerial personnel in ASEAN member countries.

(143) Enhancing the Preparedness and Awareness of the Concerned Governmental Authorities and Farmers on the Spread and Control of Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) in Egypt, Algeria, Palestine and Jordan

<u>Number</u>: INT/14/K01 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 35,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 35,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2016

<u>Impact</u>: 24 four scientists from universities and governments in 6 countries gathered in Irbid, Jordan to present and discuss various aspects of Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) Epidemiology, Pathology and its control in the region. Through scientific presentations, different videos, and targeted discussion sessions, they gained valuable information on the prevention and control of this important animal health problem.

(144) Workshop on Capacity Building on Value Chain Analysis for Agribusiness

<u>Number</u>: INT/14/K03 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 35,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 35,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2014

<u>Impact</u>: Organized workshop on capacity building on value chain analysis for agribusiness attended by participants from 16 countries, representing all regions of the OIC, as well other institutions. The purpose of the workshop was to discuss best practices among farmers, including the value chain concept, creating off-farm employment, helping stabilize local markets, improving hygienic standards and facilitating market access.

(145) Cooperation for the productive use of migrants' remittances in Latin America and the Caribbean

<u>Number</u>: INT/14/K04 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 35,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 40,000 Date of implementation: 2014

<u>Impact</u>: Representatives from the Member States of the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System (SELA) and subregional, regional and international organizations participated in a regional meeting where experiences and information on migrant's remittances were shared. The meeting sought to analyze data on migration dynamics, as well as remittances and its effect on income, with the aim of presenting cooperation initiatives in this area, along with best practices to strengthen the field of remittances and development.

(146) Development of a mechanism for joint ventures and partnership among women-led enterprises through South-South Cooperation <u>Number</u>: INT/15/K06 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 35,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 35,000

Date of implementation: 2015

<u>Impact</u>: 44 participants from 11 member countries (Bangladesh, Benin, Egypt, Iran, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mauritania, Pakistan, Sudan, Tajikistan and Uganda) members of the Islamic Chamber of Commerce, Industry & Agriculture (ICCIA) attended a workshop on "Development of a Mechanism for Joint Ventures and partnerships among Women-led Enterprises through South-South Cooperation" in Uganda to encourage business partnerships for enhancing access to markets and promoting entrepreneurship and job creation, particularly for women in the business sector of member countries.

(147) Port cooperation in Latin America and the Caribbean, Digital Ports: Situation and prospects

Number: INT/15/K05 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 35,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 40,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2015

<u>Impact</u>: Representatives from the Member States of the Latin American and Caribbean Economic System (SELA) and subregional, regional and international organizations participated in a regional meeting that an undertook an assessment of port cooperation in the region particularly in the area of digital ports. Opportunities for cooperation among countries in the region were identified, including in Asia and Europe, aimed at sharing experiences and identifying best practices in the field of ports and the application of information and communication technologies to port processes.

(148) *Relevance of competition and regulatory reforms in the Post-2015 Development Agenda in developing countries*

<u>Number</u>: INT/16/K12 <u>PGTF input (US\$)</u>: 30,000 <u>Other inputs (US\$)</u>: 47,000 <u>Date of implementation</u>: 2015

<u>Impact</u>: Participants comprising developing country practitioners and various development partners attended the 4th Biennial Competition, Regulation and Development Conference held in Kenya who made presentations and exchanged views to raise awareness about the benefits of effective competition and regulatory reform in the developing world, especially in the context of the post-2015 Development Agenda.

2016 PGTF RESOURCES OVERVIEW

Perez-Guerrero Trust Fund

as of 5 July 2016		
IS\$	Assets:	
8,080,867	A- Official Opening Balance as of 01 January 2016	
180,363	B- Estimated interest income for 2016	
37,256	C- Total of contributions received (year to date)	
238,448	D- Disbursements (year to date)	
8,060,038	E- Adjusted Total Assets (A+B+C)-D	
	C- Total of contributions received (year to date) D- Disbursements (year to date)	

Liabilities: US\$	and the second second
F- Capital	7,000,000
G- New and On-going projects (updated reserve for commitments to projects approved before July 2016 for which programmatic	626,859
H- Closing projects (updated reserve for commitments to approved projects that have completed programmatic activities, or were	(0
I- Total Liabilities (F+G+H)	7,626,859

J- Balance of resources for allocation to 2016 programme (E-I)	433,179
balance er researces fer anotacient to rest programme (r i)	

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2040

Contributions received in 20	015	Contributions received in 20	16
Afghanistan	1,000	Argentina*	5,000
Algeria	10,000	Bosnia & Herzegovina	500
Argentina	5,000	Chile*	5,000
Chile	5,000	South Africa*	6,756
China	20,000	United Arab Emirates	20,000
Indonesia	10,000		
Oman	1,000,000		
Peru	16,667		
South Africa	5,476		
Senegal	9,628		
Sri Lanka	5,000		
Trinidad & Tobago	2,000		
United Arab Emirates	20,000		
Viet Nam	1,000		
G77 (pooled through)	227,065		
Balance of refund to IFAD	238		
Total:	1,338,074	Total:	37,256

A- As in statement of accounts signed by UNDP CFO

B- Projection provided by UNDP treasurer

C- As detailed in the Contributions table above

D- As detailed in the Interim Financial Status Overview

G- As detailed in the Interim Financial Status Overview

H- As detailed in the Interim Financial Status Overview

* Contribution received but in the process of being applied to the PGTF



Resilient nations.

1,338,074 186,941

PEREZ-GUERRERO TRUST FUND FOR SOUTH-SOUTH COOPERATION (PGTF) Fund ID: 59020

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015 (in United States dollars)

Opening net assets as at 1 January 2015

Add	Contributions	
	Interest ravenue	

Total revenues

Less Expenses

Atlas Project Number	PGTF Ref:	Project Title	Implementing Agent	Business Uni	USD
00015783	INT/12/K05	Consortium on Science, Technology and Innovation for the South (COSTIS)	UN Office for Project Services	UNDP1	392
00037191	INT/00/K08	Support to the Committee of Experts of PGTF, Phase III	G-77	UNDPI	18,540
00061967	INT/08/K02	Sustainable rainwater harvesting and ground water recharge in developing countries - human resourse development and technology transfer	IND-Non-Governmental Organisat	INDIO	1,498
00076125	INT/10/K01	Strengthening of infrastructure and synergy for animal health sectors	JOR-National Execution	JOR10	(982)
00079333	NT/11/K04	Production and application of Bio-products in Cultures of Economic Importance	ICIDCA-CUBA	CUB10	8,097
00079395	INT/09/K10	Regional Cooperation on Edible Mushroom Technology	CPR-China International	CHN10	3,399
00085542	INT/12/K06	A proposal to enhance the diagnostic capacities of rabies disease with special reference to its pathology and epidemiology on Egypt, Algeria, Palestine and Jordan	IOR-National Execution	JOR10	2,604
00085922	INT/14/K03	Workshop on Capacity Building on Value Chain Analysis for	UNDP	PAK10	65,739
00086418	INT/13/K02	A proposal to improve the diagnostics capacities of Brucellosis disease, enhance the vaccination and control strategies with special emphasis on farmers' awareness in Algeria, Egypt, Palestine and Jordan	IDR-National Execution	JORIQ	3,399
00087589	INT/13/K05	Strengthening of the South American Network for the Texhie and Commercial Standardization of Fine Natural Hair of South American Camelids (Alpaca in Argentina, Bolivia and Peru	PER-Ministerio de Agricultura	PER10	9,078
00087590	INT/10/KOB	International Comparison on Measurement of Mass, Length and Pressure	PER - INDECOPI	PERIO	1,915
00087648	INT-13-K10	integrated solution to drinking water safety issues in rural areas	CPR-China International Centre	CHNID	3,200
00087691	INT-12-K09	initiative on research and practise of green hydropower in China and selected countries in Latin America	CPR-China International Centre	CHN10	2,300
00087692	INT-13-K09	Demonstration programme of reburbished rural multi-purposed small hydropower project in Asia and Latin America	CPR-China International Centre	CHN10	3,300
00087885	INT-12-K08	Technical extension and application of sustainable aquaculture in Namibia and Mozambique	CPR-China International Centre	CHN10	2,300
3089800	INT/14/KD4	Cooperation for the Productive Use of Migrant Remittances in Latin America and the Caribbean	SELA	VEN10	315
00090245	INT/13/K11	Tochnical Training on Small Hydropower among ASEAN Countries	CPR-China International Centre	CHN10	3,300
00091816	INT/14/610	Protein Enrichment of Lignocellulose Residues from Animal Feed from Sugar Industry Effluents	ICIDCA-CUBA	CUB10	8,978
00091818	INT/13/K08	Decontamination of distillery slops by microbial protein propagation	ICIDCA-CUBA	CU810	6,854
00091819	INT/12/K15	Scientific technical observatory on vaccines (VaCyT)	Instituto Finlay - CUBA	CUBIQ	11,760
00091820	INT/12/K16	Bio-ethanol Production from Alternative Substrates (8EPAS)	ICIDCA-CUBA	CUBIO	9,660
00091983	INT/14/K01	Enhancing the preparedness and awareness of the concerned. Governmental Authorities and Farmers on the spread and control of foot and mouth disease in Egypt, Algeria, Palestine and Jordan	JOR-National Execution	JORIO	31,234

7,057,318

1,525,015

Atlas Project Number	PGTF Ref:	Project Title	Implementing Agent	Business Uni	USD
00092627	INT/14/K02	Improving parliamentarian capacity on environmental legislations with emphasis on genetically moditified organism in Algeria, Palestine and Jordan	JOR-National Execution	JOR10	31,234
00094060	INT/15/K05	Port cooperation in Latin America and the Caribbean, Digital Ports: Situation and Prospects	SELA	VEN10	33,556
00094524	INT/14/K05	Gasification of residual biomass from sugarcane crops for power generation	ARG-Gobierno	ARG10	32,121
00095075	INT/14/K09	Promotion of indigenous pig and chicken breeds in Fiji, Niue and Cook Islands through marketing and consumption	UNDP	FJI10	31,500
00095136	INT/12/K11	IT devise assembling capability building and technology transfer to the developing countries	CPR-China International Centre	CHN10	21,600
00095410	INT/15/K08	Natural resources management in Latin America: Lessons learned and opportunities for South-South cooperation with Africa	URY-Mercosur Economis Reseach	URY10	28,890
00096322	INT/15/K01	Promoting bamboo industrialization through value chain study in China, Nepal and Viet Nam	CPR-China International Centre	CHN10	31,500
00096323	INT/15/K02	Improvement of Recirculating Aquaculture System (RAS) performance in Viet Nam and Sri Lanka	CPR-China International Centre	CHN10	31,500
00096324	INT/15/K03	Demonstration and promotion of high-yield and high-quality cultivation and deep processing technology of ganoderma lucidum in developing countries	CPR-China International Centre	CHN10	31,500
00096458	INT/14/K07	Technical cooperation for the development of therapeutic strategies to control Helminthes infections of global importance	ARG-Gobierno	ARG10	31,185

Total expenses

Closing net assets as at 31 December 2015

(501,466)

8,080,867

I hereby certify that, in all material respects, the revenues and expenses incurred from 1 January 2015 to 31 December 2015 are in accordance with UNDP's financial records.

Darshak Shah

Deputy Assistant Administrator, Deputy Director and Chief Finance Officer Bureau of Management